

# Numerical Optimization with Python (2024B)

## Programming Assignment 02

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July 2, 2024

### Abstract

This report details my implementation of interior point method. This is homework for optimization course.

## 1 Linear Programming (LP)

### 1.1 Problem Definition

The linear programming problem is defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{maximize} && x + y \\ &\text{subject to} && y \geq -x + 1 \\ & && y \leq 1 \\ & && x \leq 2 \\ & && y \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

### 1.2 Results

```
Final solution: [1.99999995 0.99997752]
Objective value at the final solution: -3.000
Constraint 1 value at the final solution: -2.000
Constraint 2 value at the final solution: -0.000
Constraint 3 value at the final solution: -0.000
Constraint 4 value at the final solution: -1.000
```

Figure 1: results for LP

### 1.3 Plots

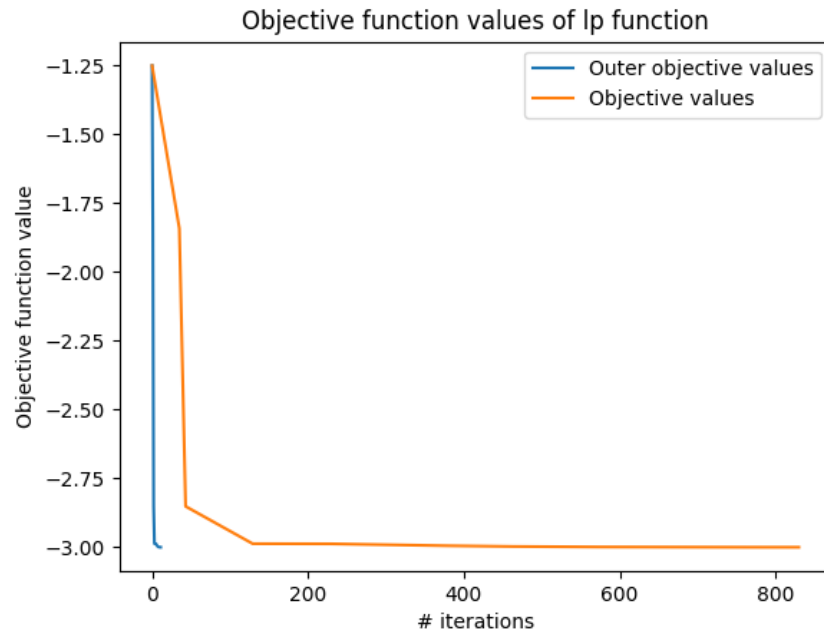


Figure 2: objective value vs. outer iteration number for linear programming case.

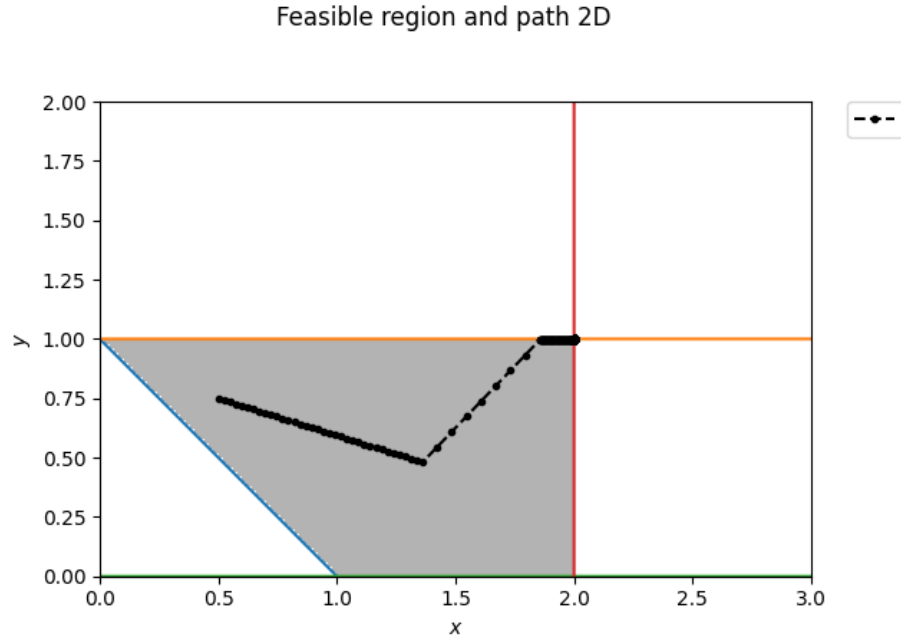


Figure 3: Feasible region and the path taken by the algorithm (LP).

