1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53 Sunday is:				
(a) 53/366 (b) 1/7 (c) 2/7 (d) 53/365				
2. A bag contains 3 red and 2 blue marbles. A marble is drawn at				
random. The probability of drawing a black ball is:				
(a) 3/5 (b) 2/5 (c) 0/5 (d) 1/5				
3. The probability that it will rain tomorrow is 0.85. What is the				
probability that it will not rain tomorrow				
(a) 0.25 (b) 0.145 (c) 3/20 (d) none of these				
4. What is the probability that a number selected from the				
numbers (1, 2, 3,,15) is a multiple of 4?				
(a) 1/5 (b) 4/5 (c) 2/15 (d) 1/3				
5. What are the total outcomes when we throw three coins?				
(a) 4 (b) 5 <mark>(c) 8</mark> (d) 7				
6. The probability that a prime number selected at random from the				
numbers (1,2,3,35) is :				
(a) 12/35 (b) 11/35 (c) 13/35 (d) none of these <b>7. The</b>				
sum of the probability of an event and non event is:				
(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 0 (d) none of these.				
8. The following probabilities are given; choose the correct answer for				
that which is not possible.				
(a) 0.15 (b) 2/7 (c) 7/5 (d) none of these.				
9. If three coins are tossed simultaneously, than the probability of				
getting at least two heads, is:				
(a) 1/4 (b) 3/8 (c) ½ (d) 1/8				
10. A letter is chosen at random from the letters of the word				
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<ul> <li>10. A letter is chosen at random from the letters of the word ASSASSINATION. The probability that the letter chosen has: <ul> <li>(a) 6/13</li> <li>(b) 7/13</li> <li>(c) 1</li> <li>(d) none of these.</li> </ul> </li> <li>11. A dice is thrown. Find the probability of getting an even number.</li> </ul>				

