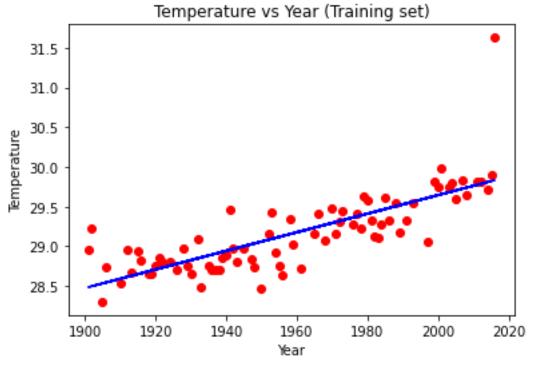
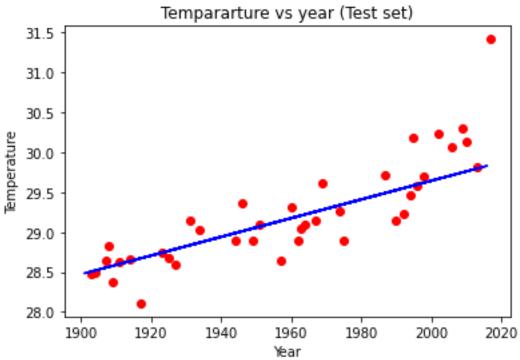
plt.show()

Experiment No.01 CODE & OUTPUT

```
# Importing the libraries
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
# Importing the dataset
dataset = pd.read_csv('/home/lenovo/Desktop/temperatures.csv')
X=dataset[["YEAR"]]
y=dataset[["ANNUAL"]]
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 1/3, random_state = 0)
# Training the Simple Linear Regression model on the Training set
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
regressor = LinearRegression()
regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
# Predicting the Test set results
y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
# Visualising the Training set results
plt.scatter(X_train, y_train, color = 'red')
plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color = 'blue')
plt.title('Temperature vs Year (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Temperature')
plt.show()
# Visualising the Test set results
plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color = 'red')
plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color = 'blue')
plt.title('Tempararture vs year (Test set)')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Temperature')
```





Experiment No.02 CODE & OUTPUT

import pandas as pd df=pd.read csv('/home/lenovo/Desktop/Heart.csv') df.shape #Find Missing Values import pandas as pd df=pd.read_csv('/home/lenovo/Desktop/Heart.csv') df.notnull() # Finding Datatypes Of Each Column import pandas as pd df = pd.read_csv("/home/lenovo/Desktop/Heart.csv") result = df.dtypesprint(result) #finding zeros import pandas as pd df=pd.read_csv('/home/lenovo/Desktop/Heart.csv') df.isin([0]).any().any() #finding zeros import pandas as pd df=pd.read csv('/home/lenovo/Desktop/Heart.csv') (df==0).sum()#finding mean import pandas as pd df=pd.read_csv('/home/lenovo/Desktop/Heart.csv') df["Age"].mean() # Random Splitting Training And Testing Data import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import pandas as pd import pylab as pl import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt df = pd.read_csv("/home/lenovo/Desktop/Heart.csv")

cdf = df[['Age','MaxHR','Sex','RestECG','Chol','RestBP']]

plt.scatter(cdf.Age, cdf.MaxHR, color='blue')

df.head()

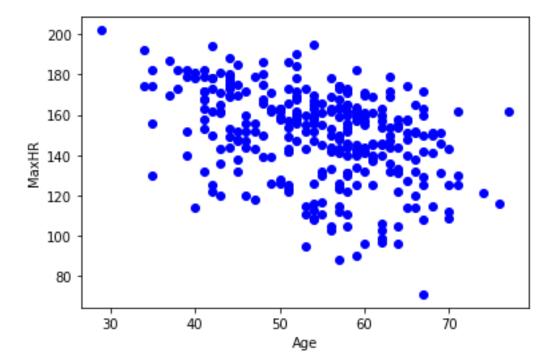
cdf.head(9)

