LAB 4 – DISCOVERING DOCKER

4.1 Installing docker on Ubuntu server:

4.1.1 Concepts container and image with docker:

Docker is a platform that simplifies the process of installing, running and managing applications using container technology. It allows developers to package their application with dependencies into containers ensuring consistent behavior across various enviroments – from local development to production.

Docker image is read only template that contains:

- The application code.
- Runtime (Python, Node.js)
- Libraries and dependencies
- System tools and settings

Characteristic of docker image:

- Immutable means “Once built, image don’t change”
- Layered means “Built from series of layers that defined by dockerfile”
- Reusable means the same image could be shared across systems or teams

Example about dockerfile:

FROM ubuntu:24.04

RUN apt-get update && app-get install -y python3

COPY . /app

CMD [“python3”, “/app/app.py”]

The dockerfile builds an image with Ubuntu, python installed, copy source code to app and set default command.

Docker Container is a running instance of docker image. It add a writable layer on top of the image. It is isolated from the host system and shared the kernel with the host.

4.1.2 Installing docker on Ubuntu server:

We have just noticed that sudo apt install <package_name> to install package in ubuntu operating system, docker is not an exception. What packages should be installed to use docker, we will clarify as the following:

The minimum docker for use consists of two essential packages. They are docker-ce represents docker engine and docker-ce-cli represents commands for docker. These includes docker build -t <image_name>, docker ps or docker run commands.

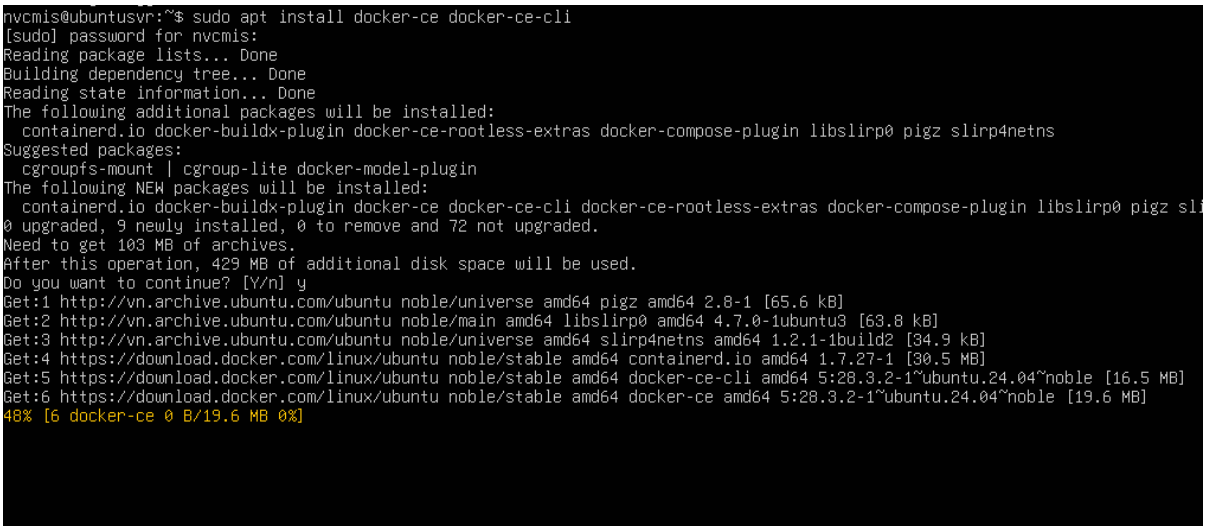

Image 4.1 Install docker-ce and docker-ce-cli packages.

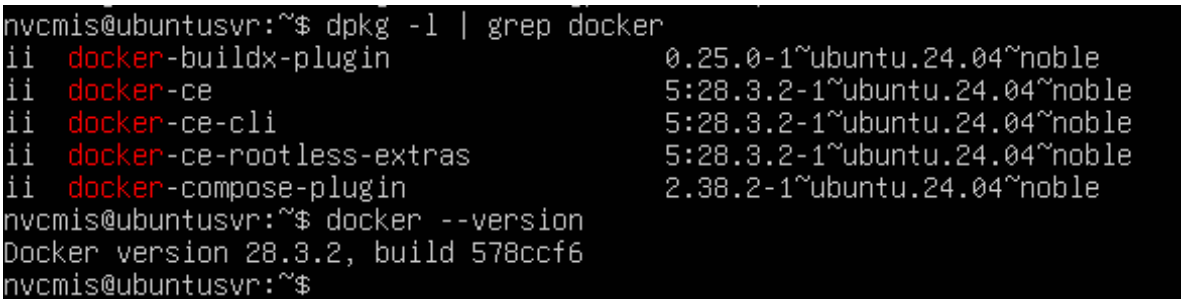

Image 4.2 Check if docker was installed or not.

