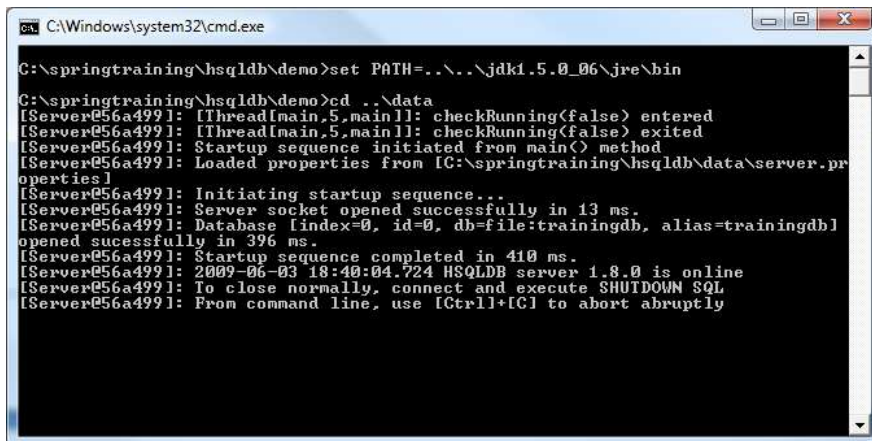


## Lab 4

### Part 1

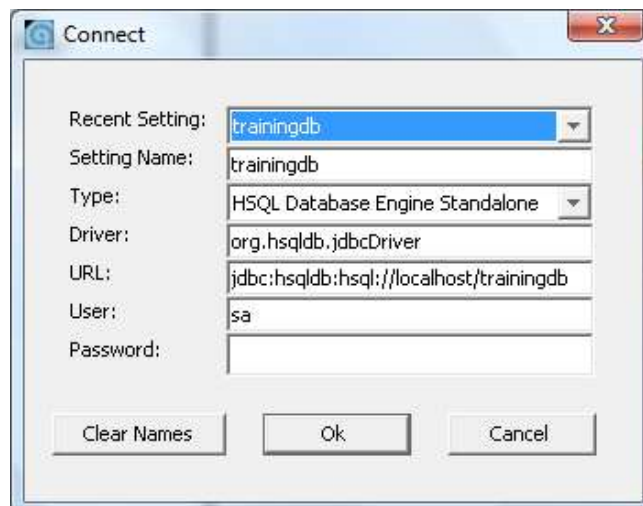
For this exercise, we will be using the HyperSQL database (HSQLDB)..

You can start the training database by double-clicking on **C:\SoftwareArchitecture\hsqldb\bin\runServerTrainingdb.bat**. This should open the following window to indicate that the database is running.



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\springtraining\hsqldb\demo>set PATH=..\..\jdk1.5.0_06\jre\bin
C:\springtraining\hsqldb\demo>cd ..\data
[Server@56a499]: [Thread[main,5,main]]: checkRunning(false) entered
[Server@56a499]: [Thread[main,5,main]]: checkRunning(false) exited
[Server@56a499]: Startup sequence initiated from main() method
[Server@56a499]: Loaded properties from [C:\springtraining\hsqldb\data\server.pr
operties]
[Server@56a499]: Initiating startup sequence...
[Server@56a499]: Server socket opened successfully in 13 ms.
[Server@56a499]: Database [index=0, id=0, db=file:trainingdb, alias=trainingdb]
opened successfully in 396 ms.
[Server@56a499]: Startup sequence completed in 410 ms.
[Server@56a499]: 2009-06-03 18:40:04.724 HSQLDB server 1.8.0 is online
[Server@56a499]: To close normally, connect and execute SHUTDOWN SQL
[Server@56a499]: From command line, use [Ctrl]+[C] to abort abruptly
```

Then, start the database manager by double-clicking on **runManagerSwing.bat** in the same directory.