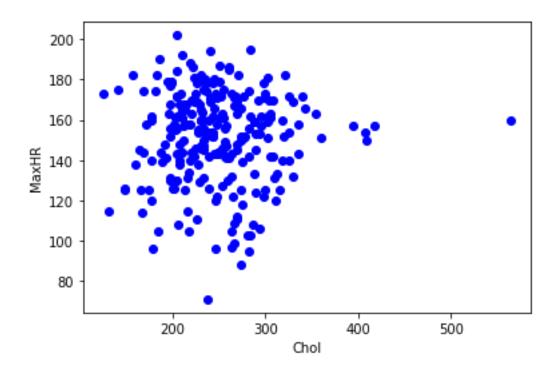
Harshal Gaikwad T2217

```
plt.xlabel("Age")
plt.ylabel("MaxHR")
plt.show()
msk = np.random.rand(len(df)) < 0.8
train = cdf[msk]
test = cdf[~msk]
plt.scatter(train.Chol, train.MaxHR, color='blue')
plt.xlabel("Chol")
plt.ylabel("MaxHR")
plt.show()
```

Unnamed: 0	int64
Age	int64
Sex	int64
ChestPain	object
RestBP	int64
Chol	int64
Fbs	int64
RestECG	int64
MaxHR	int64
ExAng	int64
Oldpeak	float64
Slope	int64
Ca	float64
Thal	object
AHD	object
dtymo: object	

dtype: object





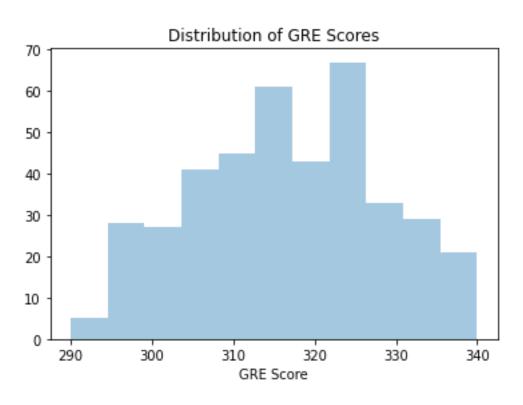
Experiment no. 03 CODE & OUTPUT

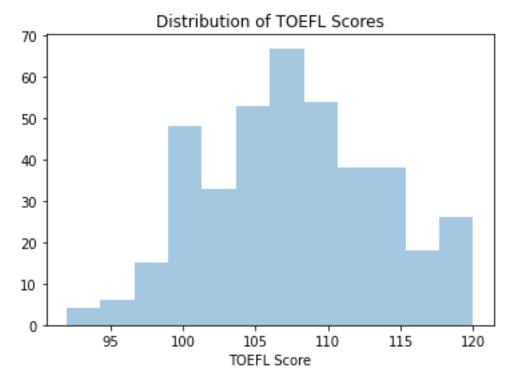
```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
df = pd.read csv('Admission Predict.csv')
print(df.head(5))
df = df.drop(['Serial No.'], axis=1)
print(df.isnull().sum())
fig = sns.distplot(df['GRE Score'], kde=False)
plt.title("Distribution of GRE Scores")
plt.show()
fig = sns.distplot(df['TOEFL Score'], kde=False)
plt.title("Distribution of TOEFL Scores")
plt.show()
fig = sns.distplot(df['University Rating'], kde=False)
plt.title("Distribution of University Rating")
fig = sns.distplot(df['SOP'], kde=False)
plt.title("Distribution of SOP Ratings")
plt.show()
fig = sns.distplot(df['CGPA'], kde=False)
plt.title("Distribution of CGPA")
plt.show()
fig = sns.regplot(x="GRE Score", y="TOEFL Score", data=df)
plt.title("GRE Score vs TOEFL Score")
plt.show()
fig = sns.regplot(x="GRE Score", y="CGPA", data=df)
plt.title("GRE Score vs CGPA")
plt.show()
fig = sns.lmplot(x="CGPA", y="LOR", data=df, hue="Research")
plt.title("LOR vs CGPA")
plt.show()
fig = sns.lmplot(x="CGPA", y="LOR", data=df, hue="Research")
plt.title("LOR vs CGPA")
plt.show()
fig = sns.lmplot(x="GRE Score", y="LOR", data=df, hue="Research")
plt.title("GRE Score vs LOR")
plt.show()
fig = sns.regplot(x="CGPA", y="SOP", data=df)
plt.title("SOP vs CGPA")
plt.show()
fig = sns.regplot(x="GRE Score", y="SOP", data=df)
```