4.2Common docker commands:

Check if docker has been installed in the system or not, use command:

docker --version

List running containers, use command: **docker ps**

Build an image: docker build -t <image_name> .

- -t <image_name>: Tags the image as <image_name>.
- . : Refers to the current directory (which has your Dockerfile).

Create a new container from a docker image and run the container:

docker run -d --name <container_name> <image_name>

Stop a container: docker stop <container_name>

Remove a container: docker rm <container_name>

Remove an image: docker rmi <image_name>

4.3 Deploy DBMS MySql and Postgre with docker:

4.3.1 Deploy DBMS MySql on Docker:

Dockerfile is used to build an image that wraps all components needed. MySql itself has the image stored in the Docker hub. So we don't need create dockerfile to build another image. The name of mysql images available in Docker hub consists of mysql:latest, mysql:8.3

According to therory you could create a container with name mysql-server associated with image mysql:8.3 and run the container by the command:

docker run -d -name mysql-server mysql:8.3

However, you couldn't do that if you don't set up enviroments variable such as password of root user, port number that access from outside to docker and port number inside mysql of docker.

The full version working command with docker to use mysql:

```
docker run -d \
  --name mysql-server \
  -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=my-secret_pw \
  -p 3306:3306 \
  mysql:8.3
```

The -p 3306:3306, the first 3306 is the listening port from outside or port of ubuntu server, the second 3306 is the port of mysql inside container where mysql actual runs.

```
Run 'docker run --help' for more information
nvcmis@ubuntusvr:~$ sudo docker run -d --name mysql-server -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=my_secret_pw -p 5555:3306 mysql:8.3
[sudo] password for nvcmis:
Unable to find image 'mysql:8.3' locally
8.3: Pulling from library/mysql
bd37f6d99203: Downloading [===============>                                   ]  16.22MB/51.32MB
e733cb057651: Download complete
af2fd35011dc: Download complete
e5233d0f6ee3: Waiting
cf11fd8658d3: Waiting
85344d57c3cb: Waiting
0eebca71f40d: Waiting
18e468a1ddac: Waiting
d9b2b8d35c75: Waiting
57ba1b7684b4: Waiting
```

Image 4.3 Create and run container associated with mysql:8.3 downloaded from docker hub

After finish installing mysql on docker with container mysql-server as image 3.3, I will try to connect to mysql from outside with port 5555 user root and password my_secret_pw

mysql -h <server-ip> -P 3306 -u root -p

```
C:\Users\volod>mysql -h 192.168.80.147 -P 5555 -u root -p
Enter password: ************
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 9
Server version: 8.3.0 MySQL Community Server - GPL

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current
nt.

mysql>
```

Image 4.4 Connect to mysql in docker from outside via port 5555

4.3.2 Deploy DBMS PostGreSql on Docker:

Similar to MySql, PostgreSQL has its own image in Docker Hub, for example postgres:16. You have to provide password for user postgre or admin to connect to database associated with port number for outside connection and port number for container connect to PostgreSQL.

Command to create and run container associated with postgres:16 image

```
docker run -d \
  --name postgres \
  -e POSTGRES_USER=admin \
  -e POSTGRES_PASSWORD=secretpassword \
  -e POSTGRES_DB=mydatabase \
  -v pgdata:/var/lib/postgresql/data \
  -p 5432:5432 \
  postgres:16
```

We could omit the line "-e POSTGRES_DB=mydatabase \" and change POSTGRES_USER to postgres and create new database later.

Practice: Deploy PostgreSQL DBMS with Docker on ubuntu server that listening connections from outside at port 6666, port container connect to PostgreSQL at 5432, postgres_user is postgres with password P@ssword2025

Image 4.5 Create and run container with postgres:16 image from Docker Hub

Now, we will connect to postgreSQL in docker via another machine, to do so, you have to make sure that postgresql-client must be installed in the remote machine

```
sudo apt install -y postgresql-client
```

```
psql -h <server_ip> -U <user_name> -p <port_number> -d mydatabase
```

