- Build the Image classification model by dividing the model into following 4 stages:
  - a. Loading and preprocessing the image data
  - b. Defining the model's architecture
  - c. Training the model
  - d. Estimating the model's performance

```
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

#### a. Loading and preprocessing the image data

```
In [3]: train_data_dir = 'Datasets/mnist-jpg/train'
        test_data_dir = 'Datasets/mnist-jpg/test'
        # Image data generator for training data
        train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
        rescale=1.0/255
        # Image data generator for testing data
        test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
        rescale=1.0/255
        # Create data generators
        train_batch_size = 10000
        train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
            train_data_dir,
            target_size=(28, 28), # Resize images to 28x28
            batch size=train batch size,
            class_mode='categorical',
            color_mode='grayscale',# Use 'categorical' for one-hot encoded labels
            shuffle=True,
        # Load test data without labels (class_mode=None)
        test batch size = 2000
        test_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(
            test_data_dir,
            target_size=(28, 28), # Resize images to 28x28
            batch_size=test_batch_size,
            class_mode='categorical', # Use 'categorical' for one-hot encoded lab
            color_mode='grayscale',
            shuffle=True,
        )
```

```
Found 60000 images belonging to 10 classes. Found 60000 images belonging to 10 classes.
```

## Selecting first batch containing 10000 images

# b. Defining the model's architecture

## c. Training the model

```
In [8]:
     model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=5, batch_size=64, validation_data=(x_te
     Epoch 1/5
     ccuracy: 0.8428 - val_loss: 0.2578 - val_accuracy: 0.9315
     157/157 [=============== ] - 1s 10ms/step - loss: 0.2051 - a
     ccuracy: 0.9419 - val_loss: 0.1786 - val_accuracy: 0.9500
     ccuracy: 0.9626 - val_loss: 0.1204 - val_accuracy: 0.9730
     Epoch 4/5
     ccuracy: 0.9733 - val_loss: 0.1029 - val_accuracy: 0.9725
     Epoch 5/5
     ccuracy: 0.9828 - val_loss: 0.0822 - val_accuracy: 0.9795
     <keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x7f7b05b74690>
Out[8]:
```

# d. Estimating the model's performance

```
In [10]: test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
    print("Loss: ", test_loss)
    print("Accuracy: ", test_accuracy)
```

```
63/63 [============ ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0822 - accu
```

racy: 0.9795

Loss: 0.08217164129018784 Accuracy: 0.9794999957084656

63/63 [========] - 0s 2ms/step

Actual Number: 4
Predicted Number: 4

