# The Intel Microprocessor 8086 Architecture:

- 1) Explain memory banking in 8086.
- 2) Give the advantages of memory segmentation of 8086 microprocessors.
- 3) Explain Segmentation of 8086 microprocessors. Give its advantages.
- 4) Draw and explain demultiplexing of address bus in 8086.
- 5) Draw and explain maximum mode configuration 8086 system. 2
- 6) Draw and explain memory read and memory write machine cycle timing diagrams in maximum mode of 8086.
- 7) Draw and explain memory read machine cycle timing diagram in minimum mode of 8086. 2
- 8) Explain minimum mode configuration of 8086 microprocessors. 3
- 9) Explain the following instructions in 8086: LAHF and XLAT
- 10) Design 8086 based system for the following requirements
  - i) 8086 working in minimum mode with 8MHz.
  - ii) 64 KB EROM using 32 KB \* 8 devices
  - iii) 128 KB RAM using 64 KB \* 8 devices 2
- 11) Design 8086 based system for following specifications: 10
  - i) 8086 in minimum mode with clock frequency 5MHz.
  - ii) 128 KB EPROM using 32KB\*8 chips
  - iii) 32 KB RAM using 16KB\*8 chips
- 12) Explain and draw IVT. Differentiate between hardware and software interrupt.
- 13) Explain the following:
  - i) Types of interrupts 05
  - ii) Modes of 8253 Programmable Interval timer

# **Instruction Set and Programming:**

- 1) Explain different addressing modes of 8086 microprocessors. 3
- 2) Write an assembly language program to print the flag registers.
- 3) Differentiate Procedure and macro with example 2
- 4) Write a short note on mixed language programming
- 5) Write a program to find the largest number from an array
- 6) Write a 8086 assembly language program with appropriate comments, to find if the given year is a leap year or not
- 7) Write a program to find the factorial of a number using procedure.
- 8) Write addressing modes of the following instructions
  - i) MOV AX, [BX+SI]
  - ii) AND CL,[2000]
  - iii) IN AL, DX
  - iv) JMP [BX+2]
  - v) ADD AX,[BX+SI+5]

# **Memory and Peripheral Interfacing:**

- 1) Explain the interrupt structure of the 8086 microprocessor.
- 2) Explain the Initialization Command Words (ICW's) and Operational Commands Words (OCWs) of the 8259 PIC. 2
- 3) Draw the block diagram of PIC8259 and discuss its operation
- 4) Explain the operation of three 8259 PIC in cascaded mode.
- 5) Explain Strobed Bi-directional I/O Mode 2 operation of 8255 PPI with control word and timing diagram.
- 6) Explain BSR mode of 8255 PPI
- 7) Draw and explain the block diagram of 8255 Programmable Peripheral Interface (PPI) with control word formats.
- 8) Explain the I/O mode control word formats of 8255 PPI.
- 9) Explain data transfer modes of DMAC 8257.
- 10) Draw and explain the block diagram of 8257 DMA Controller.

### Intel 80386DX Processor:

- 1) Explain the protection mechanism of 80386 with a diagram.
- 2) Explain descriptors and paging mechanisms in protected mode of 80386.
- 3) Explain the modes of operation of 80386.
- 4) Explain the flag registers of 80386.
- 5) Explain VM, RF, IOPL, NT and TF flags of 80386 microprocessor 2
- 6) Differentiate real mode, protected mode and virtual mode of 80386 Microprocessor 2

### **Pentium Processor:**

- 1) Explain integer and floating point pipeline of Pentium.
- 2) Explain Branch Prediction logic used in Pentium Processor.
- 3) Explain an instruction issue algorithm of Pentium Processor. 2
- 4) Explain how flushing of pipeline problem is minimised in Pentium architecture.
- 5) Explain cache organisation of Pentium processor.

### Pentium 4:

1) Explain Pentium 4 Net Burst microarchitecture and write short notesE on hyperthreading.