

B.C.A. Part-I (Semester-II) (CBCS) Examination
FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS
Paper—2 BCA 4

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80]

Note:— (1) All questions are compulsory.

- (2) All questions carry marks as indicated.
- (3) Draw neat and clear diagram wherever necessary.

1. (A) Choose the correct alternatives : 10

- (1) The next iterative value of the root of $x^2 - 4 = 0$ using Newton-Raphson method, if the initial guess is 3, is :
 - (a) 1.5
 - (b) 2.067
 - (c) 2.167
 - (d) 3
- (2) Which of the following is/are components of the process of numerical computing ?
 - (a) Numerical Method
 - (b) Mathematical Model
 - (c) Implementation
 - (d) All of the above
- (3) Transcendental equation is an equation that contains :
 - (a) Only Algebraic terms
 - (b) Directive Methods
 - (c) Trigonometric ratios, exponential functions, logarithms
 - (d) None of the above
- (4) Which order of polynomials can best be integrated using Trapezoidal Rules ?
 - (a) 3rd Order
 - (b) 4th Order
 - (c) 2nd Order
 - (d) 1st Order
- (5) A set of linear simultaneous equations may have :
 - (a) Unique solution
 - (b) No solution
 - (c) Infinitely many solutions
 - (d) All of the given
- (6) Given $n+1$ data pairs, a unique polynomial of degree _____ passes through the $n+1$ data points.
 - (a) $n+1$
 - (b) n
 - (c) n or less
 - (d) greater than n

(B) Fill in the blanks :

5

- (1) The root of the equation lies between the interval $[a, b]$ if _____.
 - (2) The basic Gaussian Elimination method is known as the _____ method.
 - (3) The process of finding the value of the integral of a function of a single variable is known as _____.
 - (4) _____ is one of the most useful principles of enumeration in combinatorics and discrete probability.
 - (5) A _____ is an edge that joins a vertex to itself.

(C) Write the answers of the following questions in one sentence :

5

- (1) Define continuous data.
 - (2) Write the Lagrange's Interpolation Formula.
 - (3) What is Inverse Function ?
 - (4) Define curve fitting.
 - (5) What is cut vertex ?

2. (a) Describe the characteristics of numerical computing.

4

(b) Find the root of $f(x) = x^3 - 7x + 1$ with the help of Bisection method.

8

OR

3. (p) Describe the process of Numerical computing. 4
 (q) Find the root of $f(x) = 3x^2 - 7x - 1$ using graphical method. 8
 4. (a) How will you reduce non-linear equations to linear form ? 4
 (b) Find the best fit equation of type $y = ax^b$ for the data given below. 8

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	0.5	2	4.5	8	12.5

OR

5. (p) Derive the normal form to fit a second order degree polynomial. 4
 (q) Fit the curve $pv^r = k$ to the following data : 8

p(kg/cm ²)	0.5	.1	1.5	2	2.5	3
v(liters)	1620	1000	750	620	520	960

6. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \sqrt{2x+1} dx$ using Trapezoidal rule for $n=4$. 4
 (b) In the following table, use the Newton Forward Interpolation formula to find : 8
 (a) $f(2.4)$
 (b) $f(8.7)$

x	2	4	6	8	10
$f(x)$	9.68	10.96	12.32	13.76	15.28

OR

7. (p) Find the value of y if $x = 6$ and set of values are given as $(3, 4), (6, 8), (9, 12)$ and $(12, 16)$, using Lagrange's interpolation formula. 4
 (q) From the following table, find the area bounded by the curve and x-axis from $x = 7.47$ to $x=7.52$ using Simpson's $1/3^{rd}$ and Simpson's $3/8^{th}$ Rule. 8

x	7.47	7.48	7.49	7.50	7.51	7.52
y	1.93	1.95	1.98	2.01	2.03	2.06

Compute the value of the function $f(x)$ using data above.

8. (a) At a software company, skilled workers have been hired for a project. Out of 75 candidates, 48 of them were software engineers; 35 of them were hardware engineers; 42 of them were network engineers; 18 of them had skills in all three jobs and all of them had skills in at least one of these jobs. How many candidates were hired who were skilled in exactly 2 jobs ? 4
 (b) A judge has a jury pool of 40 people that contains 22 women and 18 men. She needs a jury of 10 people. How many juries contain at least 3 women and 3 men ? 8

OR

9. (p) Prove the principle of inclusion and exclusion for two finite sets. 4
- (q) Prove that : 8
- If A is an infinite subset of N then $A \sim N$.
 - A set A is countable if and only if there exists a one-to-one function $f: A \rightarrow N$ (not necessarily onto).
10. (a) Prove hand shaking lemma for any connected graph G . 4
- (b) Explain the concept of isomorphism and state the conditions to check isomorphism for two graphs with example. 8

OR

11. (p) Prove that the vertex connectivity of any graph G cannot exceed the edge connectivity of G . 4
- (q) Explain edge connectivity and vertex connectivity with suitable example. 8