	ce are thrown	n simultaneo	usly. The p	robability of getting	a sum
of 9 is:	(D) 2/10	(C) 1 /	<u> </u>	2) 4/0	
(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/	9 (1	D) 4/9	
<b>14. 100 ca</b>	rds are numb	ered from 1 t	o 100. Find	d the probability of g	etting
a prime nu				_	
(A) 3/4	(B) 27/50	(C) 1/4		(D) 29/100	
15. A bag o	contains 5 red	balls and so	me blue ba	alls .If the probability	of
_		ouble that of	a red ball,	then the number of	blue
balls in a b	_	(0) 1-	(5) 00		
(A) 5	(B) 10	(C) 15	(D) 20		
16. A box o	of 600 bulbs o	ontains 12 d	efective bu	ılbs. One bulb is take	n out
at random	from this bo	x. Then the p	robability	that it is non-defective	ve bulb
is:					
(A) 143/15	0 <mark>(B) 14</mark>	7/150	(C) 1/25	(D) 1/50	
17. Cards	marked with	numbers 2 t	o 101 are p	placed in a box and m	nixed
	-			ox randomly, then th	
	bility that the		card is a p	ox randomly, then ther ther ther there the square.	
proba (A) 9/	ibility that the	e number on /10 (C) 3	card is a po 3/10 (	ox randomly, then ther the square. (D) 19/100	
proba (A) 9/ 18. What	ibility that the 100 (B) 1	e number on /10 (C) § oility of gettin	card is a post of the second s	ox randomly, then ther ther square.  D) 19/100  days in a leap year?	
proba (A) 9/	ibility that the	e number on /10 (C) 3	card is a post of the second s	ox randomly, then ther the square. (D) 19/100	
proba (A) 9/ 18. What (A) 1/7 19. A card	is the probab (B) 53/366	e number on /10 (C) solity of getting (C) 2/7 m a well shuf	card is a possible of the card is a possible of the card is a possible of the card in the card in the card is a possible of the card in th	ox randomly, then ther ther square.  D) 19/100  days in a leap year?	
proba (A) 9/ 18. What (A) 1/7 19. A card probability	ibility that the 100 (B) 1 is the probak (B) 53/366 is drawn from y of getting a	e number on /10 (C) 3 pility of gettin (C) 2/7 m a well shuf king of red so	card is a possible of the control of	ox randomly, then ther fect square. (D) 19/100  days in a leap year? (D) 7/366	
proba (A) 9/ 18. What (A) 1/7 19. A card probability	is the probab (B) 53/366	e number on /10 (C) 3 pility of gettin (C) 2/7 m a well shuf king of red so	card is a possible of the control of	ox randomly, then ther fect square. (D) 19/100  days in a leap year? (D) 7/366	
proba (A) 9/ 18. What (A) 1/7 19. A card probability (A) 1/26	is the probable (B) 53/366 is drawn from y of getting a (B) 3/26	e number on /10 (C) 3 pility of gettin (C) 2/7 m a well shull king of red so (C) 7/52	card is a position of the control of	ox randomly, then ther fect square. (D) 19/100  days in a leap year? (D) 7/366	e
proba (A) 9/ 18. What (A) 1/7 19. A card probability (A) 1/26 20. A gam	is the probable (B) 53/366 is drawn from y of getting a (B) 3/26	e number on /10 (C) 3 pility of gettin (C) 2/7 m a well shuth king of red so (C) 7/52 onsists of spi	card is a post of the second s	ox randomly, then ther fect square. (D) 19/100  days in a leap year? (D) 7/366  of 52 cards. Find the	e
proba (A) 9/  18. What (A) 1/7  19. A card probability (A) 1/26  20. A gam to come to probability	is the probable (B) 53/366 is drawn from (B) 3/26 e of chance contents of the probable (B) 3/26 is drawn from (B)	e number on /10 (C) 3  pility of gettin (C) 2/7  m a well shutking of red so (C) 7/52  consists of spite g to one of the oint to an occ	card is a possible of the second is a possible of the second of the seco	ox randomly, then ther fect square. (D) 19/100  days in a leap year? (D) 7/366  of 52 cards. Find the rrow which is equally 1,2,312, then the is:	e
proba (A) 9/  18. What (A) 1/7  19. A card probability (A) 1/26  20. A gam to come to probability	is the probable (B) 53/366 is drawn from (B) 3/26 e of chance contents of the probable (B) 3/26 is drawn from (B)	e number on /10 (C) 3 pility of gettin (C) 2/7 In a well shuft king of red so (C) 7/52 consists of spin g to one of the	card is a possible of the second is a possible of the second of the seco	ox randomly, then ther fect square. (D) 19/100  days in a leap year? (D) 7/366  of 52 cards. Find the rrow which is equally 1,2,312, then the is:	e

22 A mur	nhar v is chasan at r	random from the	numbers 2 1 0 1	
	ne probability that x		numbers -2, -1, 0 , 1,	
		(D) 4/5		
marb	le is drawn at rando , then the n <mark>umb</mark> er o	om from the jar, to of white marbles	nd others are white. If a he probability that it is r in the jar is:	ed
Then the	nber is selected at r probability that it is (B) 4/25 (C) 1/25	a m <mark>ultiple o</mark> f 3 a	50 natural numbers. nd 4 is:	
	•	• •	t probability of a face wi pability of face showing	
1	5	1	4	
a)	b)	c)	d)	
7	42	21	<b>21</b>	
27. Runs scored by batsman in 5 one day matches are 50, 70, 82, 93, and				
	andard deviation is		1) 25 52	
a) 25.79	b) 25.49	c) 25.29	d) 25.69	
	nedian and mode of 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13	_	ceived on 9 consecutive	
a) 13, 15		c) 18, 15	d) 13, 16	
, .		, .	, .	

21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that

(D) 1/4 22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same

(C) 1/365

(D) 1/133225

Aryan will lose the game.