The 'Connect' dialog box shows the following configuration:

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Recent Setting: | trainingdb                                |
| Setting Name:   | trainingdb                                |
| Type:           | HSQL Database Engine Standalone           |
| Driver:         | org.hsqldb.jdbcDriver                     |
| URL:            | jdbc:hsqldb:hsqldb://localhost/trainingdb |
| User:           | sa  |
| Password:       |   |

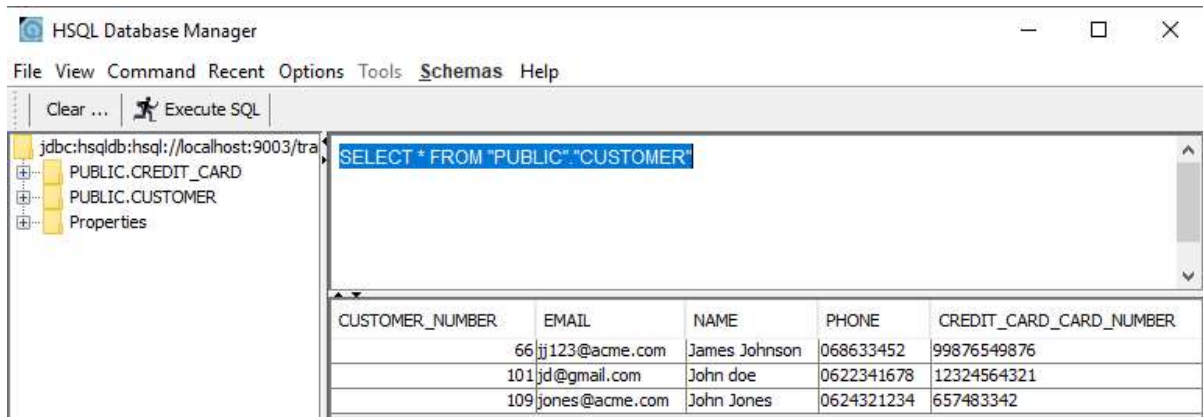
Buttons: Clear Names, Ok, Cancel

When the manager asks for connection settings, and if this is the first time you start the database manager, then fill in the following information:

Setting Name: **trainingdb**  
Type: **HSQL Database Engine Standalone**  
Driver: **org.hsqldb.jdbcDriver**  
URL: **jdbc:hsqldb:hsqldb://localhost:9003/trainingdb**  
User: **SA**  
Password:

And click the **OK** button.

Run the given **Lesson4SpringJPADemo** application and see that the application saves some customers with creditcards in the database.



The screenshot shows the HSQL Database Manager interface. The left pane displays a tree view with the following structure:

- jdbc:hsqldb:hsq://localhost:9003/tra
  - PUBLIC.CREDIT\_CARD
  - PUBLIC.CUSTOMER
  - Properties

The main pane shows the SQL query: `SELECT * FROM "PUBLIC"."CUSTOMER"`. Below the query, the results are displayed in a table:

| CUSTOMER_NUMBER | EMAIL          | NAME          | PHONE      | CREDIT_CARD_CARD_NUMBER |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------------------|
| 66              | jj123@acme.com | James Johnson | 068633452  | 99876549876             |
| 101             | jd@gmail.com   | John doe      | 0622341678 | 12324564321             |
| 109             | jones@acme.com | John Jones    | 0624321234 | 657483342               |

Modify the given **Lesson4SpringJPADemo** application so that the application stores students in the database

A Student contains the attributes name, phoneNumber and email.

A student has also an address.

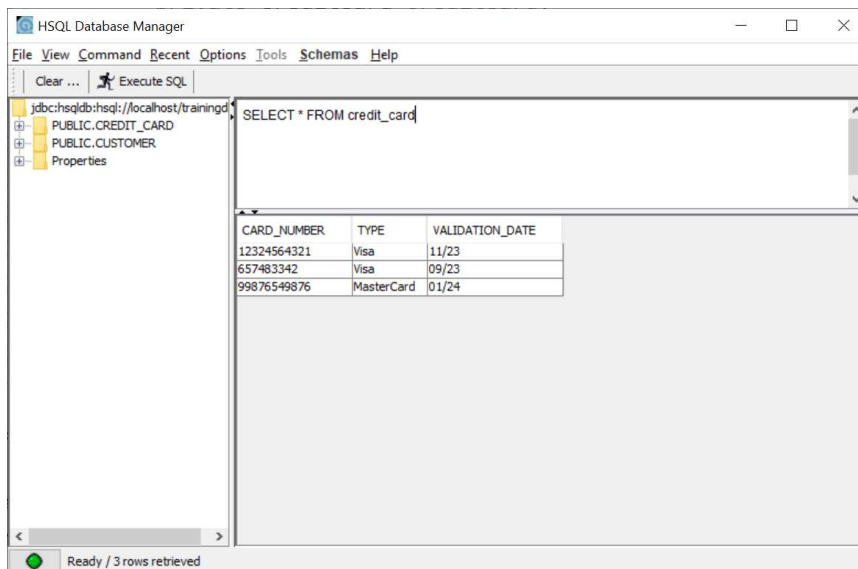
Create a class Address with the attributes street, city and zip.

