

Experiment No: 3

-00	Aim: Implementation 1/of BFS and UCS
	Theory: batisis
	(3) - susus
) Breadth First Search (BFS)
	BFS is a type of uniformed search, in
Dtor	of this of the dearch of horizontal & title a
to	Meret search algorithms & tous
0 -	In BFS, queue data etnicher is used. In
	this first the mof is pushed to the stack
(and then the Front Externat readequeued
^4	and then the children are pushed into
	the queue.
•	This scheps are repeated till the queue
	15 empty:
-	- It's time complexity -> ·:0(bd)
-	- It's space complexity -> 0 (bd)
	Tor eigi
0	1) Step 1:
	(I) (I)
hon	2 2001 (3-) 8 / 9001 Queup 312
Pai	Hymn ratiois so & drom to babbo
	S angua i
	(4)
	-: auaud
	(2)

TSEC

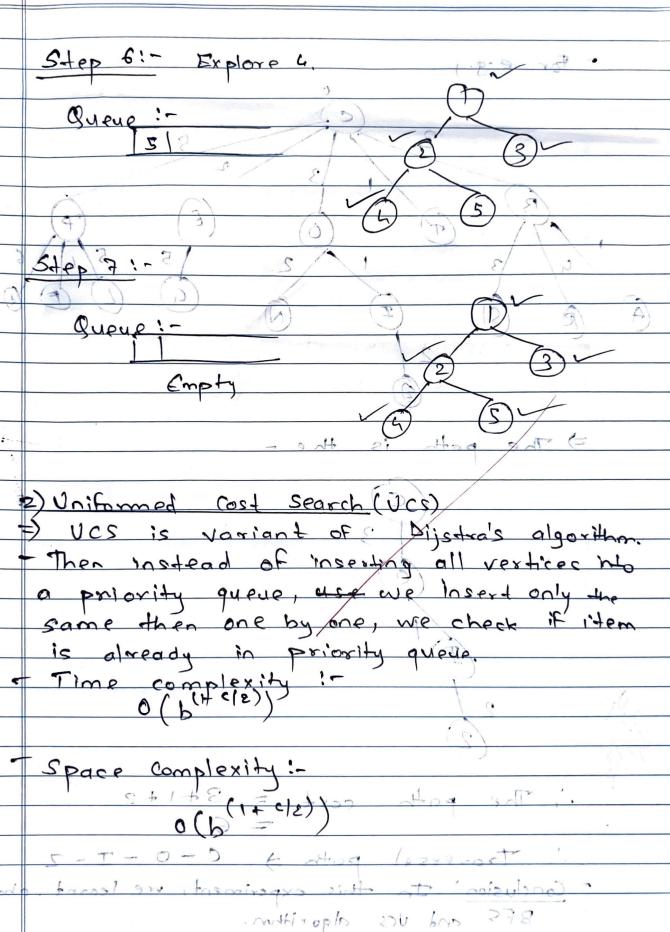
ENGINEERING COLLEGE

Step ?: ? Push othe sixoat moderninto aique us visited :-Queue :- 10002 10002 10003 1100 ni Droge bomodinu do agut a @i Step 3 15 to Explore the b childenanty quality front () of push 2 and isopin to brand papels and importer visatilizate of a sugue 278 at . South of hadand of June of to the stack bourgauere : tomat de la la contra de la contra del contra de la contra del la or the children are puched into sugnisted the Explorens and pasting 4 and 5 Quédèci- 3/4/15 1100 mit 1/45 (bd) 0 (bd) 0 (bd) Step 5 77 Explore 3 as leaf node so not added and mark 3 as visited anything Queue:-

E low framinger

21036







for eig. i. Traversal path of C-0-I-In this experiment, we learnt and ucs algorithm.

Code: (BFS)

```
from collections import deque
graph = {
       '3': 2,
visited = set()
partial explored = set()
def bfs_with_cost(graph, start_node, goal_node):
 queue = deque([(start node, 0)])
   node, path cost = queue.popleft()
   if node not in visited:
     print(f"{node} (Cost: {path_cost})")
     visited.add(node)
     if node == goal node:
       print(f"Goal node {goal node} reached!")
       return
     partial explored.add(node)
```

```
for neighbour, edge_cost in graph[node].items():
    if neighbour not in visited:
        queue.append((neighbour, path_cost + edge_cost))

print(
    f"Nodes with partially explored children in current iteration:
{partial_explored}"
    )

goal_node = '8'
print(
    f"Following is the Breadth-First Search with Path Cost to reach goal node {goal_node}"
)
bfs_with_cost(graph, '5', goal_node)

print("\nNodes with partially explored children in each iteration:")
print(partial_explored)
```

Output:

```
Following is the Breadth-First Search with Path Cost to reach goal node 8
5 (Cost: 0)
Nodes with partially explored children in current iteration: {'5'}
3 (Cost: 2)
Nodes with partially explored children in current iteration: {'3', '5'}
7 (Cost: 1)
Nodes with partially explored children in current iteration: {'7', '3', '5'}
2 (Cost: 5)
Nodes with partially explored children in current iteration: {'7', '3', '2', '5'}
4 (Cost: 6)
Nodes with partially explored children in current iteration: {'4', '3', '7', '2', '5'}
8 (Cost: 6)
Goal node 8 reached!
Nodes with partially explored children in each iteration:
{'4', '3', '7', '2', '5'}
```

Code: (UCS)

```
import heapq

def ucs(graph, start, goal):
   priority_queue = [(0, start, [start])]
   visited = set()
```

```
cost, current_node, path = heapq.heappop(priority_queue)
   if current node == goal:
      print("Goal reached! Total cost:", cost)
      print("Traversal path:", path)
      return
   if current node not in visited:
      print("Visiting node:", current node)
      visited.add(current node)
      for neighbor, edge cost in graph[current node]:
        if neighbor not in visited:
          heapq.heappush(priority_queue,
                         (cost + edge cost, neighbor, path +
[neighbor]))
graph = {
    'A': [('B', 1)],
    'B': [('C', 2), ('A', 1), ('R', 4), ('S', 3)],
    'R': [('B', 4)],
    'S': [('B', 3)],
    'I': [('0', 1), ('Z', 2)],
    'N': [('O', 2)],
    'G': [('E', 5)],
    'L': [('P', 5)],
    'F': [('P', 1)],
    'D': [('P', 3)]
ucs(graph, 'C', 'Z')
```

Output:

```
Visiting node: C
Visiting node: B
Visiting node: E
Visiting node: A
Visiting node: A
Visiting node: I
Visiting node: I
Visiting node: P
Visiting node: P
Visiting node: F
Visiting node: R
Goal reached! Total cost: 6
Traversal path: ['C', '0', 'I', 'Z']
```