(B) 1/2

birthday is the same birthday is:

(C) 1

(B) 31/365

(A) 3/4

(A) 364/365

29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is					
	b)	<sup>1</sup> /3	c) <sup>1</sup> ,	<mark>/4</mark>	d) $^1/6$
30. X is a v	ariate betw	een 0 and	3. The value o	f E(X²) is	
a) 8	b) 7	<b>c)</b> :	27 <mark>d</mark>	<mark>) 9</mark>	
31.The rai	ndom variab	les X and	Y have variance	es 0.2 and 0.5 re	spectively.
Let Z= 5X-	2Y. The vari	ance of Z i	s?		
a) 3	b) 4	c) 5	d	<mark>) 7</mark>	
32.Out of	the followi	ng values,	which one is no	ot possible in pr	obability?
	b)				
c) $P(x) = 0$ .	.5 <mark>d)</mark>	P(x) = -0.	<mark>5</mark>		
	= 2 and E(z)				
a) 2	b) 6	c)	0	d) Insufficient d	ata
34.The co	variance of t	two indep	endent random	variable is	•
a) 1	<b>b)</b> 0	c) ·	<b>-1</b>	d) Undefined	
35.If Σ P(>	$() = k^2 - 8 th$	en, the va	lue of k is?		
a) 0	b) 1	c)	3	d) Insufficient o	lata
36.If P(x) =	= 0.5 and x =	4, then E	(x) = ?		
a) 1	b) 0.5	c) 4	•	d) 2	
27 lp a dia	arata araba	المانية	ibution the cu	m of all muchahi	litica ia
	crete proba	bility distr	ibution, the su	m of all probabi	illies is
always?	b) Infinite	<u>-1</u>	1	d) Undofined	
a) 0	b) illillite	<u>C)</u> .	<mark>1</mark>	a) Ondenned	
38.If the i	orobability o	of hitting t	he target is 0.4	, find mean and	variance.
a) 0.4, 0.2	_	).6, 0.24	c) 0.4, (		
u, 0.4, 0.2		7.0, 0.24	c, o, c	7.10 a, 0.0,	0.10
39.If the	probability t	hat a bom	b dropped from	n a place will str	ike the
_	=			d mean and vari	
a) 0.6, 0.2		, 2.4	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 4, 1.6	
. ,				• •	
40. Find th	ne mean of t	ossing 8 c	oins.		
a) 2	b) 4	c) 8	d) 1		

## 41. What is the mean and variance for standard normal distribution?

- a) Mean is 0 and variance is 1 b) Mean is 1 and variance is 0
- c) Mean is 0 and variance is  $\infty$  d) Mean is  $\infty$  and variance is 0

42. Variance of a random variable X is given by \_\_\_\_\_\_

- a) E(X)
- b) E(X2)
- c) E(X2) (E(X))2
- d) (E(X))2

43.Mean of a random variable X is given by \_\_\_\_\_

- a) E(X)
- b) E(X2)
- c) E(X2) (E(X))2
- d) (E(X))2

44. Mean of a constant 'a' is \_\_\_\_\_ .

- a) 0
- b) a
- c) a/2
- d) 1

45. Variance of a constant 'a' is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

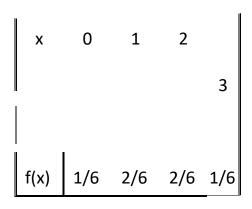
- a) 0
- b) a
- c) a/2
- d) 1

46. Find the mean and variance of X?

Х	0	1	2	3	4
f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9

- a) 2, 4/3
- b) 3, 4/3
- c) 2, 2/3
- d) 3, 2/3

47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?



- a) 0.5
- b) 1.5
- c) 2.5
- d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

a) np b) npq c) np2q d) npq2

49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use Binomial Distribution

a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx

b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)

c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)

d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx

50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard Deviation?

a)  $\sqrt{np}$  b)  $\sqrt{pq}$  c) (np)2 d)  $\sqrt{npq}$