In the application add 5 students in the database.

Then perform the following queries:

- Get all students
- Get all students with a certain name
- Get a student with a certain phoneNumber
- Get all students from a certain city

Check the data in the database with the HSQLDatabase manager



The screenshot shows the HSQL Database Manager interface. The left pane displays a tree view with the following structure:

- jdbc:hsqldb:hsq://localhost/trainingd
  - PUBLIC.CREDIT\_CARD
  - PUBLIC.CUSTOMER
  - Properties

The main pane shows the SQL query: `SELECT * FROM credit_card`. Below the query, the results are displayed in a table:

| CARD_NUMBER | TYPE       | VALIDATION_DATE |
|-------------|------------|-----------------|
| 12324564321 | Visa       | 11/23           |
| 657483342   | Visa       | 09/23           |
| 99876549876 | MasterCard | 01/24           |

At the bottom of the window, a status bar indicates: Ready / 3 rows retrieved

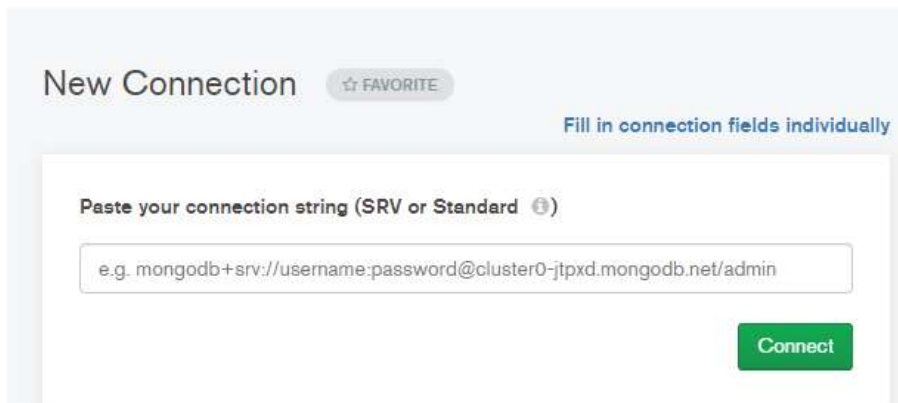
## Part 2

First we have to start the mongo database by running

**C:\SoftwareArchiterture\mongodb\bin\startmongo.bat**

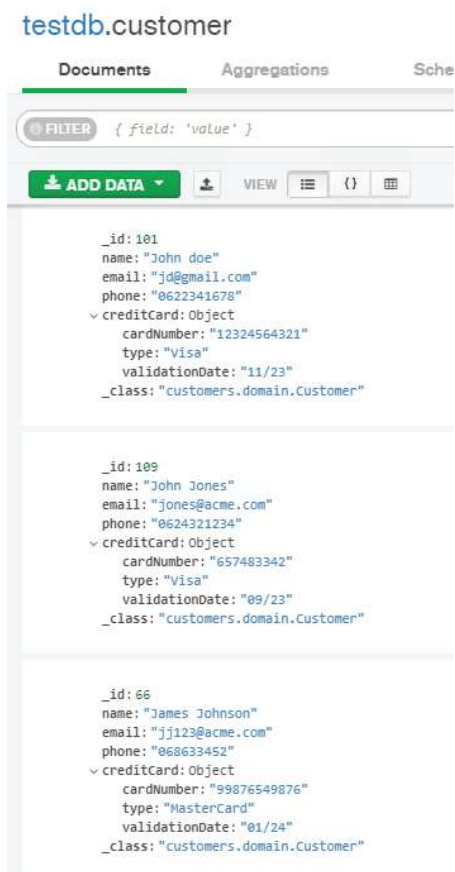
Then start **MongoCompass** by double clicking the file

**C:\SoftwareArchiterture \mongocompass\MongoDBCompass.exe**



Click the **Connect** button.

