

(Q)

$$\mathcal{L}\{e^{at} f(t)\} = F(s-a)$$

$$s \rightarrow s+a$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}\{e^{3t} f(2t)\} &= \frac{s+3}{(s+3)^2 + 2[s+3] + 16} \\ &= \frac{s+3}{s^2 + 6s + 9 + 2s + 6 + 16}\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{e^{3t} f(2t)\} = \frac{s+3}{s^2 + 8s + 3}$$

Ex ② Find $\mathcal{L}\{\cosh 2t \cdot \cos 2t\}$

Soln $\mathcal{L}\{\cosh 2t \cdot \cos 2t\}$

$$= \mathcal{L}\left[\left(\frac{e^{2t} + e^{-2t}}{2}\right) \cos 2t\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\mathcal{L}(e^{2t} \cos 2t) + \mathcal{L}(e^{-2t} \cos 2t) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\cos 2t) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{s-2}{(s-2)^2 + 4} + \frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2 + 4} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{s-2}{s^2 - 4s + 4 + 4} + \frac{s+2}{s^2 + 4s + 4 + 4} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{s^3 + 4s^2 + 8s - 2s^2 - 8s - 16}{(s^2 + 8 - 4s)(s^2 + 8 + 4s)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{2s^3}{(s^2 + 8)^2 - (4s)^2} \right] = \frac{s^3}{s^4 + 16s^2 + 64 - 16s^2}$$

$$= \frac{s^3}{s^4 + 64}$$

(10) $\stackrel{\text{Ex(6)}}{=} \text{Find } L[T] \text{ of Sihhat sinat}$

Soln $L[\text{sihhat sinat}]$ $\text{sihhat} = \frac{e^{at} - e^{-at}}{2}$

$$= L\left[\left(\frac{e^{at} - e^{-at}}{2}\right) \sin at\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[L(e^{at} \sin at) - L(e^{-at} \sin at) \right]$$

$$\therefore L(\sin at) = \frac{a}{s^2 + a^2} \quad \begin{matrix} s \rightarrow s-a \\ s \rightarrow s+a \end{matrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{a}{(s-a)^2 + a^2} - \frac{a}{(s+a)^2 + a^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a \left[\frac{1}{s^2 - 2as + a^2 + a^2} - \frac{1}{s^2 + 2as + a^2 + a^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{a}{2} \left[\frac{\cancel{s^2 + 2as + 2a^2} - \cancel{s^2 + 2as - 2a^2}}{(s^2 + 2a^2 - 2as)(s^2 + 2a^2 + 2as)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{a}{2} \left[\frac{4as}{(s^2 + 2a^2)^2 - (2as)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2a^2 s}{s^4 + 4a^2 s^2 + 4a^4 - 4a^2 s^2}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{2a^2 s}{s^4 + 4a^4}}}$$

(12) Ex(2) Find L_T of $\frac{\cos 4t \sin t}{e^t}$

Soln $L[\bar{e}^t \cos 4t \sin t]$

$$= \frac{1}{2} L[\bar{e}^t (\sin(4t+t) - \sin(4t-t))]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} L[\bar{e}^t (\sin 5t - \sin t)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [L[\bar{e}^t \sin 3t] \underset{s \rightarrow s+1}{-} L[\bar{e}^t \sin t] \underset{s \rightarrow s+1}{-}]$$

$$L[\sin 3t] = \frac{3}{s^2 + 9} \quad L[\sin t] = \frac{1}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{3}{(s+1)^2 + 9} - \frac{1}{(s+1)^2 + 1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{3}{s^2 + 2s + 1 + 9} - \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 1 + 1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{3s^2 + 6s + 6 - s^2 - 2s - 10}{(s^2 + 2s + 10)(s^2 + 2s + 1)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{2s^2 + 4s - 4}{-11} \right]$$