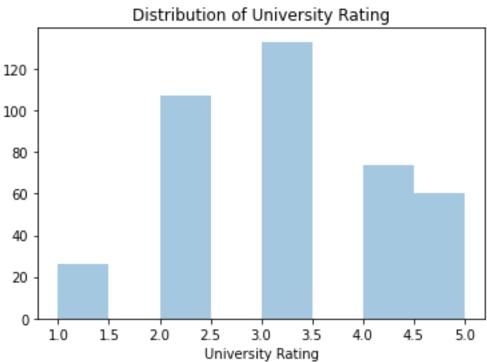
```
plt.title("GRE Score vs SOP")
plt.show()
fig = sns.regplot(x="TOEFL Score", y="SOP", data=df)
plt.title("SOP vs TOEFL")
plt.show()
import numpy as np
corr = df.corr()
print(corr)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 8))
colormap = sns.diverging palette(220, 10, as cmap=True)
dropSelf = np.zeros like(corr)
dropSelf[np.triu_indices_from(dropSelf)] = True
colormap = sns.diverging_palette(220, 10, as_cmap=True)
sns.heatmap(corr, cmap=colormap, linewidths=.5, annot=True, fmt=".2f", mask=dropSelf)
plt.show()
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X = df.drop(['Chance of Admit'], axis=1)
y = df['Chance of Admit']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size = 0.20, shuffle=False)
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.svm import SVR
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
models = [['DecisionTree :',DecisionTreeRegressor()],
['Linear Regression:', LinearRegression()], ['SVM:', SVR()]]
print("Results...")
for name, model in models: model = model
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
predictions = model.predict(X_test)
print(name, (np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions))))
classifier = RandomForestRegressor()
classifier.fit(X,y)
feature_names = X.columns
print(feature_names)
importance_frame = pd.DataFrame()
importance_frame['Features'] = X.columns
importance_frame['Importance'] = classifier.feature_importances_
importance_frame = importance_frame.sort_values(by=['Importance'], ascending=True)
plt.barh([1,2,3,4,5,6,7], importance_frame['Importance'], align='center', alpha=0.5)
plt.yticks([1,2,3,4,5,6,7], importance_frame['Features'])
plt.xlabel('Importance')
plt.title('Feature Importances')
plt.show()
```

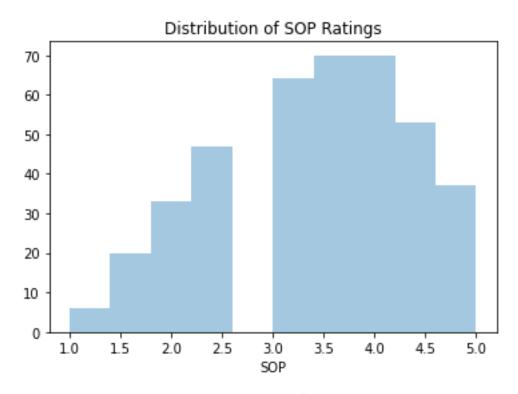
	Serial No.	GRE Score	TOEFL Score	University Rating	SOP	LOR	CGPA	\
0	1	337	118	4	4.5	4.5	9.65	
1	2	324	107	4	4.0	4.5	8.87	
2	3	316	104	3	3.0	3.5	8.00	
3	4	322	110	3	3.5	2.5	8.67	
4	5	314	103	2	2.0	3.0	8.21	

