

Experiment - 8

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ENCLAB

Experiment - 08

Page No.	
Date	

Title - Implement a file transfer protocol for two operations, send and receive over IP and port 21

Objective - Study for implement a file transfer protocol for two operations send and receive over IP and port 21

Theory -

The file transfer protocol (FTP) is a standard communication protocol used for the transfer of computer files from a server to a client on a computer network. FTP is built on a client-server model architecture, using separate control and data connections between the client and server.

FTP uses many authentication schemes with a clear-text sign in protocol, normally in the form of a username and password, but can connect anonymously if the server is configured to allow it.

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For secure transition that protects the username and password and encrypts the content, FTP is often secured with SSL/TLS (FTPS) or replaced with SFTP File Transfer Protocol (SFTP).

The first FTP client application was command-line programs developed before operating system had graphical user interfaces, and are still shipped with most windows, Unix and Linux operating systems.

Algorithm:

- ① Execute the server side and wait for the connection request from client
- ② Accept the connection request from client
- ③ open the given file in read mode
- ④ Get the file name from client
- ⑤ Find the file contents to the client.

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⑥ At the client side, create a new file & open it in write mode

⑦ write the received data into it.

Conclusion -

In this experiment we can learn that implement a file transfer protocol for two operations, send and receive over IP and port 21

Program -

Client:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

```
#define SIZE 1024
```

```
void send_file_data(FILE* fp, int sockfd, struct  
sockaddr_in addr)
```

```
{
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    char buffer[SIZE];
```

```
    // Sending the data
```

```
    while (fgets(buffer, SIZE, fp) != NULL)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("[SENDING] Data: %s", buffer);
```

```
n = sendto(sockfd, buffer, SIZE, 0, (struct  
sockaddr*)&addr, sizeof(addr));
```

```
if (n == -1)
```

```
{
```

```
    perror("[ERROR] sending data to the server.");
```

```
    exit(1);
```

```
}
```

```
bzero(buffer, SIZE);
```

```
}
```

```
// Sending the 'END'
```

```
strcpy(buffer, "END");
```

```
sendto(sockfd, buffer, SIZE, 0, (struct  
sockaddr*)&addr, sizeof(addr));
```

```
fclose(fp);  
  
}
```

```
int main(void)  
{
```

```
    // Defining the IP and Port
```

```
    char *ip = "127.0.0.1";
```

```
    const int port = 21;
```

```
    // Defining variables
```

```
    int server_sockfd;
```

```
    struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
```

```
    char *filename = "client.txt";
```

```
    FILE *fp = fopen(filename, "r");
```

```
    // Creating a UDP socket
```

```
server_sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
```

```
if (server_sockfd < 0)
```

```
{
```

```
    perror("[ERROR] socket error");
```

```
    exit(1);
```

```
}
```

```
server_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
```

```
server_addr.sin_port = port;
```

```
server_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(ip);
```

```
// Reading the text file
```

```
if (fp == NULL)
```

```
{
```

```
    perror("[ERROR] reading the file");
```

```
    exit(1);
```

```
}
```

```
// Sending the file data to the server

send_file_data(fp, server_sockfd, server_addr);


printf("[SUCCESS] Data transfer complete.\n");

printf("[CLOSING] Disconnecting from the server.\n");


close(server_sockfd);


return 0;

}
```

Server:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <unistd.h>
```



```
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

```
#define SIZE 1024
```

```
void write_file(int sockfd, struct sockaddr_in addr)
```

```
{
```

```
    char* filename = "server.txt";
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    char buffer[SIZE];
```

```
    socklen_t addr_size;
```

```
    // Creating a file.
```

```
    FILE* fp = fopen(filename, "w");
```

```
    // Receiving the data and writing it into the file.
```

```
    while (1)
```

```
{

    addr_size = sizeof(addr);

    n = recvfrom(sockfd, buffer, SIZE, 0, (struct
sockaddr*)&addr, &addr_size);


    if (strcmp(buffer, "END") == 0)
    {

        break;

    }


    printf("[RECEIVING] Data: %s", buffer);

    fprintf(fp, "%s", buffer);

    bzero(buffer, SIZE);

}


fclose(fp);

}
```

```
int main()

{

    // Defining the IP and Port

    char* ip = "127.0.0.1";

    const int port = 21;


    // Defining variables

    int server_sockfd;

    struct sockaddr_in server_addr, client_addr;

    char buffer[SIZE];

    int e;


    // Creating a UDP socket

    server_sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

    if (server_sockfd < 0)
```

```
{  
  
    perror("[ERROR] socket error");  
  
    exit(1);  
  
}  
  
server_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;  
  
server_addr.sin_port = port;  
  
server_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(ip);  
  
  
e = bind(server_sockfd, (struct  
sockaddr*)&server_addr, sizeof(server_addr));  
  
if (e < 0)  
{  
  
    perror("[ERROR] bind error");  
  
    exit(1);  
  
}  
  
  
printf("[STARTING] UDP File Server started. \n");
```

```
write_file(server_sockfd, client_addr);
```

```
printf("[SUCCESS] Data transfer complete.\n");
```

```
printf("[CLOSING] Closing the server.\n");
```

```
close(server_sockfd);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```