$$= \frac{s^2 + 2s - 2}{(s^2 + 2s + 10)(s^2 + 2s + 1)}$$

(12) Ex(3): Find $L[\sin ut \cos t \cdot \cosh ut]$

11.14

Soln $L[\sin ut \cos t \cdot \underline{\cosh ut}]$

$$= L\left[\left(\frac{e^{ut} + \bar{e}^{-ut}}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} (2 \sin ut \cos t)\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} L[(e^{ut} + \bar{e}^{-ut}) (\sin(3t) + \sin t)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [L(e^{ut} \sin 3t) + L(\bar{e}^{ut} \sin 3t) \\ + L(e^{ut} \overset{s \rightarrow s-2}{\sin t}) + L(\bar{e}^{ut} \overset{s \rightarrow s+2}{\sin t})]$$

$$L\{\sin 3t\} = \frac{3}{s^2 + 9}, \quad L\{\sin t\} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{3}{(s-2)^2 + 9} + \frac{3}{(s+2)^2 + 9} + \frac{1}{(s-2)^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{(s+2)^2 + 1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{3}{s^2 - 4s + 13} + \frac{3}{s^2 + 4s + 13} + \frac{1}{s^2 - 4s + 5} + \frac{1}{s^2 + 4s + 5} \right]$$

Ex(5): Evaluate $\int_0^\infty e^t \sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t \sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t dt$ 12

Soln $\int_0^\infty e^{-st} \sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t \sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t dt$

$$= L[\sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t + \sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t]$$

$$= L\left[\left(\frac{e^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t} - \bar{e}^{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t}}{2}\right) \sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [L(e^{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t} \sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t) - L(\bar{e}^{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t} \sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t)]$$

(13)

$$\begin{aligned}
 L[\sin \frac{t}{2}] &= \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{s^2 + \frac{1}{4}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{(s - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{4}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{(s + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{4}} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1}{s^2 - \sqrt{3}s + \frac{4}{4} + \frac{1}{4}} - \frac{1}{s^2 + \sqrt{3}s + \frac{4}{4} + \frac{1}{4}} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

P.W.T = 1

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int_0^\infty e^{-st} \sin \frac{t}{2} \sinh \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1}{1 - \sqrt{3} + 1} - \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{3} + 1} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1}{2 - \sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{3}} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{2 + \sqrt{3} - 2 + \sqrt{3}}{4 - 3} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{1} \right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

(3) Effect of multiplication of t

$$\text{If } L[f(t)] = F(s)$$

$$\text{then } L\{t^n f(t)\} = (-1)^n \cancel{\frac{d^n}{ds^n}} \frac{d^n}{ds^n} F(s)$$

$$n=1 \quad L\{tf(t)\} = -1 \frac{d}{ds} F(s)$$

$$L\{t^2 f(t)\} = \frac{d^2}{ds^2} F(s)$$

(14)

$$\mathcal{L}[t^3 f(t)] = -\frac{d^3}{ds^3} F(s)$$

E X ① Find LT of $t e^t \cosh 4t$ 15

Soln $\mathcal{L}[t e^t \cosh 4t]$

$$= \mathcal{L}[t e^t \left(\frac{e^{4t} + e^{-4t}}{2} \right)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{L}[t (e^{4t} + e^{-4t})]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\mathcal{L}[t e^t] + \mathcal{L}(t e^{-4t})]$$

$$\mathcal{L}[te^t] = \frac{1}{s-1}, \quad \mathcal{L}(te^{-4t}) = \frac{1}{s+3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[(-1) \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{1}{s-1} \right) + (-1) \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{1}{s+3} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[- \left(\frac{-1}{(s-1)^2} \right) - \left(\frac{-1}{(s+3)^2} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{(s-1)^2} + \frac{1}{(s+3)^2} \right]$$