## 2 Quadratic Programming (QP)

### 2.1 Problem Definition

The quadratic programming problem is defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{minimize} && x^2 + y^2 + (z + 1)^2 \\
 &\text{subject to} && x + y + z = 1 \\
 &&& x \geq 0 \\
 &&& y \geq 0 \\
 &&& z \geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

### 2.2 Results

```
Final solution: [0.32097619 0.67356423 0.00545958]  
Objective value at the final solution: 1.568  
Constraint 1 value at the final solution: -0.321  
Constraint 2 value at the final solution: -0.674  
Constraint 3 value at the final solution: -0.005  
Equality constraint 4 value at the final solution: 1.000
```

Figure 4: Results qp

## 2.3 Plots

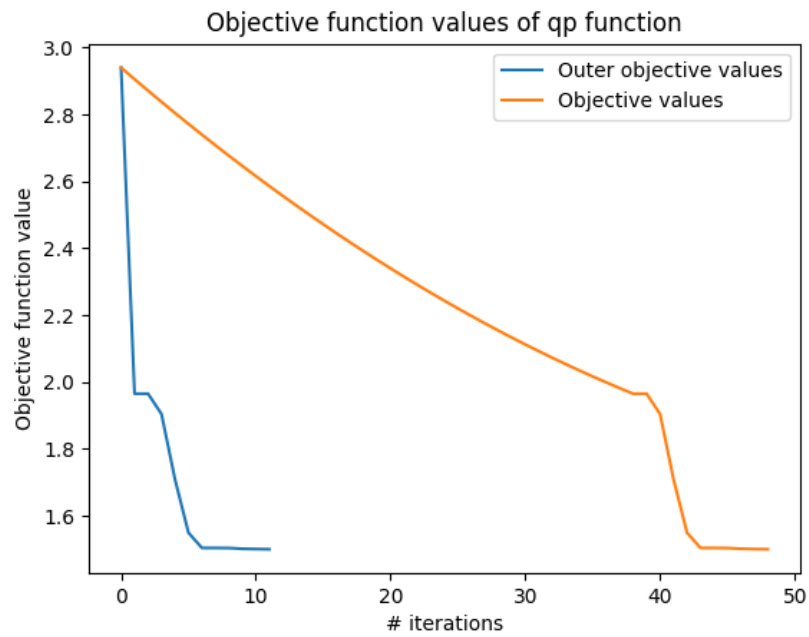


Figure 5: Objective value vs. outer iteration number (QP)

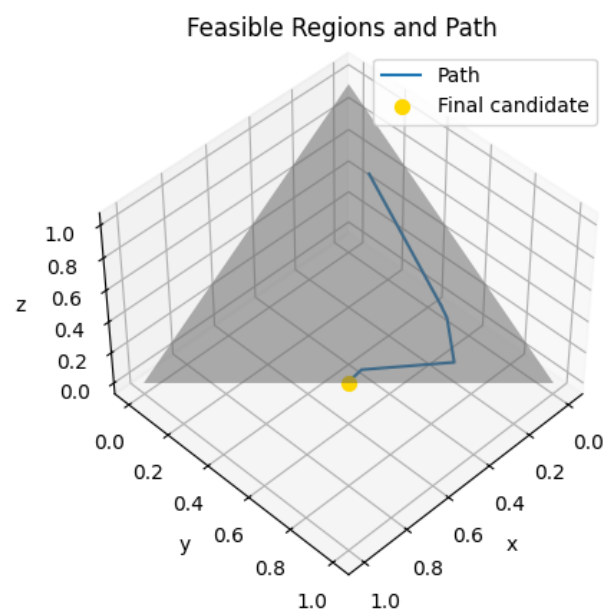


Figure 6: Feasible region and the path taken by the algorithm (QP)