# **Lab 3: Reading Material**

Lab 3 is dedicated to dynamic data structures in C, program debugging via the use of valgrind(1) and patching of binary files.

# Dynamic data structures in C

Dynamic data structures in C are usually built using pointers and C structures. Please read chapter <u>Complex types</u> of the wikibook. Memory for dynamic data is allocated and released dynamically, on the heap. C library functions for memory management are described in chapter <u>Memory management</u>.

# **Patching**

A convenient utility for inspecting binary files, called hexedit(1), is installed on the lab computers. Please read the **man** for the utility and familiarize yourself with hexedit by trying to view and edit a few different files.

# **Debugging**

Please read the **man** page for valgrind(1), you can focus on the --leak-check, --show-reachable and -v parameters. valgrind can help you detect memory leaks and other types of errors (e.g. illegal access to memory address). A quick start guide can be found <a href="http://valgrind.org/docs/manual/mc-manual.html">http://valgrind.org/docs/manual/mc-manual.html</a>.

# Input from stdin or other files

You already know fgets(3) for getting "strings" from files (like stdin). Now you must also learn to use fread() (see man fread(3)) to read a pre-specified number of bytes from a file. In order to format printouts, you should be more familiar with printf(3). In order to parse strings efficiently and extract values of different types from them you should use sscanf(3).

#### Other functions to learn

You should also be familiar with memcmp(), fseek() and fwrite().