Experiment No. 9
1mplement Non-restoring -algorithm using c- programming
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Aim - To implement Non-Restoring division algorithm using c-programming.

Objective -

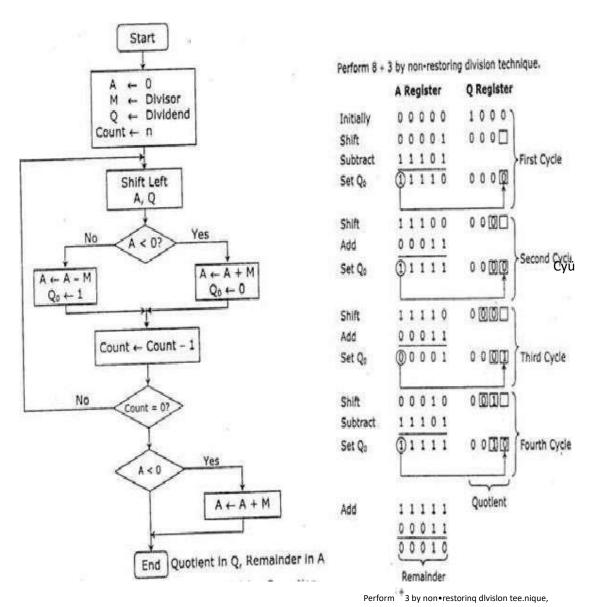
- 1. TO understand the working Of Non-Restoring division algorithm.
- 2. To understand how to implement Non-Restoring division algorithm using cprogramm1ng.

Theory:

In each cycle content of the register, A is first shifted and then the divisor is added or subtracted with the content of register A depending upon the sign of A. In this, there is no need of restoring, but if the remainder is negative then there is a need of restoring the remainder. This is the faster algorithm of division.



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Program - #include <math.h> #include <stdio.h> int main() { int a[50],a1[50],b[50],d=0,i,j; int n1,n2, c, k1,k2,n,k,quo=0,rem=0; printf("Enter the



```
number of bits\n"); scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Enter the divisor and dividend\n");
scanf("%d %d",
&n1,&n2);
 for (c = n-1; c \ge 0; c--)
 \{ k1 = n1 \}
>> c;
  if (k1 & 1)
                a[n-
1-c=1;// M else
a[n-1-c]=0;
  k2 = n2 >> c;
  if (k2 \& 1) b[2*n-
1-c]=1;//Q else
b[2*n-1-c]=0;
 }
```



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for(i=0;i<n;i++)//making complement { if(a[i]==0a1[i]=1; else a1[i]=0;} a1[n-1]+=1;//twos complement ie -M if(a1[n-1]==2) for(i=n-1;i>0;i--) { if(a1[i]==2) a1[i-1]+=1; a1[i]=0;



```
}
if(a1[0]==2)
a1[0]=0;
 for( i=0;i<n;i++)// putting A in the same array as Q
 {
b[i]=0;
 }
printf("A\tQ\tPROCESS\n");
 for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)
  if(i==n)
                 printf("\t");
  printf("%d",b[i]);
} printf("\n");
 for(k=0;k<n;k++)//n iterations
```



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```
for(j=0;j<2*n-1;j++)//left
shift
b[j]=b[j+1];
     }
     for(i=0;i<2*n-1;i++)
             if(i==n)
printf("\t");
printf("%d",b[i]);
     }printf("_");
     printf("\tLEFT SHIFT\n");
       if(b[0]==0)
        {
               for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--)//A=A-M
               {
b[i]+=a1[i];
```

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```
if(i!=0)
                      if(b[i]==2)
                             b[i1]+=1;
b[i]=0;
                         }
if(b[i]==3)
                             b[i-
1]+=1;
b[i]=1;
                        // printf("%d",b[i]);
                  }
                      if(b[0]==2)
}
b[0]=0;
if(b[0]==3)
b[0]=1;
               for(i=0;i<2*n-1;i++)
```



```
if(i==n)
printf("\t");
printf("%d",b[i]);
               }printf("_");
               printf("\tA-M\n");
        }
else
        {
               for(j=n-1;j>=0;j--)//A=A+M
b[j]+=a[j];
                     if(j!=0)
                      if(b[j]==2)
                              b[j1]+=1;
b[j]=0;
                          }
if(b[j]==3)
```



```
b[j-
1]+=1;
b[j]=1;
if(b[0]==2)
b[0]=0;
if(b[0]==3)
b[0]=1;
                 for(i=0;i<2*n-1;i++)
                   if(i==n)
printf("\t");
printf("%d",b[i]);
               }printf("_");
```



```
printf("\tA+M\n");
      }
         if(b[0]==0)//A==0?
            b[2*n-
1]=1;
for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)
               if(i==n)
printf("\t");
printf("%d",b[i]);
printf("tQ0=1\n");
```



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```
if(b[0]==1)//A==1?
                 b[2*n-
1]=0;
for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)
                 if(i==n)
printf("\t");
                printf("%d",b[i]);
                             printf("\tQ0=0\n");
          }
 if(b[0]==1)
             for(j=n-
1;j>=0;j--)//A=A+M
```

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```
{
b[j]+=a[j];
                     if(j!=0)
                      if(b[j]==2)
                             b[j1]+=1;
b[j]=0;
if(b[j]==3)
                             b[j1]+=1;
{
b[j]=1;
                         }
                  }
if(b[0]==2)
b[0]=0;
                     if(b[0]==3)
b[0]=1;
                  }
                 for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)
```

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```
if(i==n)
printf("\t");
printf("%d",b[i]);
               }
printf("\tA+M\n"); } printf("\n");
for(i=n;i<2*n;i++) \{ quo+=
b[i]*pow(2,2*n-1-
i);
} for(i=0;i<n;i++)
\{ rem += b[i]*pow(2,n-1-
i);
} printf("The quotient of the two nos is %d\nThe remainder is
%d",quo,rem);
```



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printf("\n")
; return
0; }

Output:



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```
5
4
A
    Q
        PROCESS
0000
        0100
0000
        100_
                 LEFT SHIFT
1011
        100_
                 A-M
        1000
1011
                 Q0 = 0
0111
        000
                 LEFT SHIFT
0010
        000
                 A-M
0010
        0001
                 Q0 = 1
0100
        001
                 LEFT SHIFT
        001
1111
                 A-M
        0010
                 Q0=0
1111
1110
        010
                 LEFT SHIFT
0011
        010
                 A+M
0011
        0101
                 Q0 = 1
The quotient of the two nos is 5
The remainder is 3
```

Conclusion - The aim was to implement the Non-Restoring division algorithm in C programming, optimizing division by avoiding the restoration of partial remainders and achieving precise results through a systematic approach.