Run the given **Lesson4SpringMongoDemo** application and see that the application saves some customers with creditcards in the database.



Modify the given **Lesson4SpringMongoDemo** application so that the application stores students in the database

A Student contains the attributes name, phoneNumber and email.

A student has also an address.

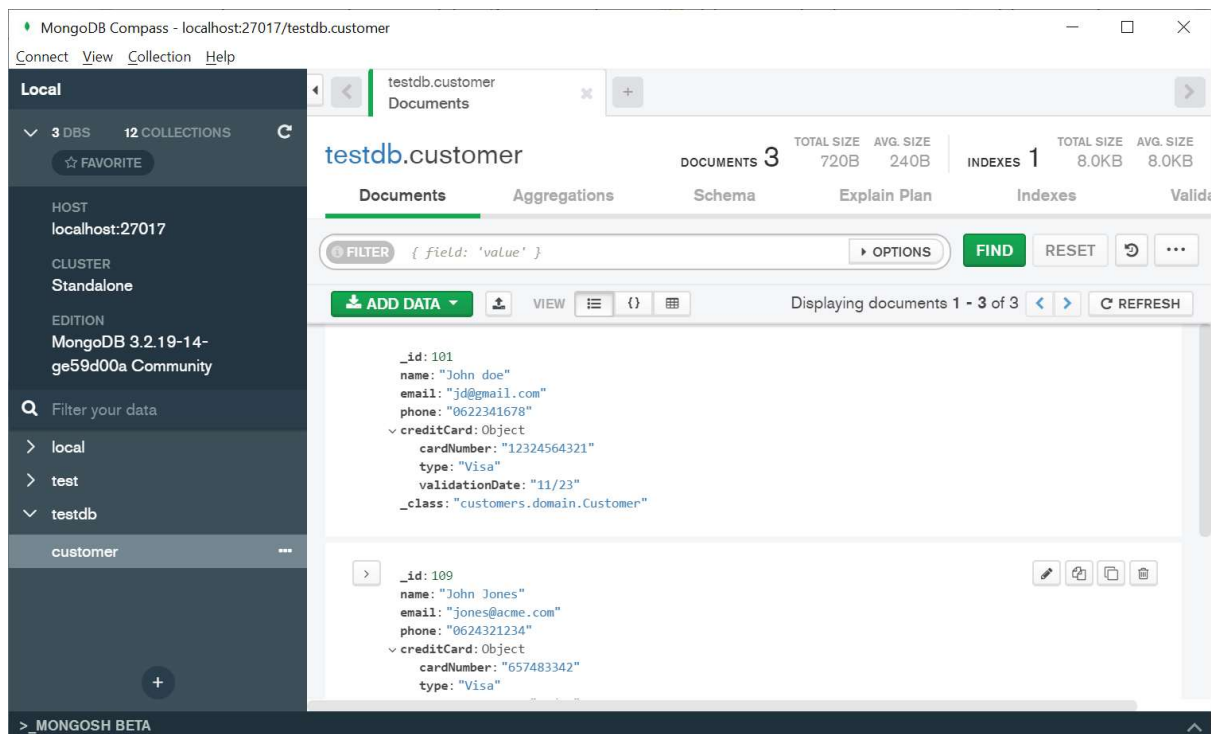
Create a class Address with the attributes street, city and zip.

In the application add 5 students in the database.

Then perform the following queries:

- Get all students
- Get all students with a certain name
- Get a student with a certain phoneNumber
- Get all students from a certain city

Check the data in the collection using Mongo compass.

