

Mathematics Examination

Omkar Oak

23 November 2022

College Of Engineering Pune

(MA-19002 Univariate Calculus)

Date: 23th Nov 2022

Program: S.Y.BTech

Semester: III

MIS No:

Branch: Computer

Duration: 1 hour

Max marks: 20

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Instructions

- Write your MIS number on paper.
 - Unless otherwise mentioned symbols and notations have their usual standard meaning.
 - Use of any kind of electronic device is NOT allowed.
 - Any essential result, formula or theorem assumed for answering of questions must be clearly stated.
 - Exam Duration: 1hr
 - Maximum Marks: 20M
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Section I

Question I

1. Attempt the following questions:

a) Find the particular solution of the initial value problem: [CO2][2]

$$\tan x \frac{dy}{dx} = y$$
$$y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

b) Check the whether the following differential equation is exact or non-exact and justify your answer. [CO2][2]

$$(1 + \ln xy)dx + \left(1 + \frac{x}{y}\right)dy = 0$$

2. Solve the following:

a.) $3x(xy - 2)dx + (x^3 + 2y)dy = 0$ [CO2][2]

b.) $(2 \cos y + 4x^2)dx - x \sin y = 0$ [CO2][3]

Question II

1. Find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Hence, find an orthogonal basis for R^2 [CO2][2]

2. Find the rank of matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 6 & 4 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ [CO3][3]

3. State whether the following differential equations are linear or non-linear, justify and solve: [CO2][4]

(a) $xy' + 2y = \frac{e^{3x}}{x}, x > 0$ with $y(1) = 1 + \frac{e^3}{3}$

(b) $x^2 y \frac{dy}{dx} - xy^2 = 1$

4. Solve the Differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\tan x - x^2 y - 2y}{x^2 - 4x - 1 + e^x}$ [CO2][2]

5. Solve the following indefinite integral $\int x \cos x^2 dx$ [CO3][3]