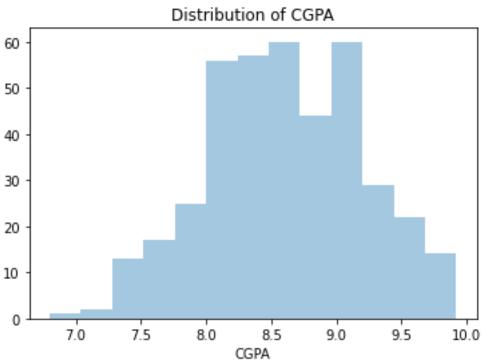
	Research	Chance	of	Admit
0	1			0.92
1	1			0.76
2	1			0.72
3	1			0.80
4	0			0.65
GRE Score			0	
TOE	EFL Score		0	
University Rating			0	
SOP			0	
LOF	₹		0	
CGI	PA		0	
Research			0	
Cha	ance of Ad	mit	0	
dty	pe: int64			

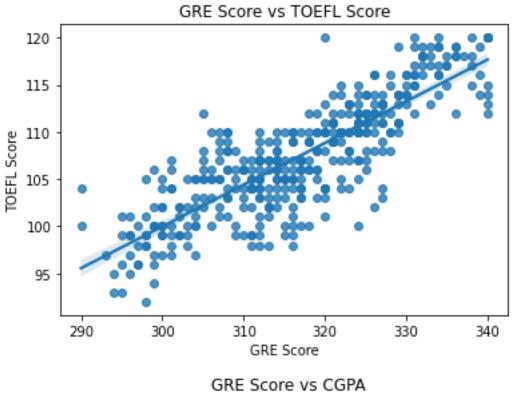


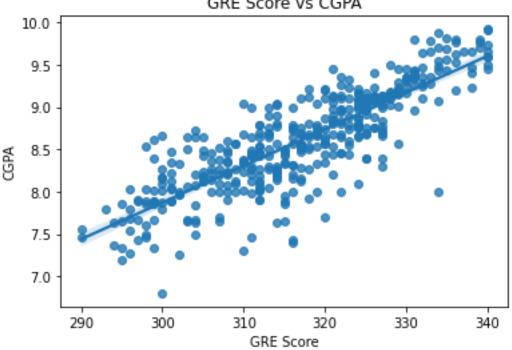


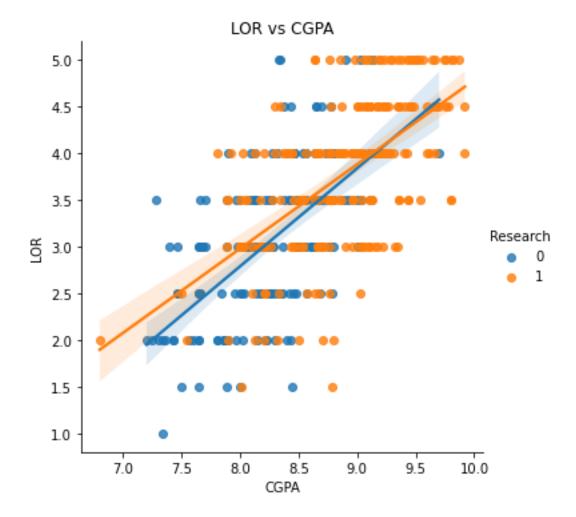


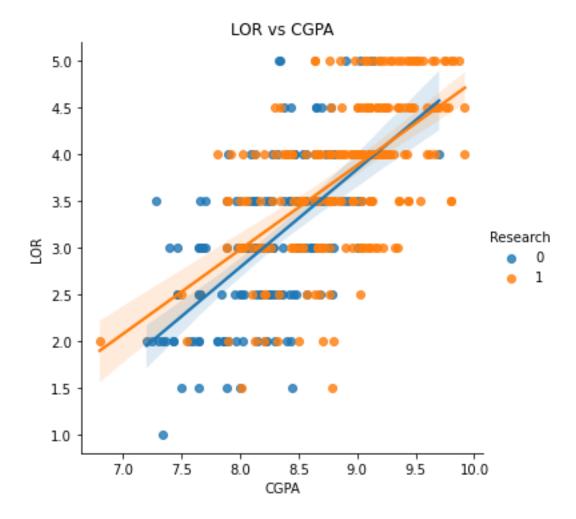


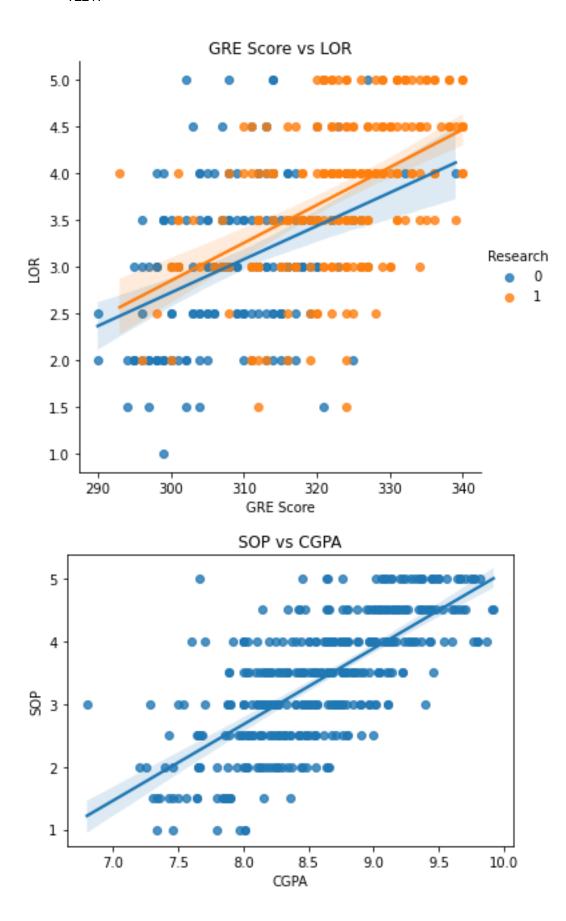


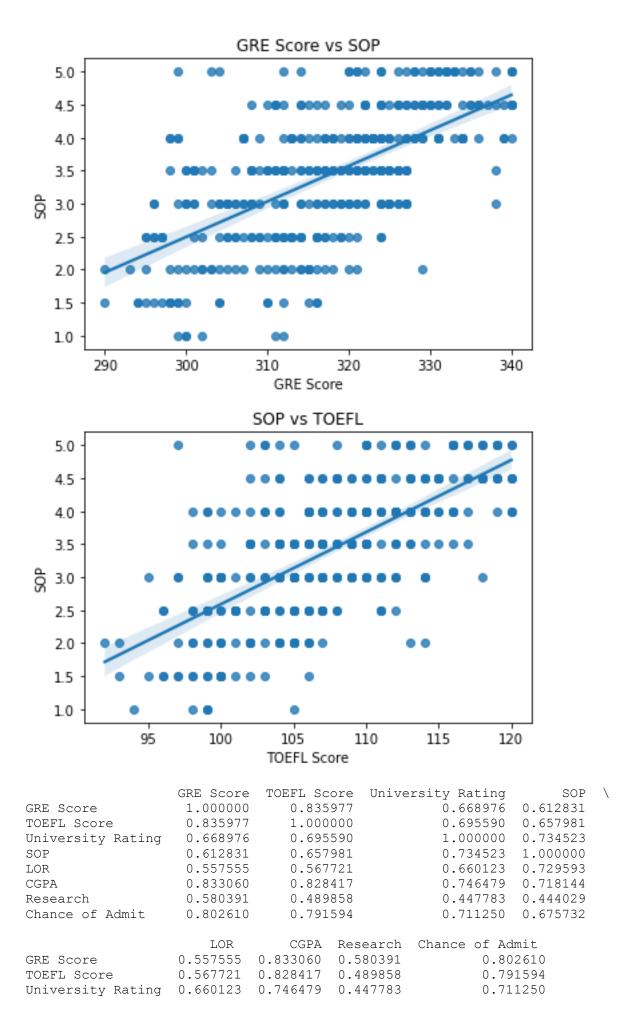






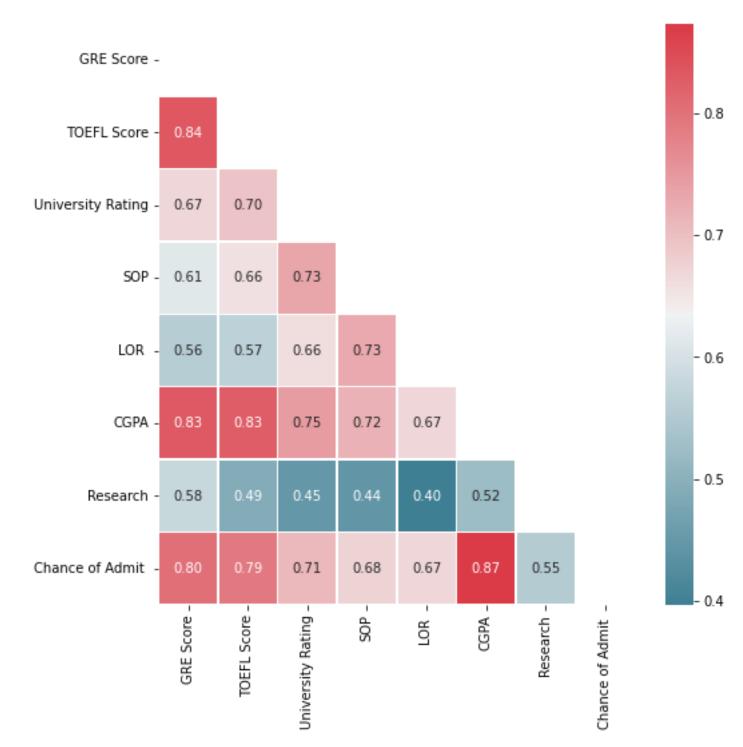






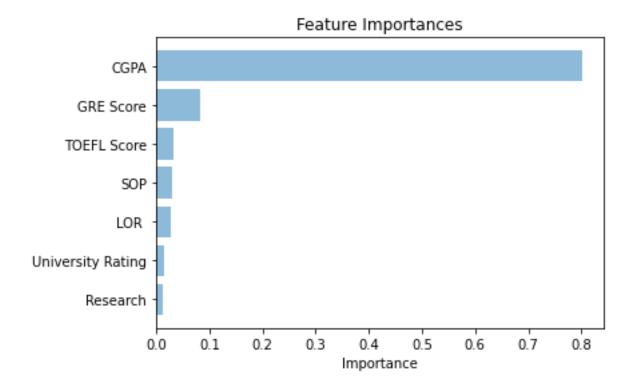
Harshal Gaikwad T2217

SOP	0.729593	0.718144	0.444029	0.675732
LOR	1.000000	0.670211	0.396859	0.669889
CGPA	0.670211	1.000000	0.521654	0.873289
Research	0.396859	0.521654	1.000000	0.553202