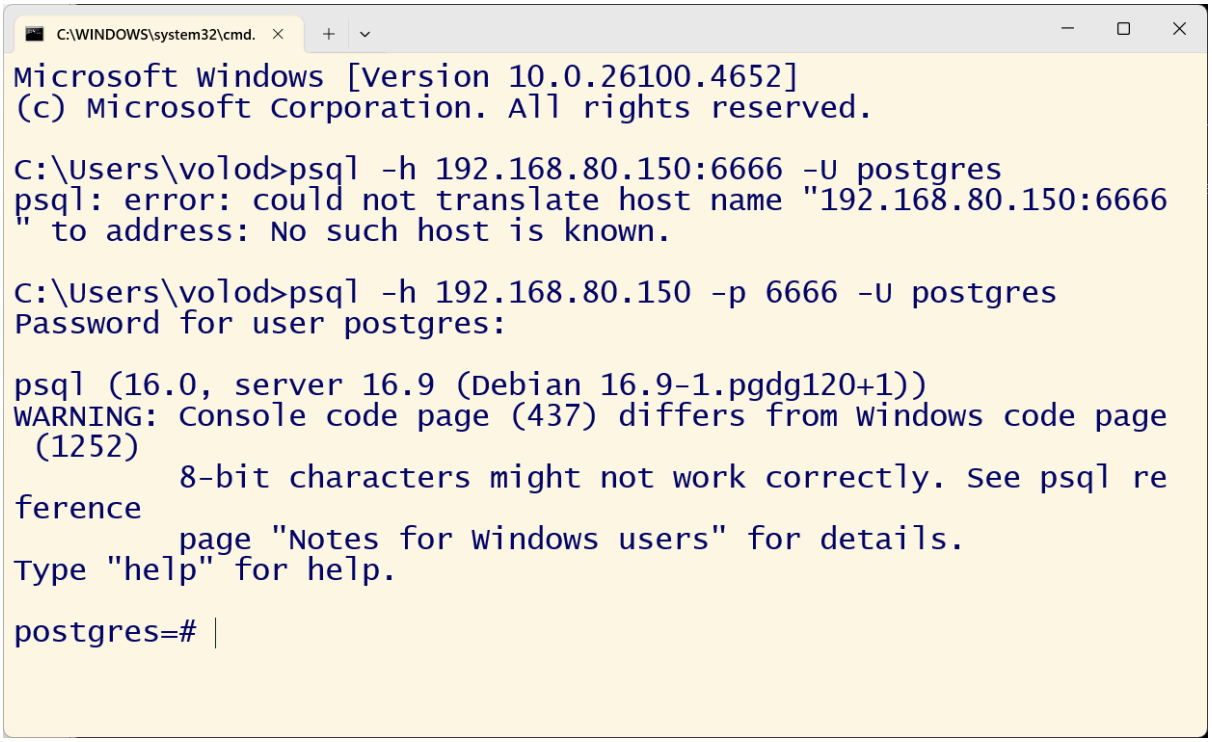

Image 4.6 Connect to PostgreSQL from remote machine.