E X ② Find $\mathcal{L}[t e^{3t} \sin 4t]$ 16

$$\text{Soln } \mathcal{L}[\sin 4t] = \frac{4}{s^2 + 16}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[e^{3t} \sin 4t] = \frac{4}{(s-3)^2 + 16} = \frac{4}{s-3 + 25}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[t e^{3t} \sin 4t] = (-1) \frac{d}{ds} F(s) = -\frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{4}{s-3 + 25} \right)$$

$$= -4 \left[-\frac{1}{(s-3 + 25)^2} \cdot (2s-6) \right] = \frac{8(s-3)}{(s-3 + 25)^2}$$

(15)

H W.

$$\begin{aligned} L[t \sin^3 t] & \\ L[t \cos^2 t] & \end{aligned}$$

E ③ Find $L[t \sqrt{1+\sin t}]$

Evaluat $\int_0^\infty e^{-st} (t \sqrt{1+\sin t}) dt$

$$\text{Solin } \int_0^\infty e^{-st} t \sqrt{1+\sin t} dt$$

$$= L[t \sqrt{1+\sin t}]$$

$$\Leftrightarrow L[\sqrt{1+\sin t}] = L[\sqrt{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} t + \cos \frac{\pi}{2} t + \frac{1}{2} \sin(2\pi t) + C}]$$

$$= L[(\sin \frac{t}{2} + \cos \frac{t}{2})^2]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= L[\sin \frac{t}{2}] + L[\cos \frac{t}{2}]$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2 + \frac{1}{4}} + \frac{s}{s^2 + \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}s^2 + \frac{4s}{4}}{4s^2 + 1}$$

$$= \frac{2+4s}{4s^2+1}$$

$$L[t \sqrt{1+\sin t}] = -\frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{2+4s}{4s^2+1} \right)$$

$$= -\left[\frac{(4s^2+1)(4) - (2+4s)(8s+0)}{(4s^2+1)^2} \right]$$

$$= -\left[\frac{(16s^2+4 - 16s - 32s^2)}{(4s^2+1)^2} \right] - \left(\frac{-16 - 16s}{(4s^2+1)^2} \right)$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad = \frac{4(4s^2 + 4s - 1)}{(4s^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$PWT = 1$$

$$\int_0^\infty e^{st} t \overline{f(t)} dt = \frac{4(4s^2 + s - 1)}{(4s^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{28}{25}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad \int_0^\infty \frac{t^2 \sin 3t}{e^{2t}} dt \quad 09$$

$$\text{Soln} \quad \int_0^\infty e^{-st} t^2 \sin 3t dt$$

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-st} t^2 \sin 3t dt = L[t^2 \sin 3t]$$

$$= (-1)^2 \frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left(\frac{3}{s^2 + 9} \right)$$

$$= 3 \frac{d}{ds} \left[\frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{1}{s^2 + 9} \right) \right]$$

$$= 3 \frac{d}{ds} \left(-\frac{1}{(s^2 + 9)^2} \right) = -\frac{d}{ds} \frac{6s}{(s^2 + 9)^2}$$

$$= -6 \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{s}{(s^2 + 9)^2} \right) = -6 \left[\frac{(s^2 + 9)^2 (1) - s \cdot 2(s^2 + 9) \cdot 2s}{(s^2 + 9)^4} \right]$$

$$= (s^2 + 9)(-6) \left[\frac{s^2 + 9 - 4s^2}{(s^2 + 9)^3} \right] = -\frac{(9 - 3s^2)}{(s^2 + 9)^3}$$

(7) put $s = 2$

$$\int_0^\infty e^{4t} t^2 \sin 3t dt$$

$$= -\frac{f(9-3(4))}{(4+9)^3} = -\frac{f(-3)}{(13)^2}$$

$$= \frac{18}{2197}$$

H.W. Find $\int_0^\infty e^{3t} t \cos t dt$ 15

(8) division of t

If $L[f(t)] = F(s)$ then

$$L\left[\frac{f(t)}{t}\right] = \int_s^\infty F(s) ds$$

$$① \int \frac{1}{x} dx = \log x$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 + a^2} dx = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$$

$$\int \frac{2x}{x^2 + a^2} dx = \log(x^2 + a^2)$$