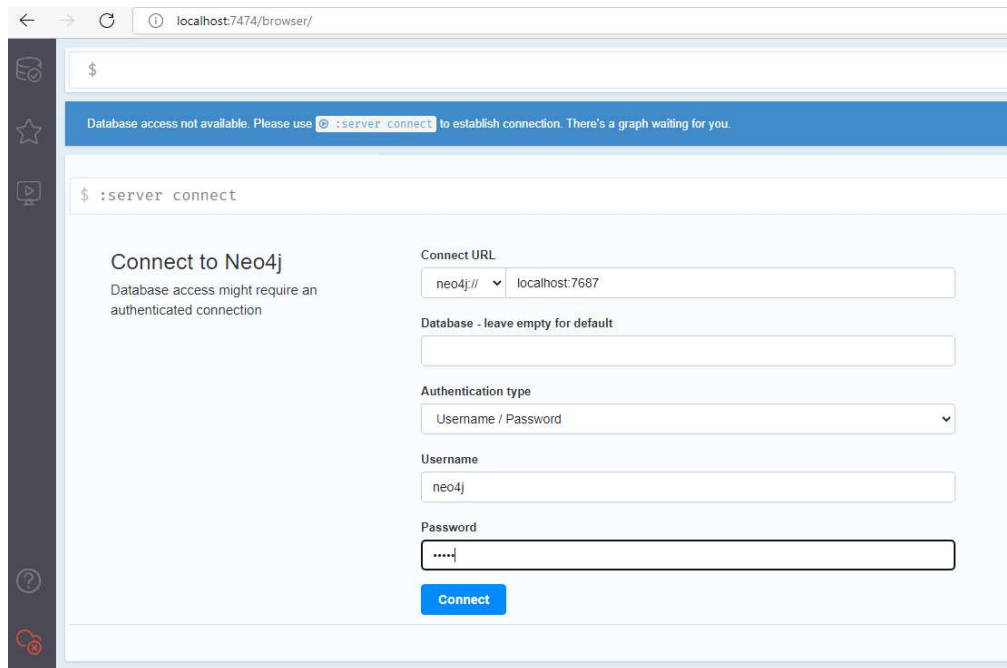


### Part 3

Then start the neo4j database by double clicking the file  
**C:\SoftwareArchitecture\neo4j\bin\startNeo4j.bat.**

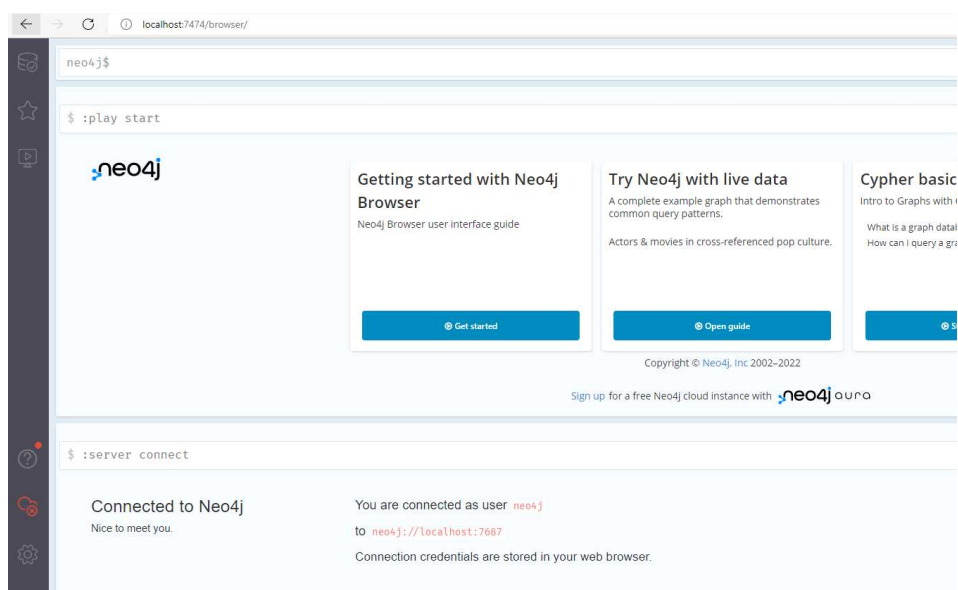
Then run the given project **Lesson4SpringNeo4j.**

Then open the browser at **localhost:7474/browser**

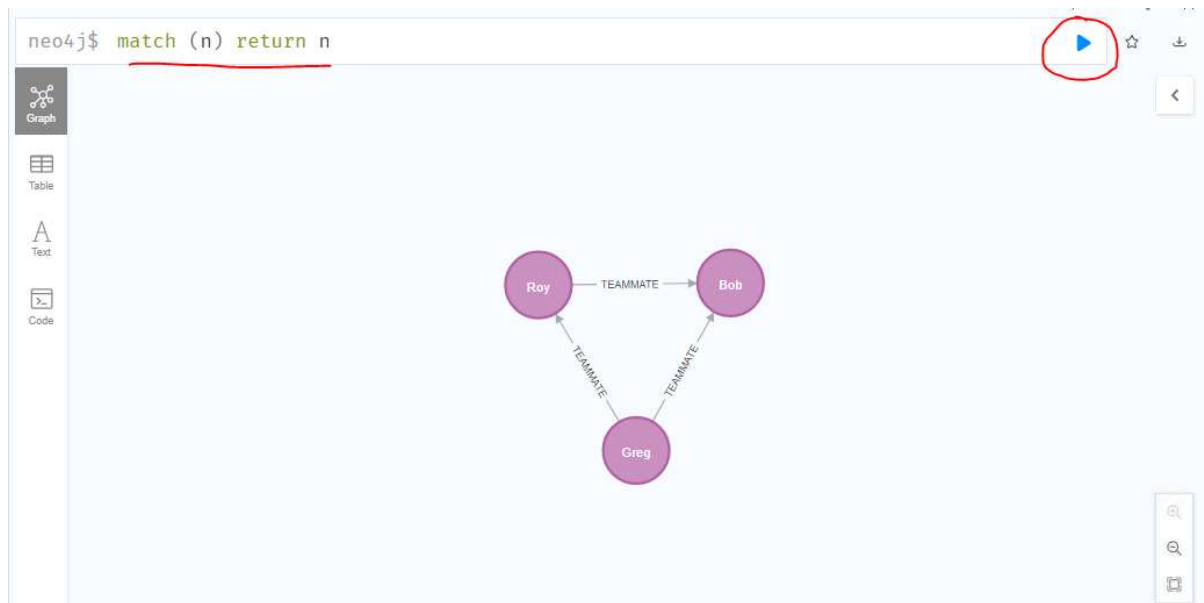


Enter username **neo4j** and password **neo4j** and click **connect**.

It will then ask you to change the password. Change it **admin**



In the query edit box, enter the query **match (n) return n** and click the **run** icon



You see now the created graph of persons

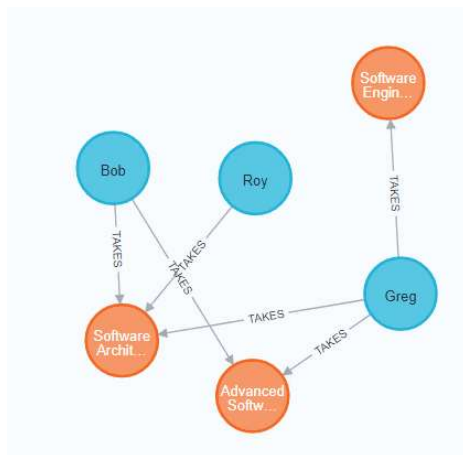
Modify the given **Lesson4SpringNeo4j** application so that the application stores students in the database including the courses they take.

A Student contains the attribute name.

A Course has the attributes courseNumber and name.

Then store some students with some courses in the database.

Check the data in the neo4j database



Now add the following method in the StudentRepository:

```
@Query("MATCH (s:Student) -[rel:TAKES] -> (c:Course {courseNumber: $coursenumber}) RETURN s")  
List<Student> findByCourseNumber(String coursenumber);
```

Call the method and check if it works

#### **Part 4**

Suppose you need to store the following order in the database:

Ordernumber:122435

Orderdate 11/09/2021

Customer name: Frank Brown

Customer email: [fbrown@gmail.com](mailto:fbrown@gmail.com)

Customer phone: 0623156543

Total price : 5160.00

| quantity | Product number | Product name       | price  |
|----------|----------------|--------------------|--------|
| 2        | A546           | IPhone 12          | 980.00 |
| 4        | S333           | Samsung Galaxy 12S | 800.00 |

1. Draw the tables including data that you need to store this order in a relational database.
2. Draw the collections including data that you need to store this order in a mongo database.
3. Draw the tables including data that you need to store this order in a cassandra database if you are interested in orders by customer.
4. Draw the database structure including data that you need to store this order in a neo4j database.

#### **What to hand in?**

1. A zip file of part 1
2. A zip file of part 2
3. A zip file of part 3
4. A PDF of part 4