

Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

| Experiment No. 7 |
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| Implement a program on single inheritance. |
| Date of Performance: |
| Date of Submission: |



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Aim: To implement the concept of single inheritance.

Objective: Ability to design a base and child class relationship to increase reusability.

Theory:

Single inheritance can be defined as a derived class to inherit the basic methods (data members and variables) and behaviour from a superclass. It's a basic is-a relationship concept exists here. Basically, java only uses a single inheritance as a subclass cannot extend more superclass. Inheritance is the basic properties of object-oriented programming. Inheritance tends to make use of the properties of a class object into another object. Java uses inheritance for the purpose of code-reusability to reduce time by then enhancing reliability and to achieve run time polymorphism. As the codes are reused it makes less development cost and maintenance. Java has different types of inheritance namely single inheritance, multilevel, multiple, hybrid. In this article, we shall go through on basic understanding of single inheritance concept briefly in java with a programming example. Here we shall have a complete implementation in java.

Syntax:

The general syntax for this is given below. The inheritance concepts use the keyword 'extend' to inherit a specific class. Here you will learn how to make use of extending keyword to derive a class. An extend keyword is declared after the class name followed by another class name. Syntax is,

```
class base class
{.... methods
}
class derived class name extends base class
{
methods ... along with this additional feature
}
```

Java uses a keyword 'extends' to make a new class that is derived from the existing class. The inherited class is termed as a base class or superclass, and the newly created class is called derived or subclass.



Code:

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The class which gives data members and methods known as the base class and the class which takes the methods is known as child class

System.out.println("eating...");

System.out.println("barking...");

class Dog extends Animal

Conclusion:

void bark()

}

Comment on the Single inheritance.

Answer: Single inheritance in object-oriented programming (OOP) refers to the ability of a class to inherit properties and behaviors from only one superclass or parent class. In languages like Java, C++, and C#, single inheritance enforces a linear class hierarchy, ensuring that a subclass has a single parent class. This constraint simplifies class relationships and avoids the complexities associated with multiple inheritance, where a class inherits from multiple parent classes. While single inheritance can limit the



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reusability of code and the creation of complex class hierarchies, it promotes a cleaner and more manageable code structure by avoiding the "diamond problem" and other issues associated with multiple inheritance.