

Assignment No. - 4

1. Difference between const variable & non-const variable.
2. what is difference between structure & union?
 - Structure
 - It is a user-defined data type
 - Structure can hold primitive, heterogeneous data type in it.
 - Structure is extended in c++ & Java and called it as class.
 - Struct keyword is use to define a structure.

e.g structure definition

keyword \rightarrow struct Demo \leftarrow Name of structure

```
{  
    int x;  
    char a;  
    Arr [2];  
}
```

\leftarrow Heterogeneous data

};

struct Demo obj1;

\leftarrow object to call it

• Union

- It is user define data type.
- Union only stores the one type of data in it.

eg -

Union Demo

keyword → Union union name → Demo

```
{ int i ;
```

```
  int x ;
```

```
} obj ;
```

Union variable declaration → obj

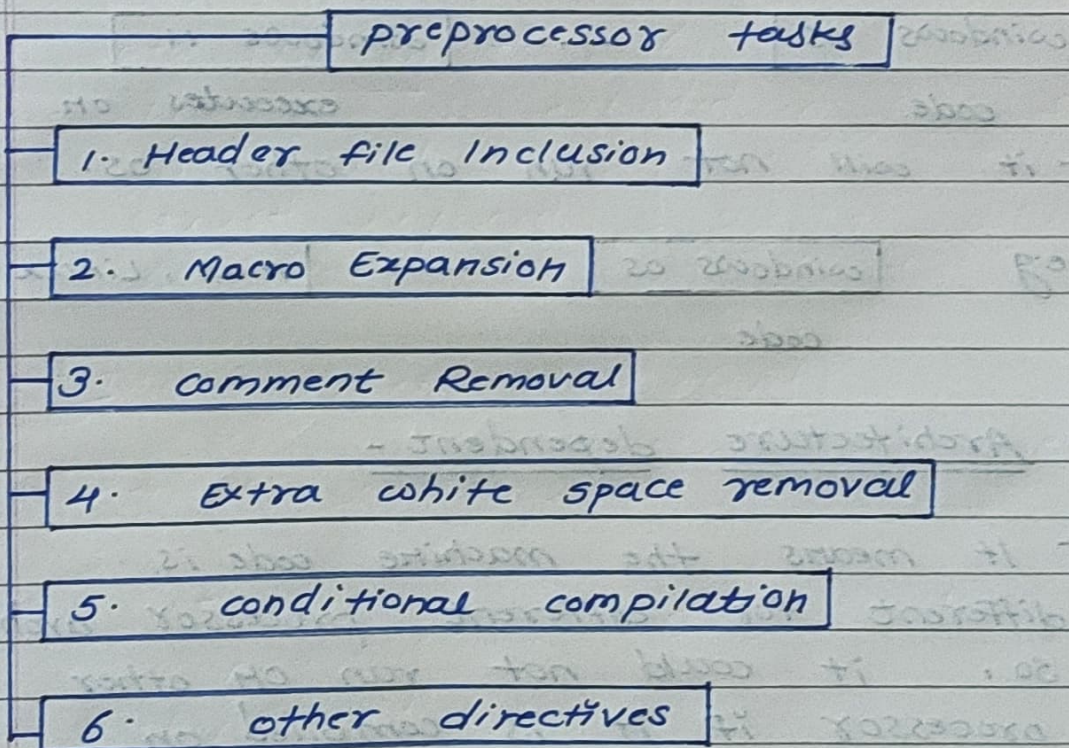
- Union is used to use the same memory more efficiently.

6. what are preprocessors tasks?

- Preprocessor is a tool from x86 toolchain.

- Preprocessor's task is to take .c file from editor as a input & perform preprocess task on it & generate intermediate .i file.

- # symbol - used for preprocessor directive.

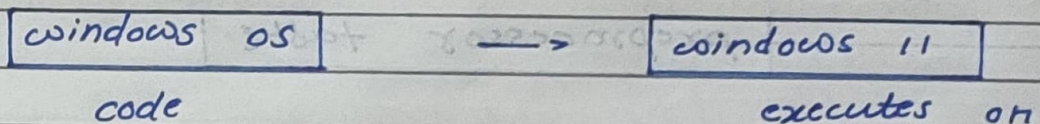


7. what is meant by ^{platform} perform dependent & architecture dependent

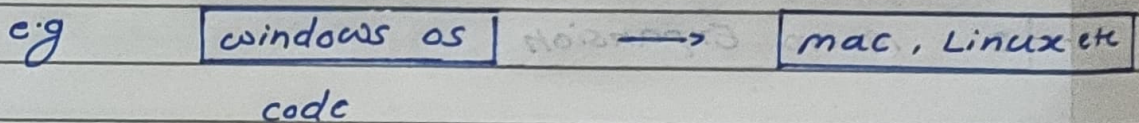
• Platform dependent -

- C language is platform dependent language i.e. when we write any code on windows / any other operating system then, only that particular OS will run that code.

for e.g -



- it will not run on other OS.



• Architecture dependent -

- It means the machine code is different for different processor architecture. So, it could not run on other processor if it is compiled on different processor.