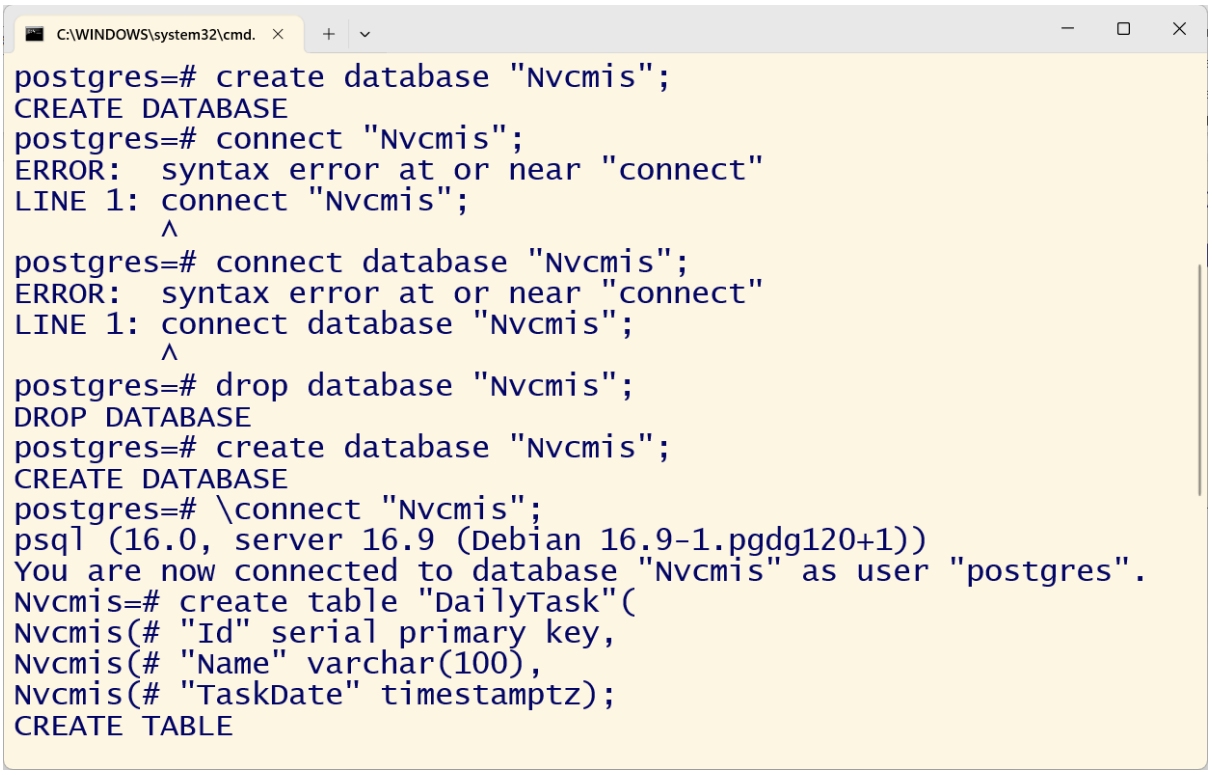

Image 4.7 Create database Nvcmis, create table DailyTask in Nvcmis

```
Nvcmis=# insert into "DailyTask"("Name", "TaskDate")
Nvcmis-# values('Taking sunbathing and doing exercise', '2025-0
7-16 07:10:00+07');
INSERT 0 1
Nvcmis=# select * from "DailyTask";
 Id |                 Name                 |        TaskDate

----+--------------------------------------+-------------------
-----
  1 | Taking sunbathing and doing exercise | 2025-07-16 00:10:0
0+00
(1 row)


Nvcmis=#
```

Image 4.8 Add row to table DailyTask and view it.

4.4 Deploy .net core application with docker:

Step 1: Publish application to Folder in .net using Visual studio, for example publish built source to:

C:\Alta\Training\Test0605\Test0605\bin\Release\net7.0\publish

Step 2: Using scp to copy all files in the folder to ubuntu server machine by command:

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.
C:\Users\volod>scp -r "C:\\Alta\\Training\\Test0605\\Test0605\\bin\Rel
ease\\net7.0\\publish\\*" nvcmis@192.168.80.150:/home/nvcmis/SimpleCha
t
nvcmis@192.168.80.150's password:
Dockerfile                                    100% 1188   290.0KB/s   00:00
Microsoft.AspNetCore.OpenApi.dll              100%   64KB   7.8MB/s   00:00
Microsoft.OpenApi.dll                         100%  206KB  33.6MB/s   00:00
Newtonsoft.Json.dll                           100%  641KB  48.2MB/s   00:00
Swashbuckle.AspNetCore.Swagger.dll            100%   15KB   7.3MB/s   00:00
Swashbuckle.AspNetCore.SwaggerGen.dll         100%   95KB  30.9MB/s   00:00
Swashbuckle.AspNetCore.SwaggerUI.dll          100% 3178KB  30.4MB/s   00:00
System.Net.WebSockets.WebSocketProtocol.dll     0%    0     0.0KB/s   --
:-- ESystem.Net.WebSockets.WebSocketProtocol.dll 100%   54KB  13.2MB/s
   00:00
Test0605.deps.json                            100%   31KB  15.1MB/s   00:00
Test0605.dll                                  100%   14KB   4.4MB/s   00:00
Test0605.exe                                  100%  154KB  37.6MB/s   00:00
Test0605.pdb                                  100%   22KB  10.6MB/s   00:00
Test0605.runtimeconfig.json                   100%  488   476.5KB/s   00:00
Test0605.staticwebassets.endpoints.json       100% 1162   567.4KB/s   00:00
appsettings.Development.json                  100%  127   124.0KB/s   00:00
appsettings.json                              100%  151    49.2KB/s   00:00
web.config                                    100%  552   539.0KB/s   00:00
Index.html                                    100% 1774   866.2KB/s   00:00
```

Image 4.9 Copy source .net core application to ubuntu server

Step 3: Prepare Dockerfile with the following content:

FROM mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/aspnet:7.0

WORKDIR /app

COPY . .

ENTRYPOINT ["dotnet", "Test0605.dll"]

Step 4: Build docker image

