

PIMPRI CHINCHWAD EDUCATION TRUST's.

PIMPRI CHINCHWAD COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(An Autonomous Institute)

Class: SY BTech Acad. Yr. 2025-26 Semester: I

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Course Name: Data Structures and Laboratory

Course Code: BCE23PC02

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Problem Statement:

Develop a program to check whether a given string is a **palindrome** using **stack operations**. A palindrome is a string that reads the same backward as forward, such as *madam*, *racecar*, or *level*. Use stack data structure to compare characters from the beginning and end of the string efficiently.

Source Code:

https://github.com/omkhalane/DSAL-SY-PCCOE/blob/main/lab_assignments/assignment07.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    string str;
    // mam,madam,racecar,maam
    // list<char> ll;
    // SLL ll;
    stack<char> st;
```

```
cout << "Enter string: ";</pre>
getline(cin, str);
int n = str.size(), i = 0;
while (i < n / 2)
    st.push(str[i]);
    // cout << st.top()<<endl;</pre>
    i++;
if (n % 2 != 0)
    // cout << str[i] << endl;</pre>
while (i < n)
    // cout << st.top() << " " << str[i]<<endl;</pre>
    if (st.top() != str[i])
        cout << "Not a palindrome" << endl;</pre>
        return 0;
    st.pop();
    i++;
cout << "Is Palindrome" << endl;</pre>
return 0;
```

Conclusion:

A stack is a linear data structure that follows LIFO (Last In, First Out) principle.

- The palindrome check involves pushing the first half of the string characters into the stack.
- Then, the second half of the string is compared with elements popped from the stack one by one.
- If all corresponding characters match, the string is a palindrome.

Time Complexity (TC):

• O(n) — Each character of the string is processed once either by push or pop operation.

Space Complexity (SC):

• $O(n/2) \approx O(n)$ — Half of the string's characters are stored in the stack for comparison.