Chance of Admit	0.669889	0.873289	0.553202	1.000000



Results...

SVM : 0.08180727044650482



Experiment No.04 CODE & OUTPUT

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read_csv('/home/lenovo/Desktop/Mall_Customers.csv')
X = dataset.iloc[:, [3, 4]].values
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss = []
for i in range(1, 11):
kmeans = KMeans (n clusters = i, init = 'k-means++', random state= 42)
kmeans.fit(X)
wcss.append(kmeans.inertia_)
plt.plot(range(1, 11), wcss)
plt.title('The Elbow Method')
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters')
plt.ylabel('WCSS')
plt.show()
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters = 5, init = 'k-means++', random_state = 42)
y_kmeans = kmeans.fit_predict(X)
plt.scatter(X[y\_kmeans == 0,0], X[y\_kmeans == 0,1], s = 100, c = 'red', label = 'Cluster 1')
plt.scatter(X[y_k] = 1,0], X[y_k] = 1,1], S = 100, C = blue', label = Cluster 2'
plt.scatter(X[y_k] kmeans == 2,0], X[y_k] kmeans == 2,1], S = 100, C = G' green', label = G' Cluster 3')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 3,0], X[y_kmeans == 3,1], S = 100, C = 'cyan', label = 'Cluster 4')
plt.scatter(X[y\_kmeans == 4,0], X[y\_kmeans == 4,1], s = 100, c = 'magenta', label = 'Cluster 5')
plt.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,0], kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,1], s = 300, c = 'yellow', label = 'Centroids')
plt.title('Clusters of customers')
plt.xlabel('Annual Income (k$)')
plt.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