```
nvcmis@ubuntusvr:~/SimpleChat$ sudo docker build -t simplechat .
[+] Building 38.8s (8/8) FINISHED
 => [internal] load build definition from Dockerfile
 => => transferring dockerfile: 410B
 => [internal] load metadata for mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/aspnet:7.0
 => [internal] load .dockerignore
 => => transferring context: 2B
 => [1/3] FROM mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/aspnet:7.0@sha256:c7d9ee6cd01afe9aa80642e577c7cec9f5d87f88e5d70bd36fd61072079bc55b
 => => resolve mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/aspnet:7.0@sha256:c7d9ee6cd01afe9aa80642e577c7cec9f5d87f88e5d70bd36fd61072079bc55b
 => => sha256:c7d9ee6cd01afe9aa80642e577c7cec9f5d87f88e5d70bd36fd61072079bc55b 1.79kB / 1.79kB
 => => sha256:8a7717ff21c245feacd25dae5ff23306aae0e058578725ad987fd4b8509c36ec 1.37kB / 1.37kB
 => => sha256:ec861be017681c5da7a762bd29eb07b4acd2391a9fa5ca9150ad6e5554c0506c 2.34kB / 2.34kB
 => => sha256:728328ac3bde9b85225b1f0d60f5c149f5635a191f5d8eaeeb00e095d36ef9fd 31.43MB / 31.43MB
 => => sha256:82bb7a80de578404d92b5ae5e67f3de90eab30027694d2609be35ad25b09e3bc 14.97MB / 14.97MB
 => => sha256:534ba947de6ac79fd6168f4a93847954b23bab2782700bbfff7f31e61a03e8d4 32.46MB / 32.46MB
 => => sha256:f1b39e168c1c776458e172f157167607b9fd3cc550af8e6ff0a7dd363c1e64ea 153B / 153B
 => => sha256:f194078e85f8008c084163778aaf266434f7182e0d4f783646f41b388c88a13a 10.12MB / 10.12MB
 => => extracting sha256:728328ac3bde9b85225b1f0d60f5c149f5635a191f5d8eaeeb00e095d36ef9fd
 => => extracting sha256:82bb7a80de578404d92b5ae5e67f3de90eab30027694d2609be35ad25b09e3bc
 => => extracting sha256:534ba947de6ac79fd6168f4a93847954b23bab2782700bbfff7f31e61a03e8d4
 => => extracting sha256:f1b39e168c1c776458e172f157167607b9fd3cc550af8e6ff0a7dd363c1e64ea
 => => extracting sha256:f194078e85f8008c084163778aaf266434f7182e0d4f783646f41b388c88a13a
 => [internal] load build context
 => => transferring context: 1.20kB
 => [2/3] WORKDIR /app
 => [3/3] COPY . .
 => exporting to image
 => => exporting layers
 => => writing image sha256:510242d32503a6f372dd07f973f833b27a3c73fb873b52fc9458882bdd60baff
 => => naming to docker.io/library/simplechat
nvcmis@ubuntusvr:~/SimpleChat$
```

Image 4.10 Build docker image simplechat with docker

Step 5: Create and run container associated with the simplechat image

docker run -d -p 8000:80 simplechat

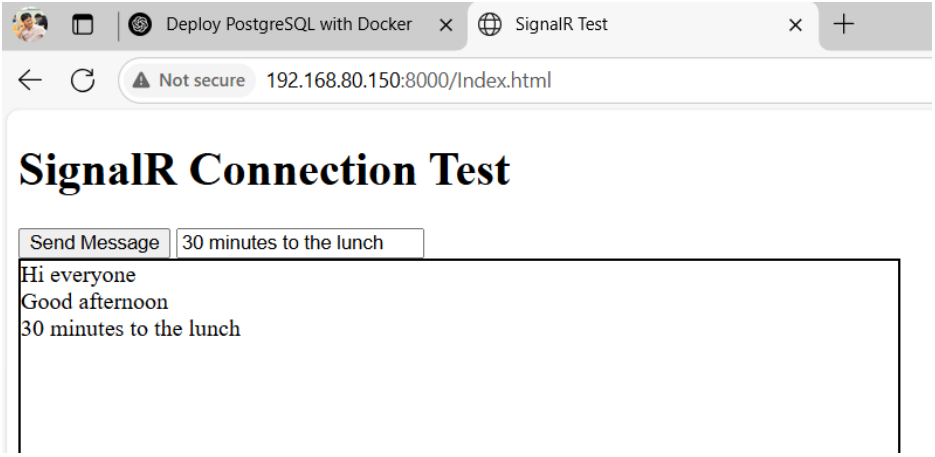

Image 4.11 Run the .net core application via docker on ubuntu server