

FIRST: Programming Loanisady Programming Programming langu. 1 lang. 2 lang. homalami et mospera front front-end 2 end 1 involved to solve of the of the to network to place sorrece rightum merpargo 70 anst backend 2.) 20 22 29 1 1 1 1000 00 10 Machine 1 SECOND Programming long, 2 2204 p 0092 & Frontend \$ 017 -129 NAM 42 Platform Topender son stranger to you Backend Back -Back Mochinez To door to bus found and a resign bossioned plan bon as 11.



2) Socond: IF We want to design a compiler for the same programming language for different machines system. In this case, we make different Back End For different Machines and make only one Front End for same programming language.

Conclusion: In conclusion, the choice between a single pass and a two pass apmpiler depends on specific requirements and trade offs. Multipass compilers offers greater flexibility for different programming languages and machines systems but compat cost of additional processing.

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## Code:

```
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
class twopassmacro {
   static String mnt[][] = new String[5][3];
   public static void main(String args[]) {
       pass1();
       System.out.println("Macro Table(MNT)");
       display(mnt, mntc, 3);
       System.out.println("Argument Array(ALA) for Pass1");
       display(ala, alac, 2);
       System.out.println("Macronition Table(MDT)");
       display(mdt, mdtc, 1);
       pass2();
       System.out.println("Argument Array(ALA) for Pass2");
       display(ala, alac, 2);
       System.out.println("Note: All are displayed here whereas
intermediate pass1 output & expanded pass2 output is stored in files");
   static void pass1() {
       String s, prev = "", substring;
            BufferedReader inp = new BufferedReader(new
FileReader("input.txt"));
            File op = new File("pass1 output.txt");
            if (!op.exists())
                op.createNewFile();
            BufferedWriter output = new BufferedWriter(new
FileWriter(op.getAbsoluteFile()));
            while ((s = inp.readLine()) != null) {
                if (s.equalsIgnoreCase("MACRO")) {
```

```
prev = s;
inp.readLine()).equalsIgnoreCase("MEND"); mdtc++, prev = s) {
                        if (prev.equalsIgnoreCase("MACRO")) {
StringTokenizer(s);
String[st.countTokens()];
                            for (i = 0; i < str.length; i++)
                                str[i] = st.nextToken();
                            mnt[mntc][0] = (mntc + 1) + "";
                            mnt[mntc++][2] = (++mdtc) + "";
                            st = new StringTokenizer(str[1], ",");
                            for (i = 0; i < string.length; i++) {</pre>
                                string[i] = st.nextToken();
                                ala[alac][0] = alac + "";
                                if (index != -1)
                                    ala[alac++][1] =
string[i].substring(0, index);
                                else
                                    ala[alac++][1] = string[i];
                            index = s.indexOf("&");
                            substring = s.substring(index);
                            for (i = 0; i < alac; i++)
                                if (ala[i][1].equals(substring))
                                    s = s.replaceAll(substring, "#" +
ala[i][0]);
                        mdt[mdtc - 1][0] = s;
                    mdt[mdtc - 1][0] = s;
                } else {
                    output.write(s);
                    output.newLine();
```

```
output.close();
        } catch (FileNotFoundException ex) {
            System.out.println("Unable to find file ");
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
    static void pass2() {
        int alap = 0, index, mdtp, flag = 0, i, j;
            BufferedReader inp = new BufferedReader(new
FileReader("pass1 output.txt"));
            File op = new File("pass2 output.txt");
            if (!op.exists())
                op.createNewFile();
            BufferedWriter output = new BufferedWriter(new
FileWriter(op.getAbsoluteFile()));
            for (; (s = inp.readLine()) != null; flag = 0) {
                StringTokenizer st = new StringTokenizer(s);
                String str[] = new String[st.countTokens()];
                for (i = 0; i < str.length; i++)
                    str[i] = st.nextToken();
                    if (str[0].equals(mnt[j][1])) {
                        mdtp = Integer.parseInt(mnt[j][2]);
                        st = new StringTokenizer(str[1], ",");
                        String arg[] = new String[st.countTokens()];
                        for (i = 0; i < arg.length; i++) {</pre>
                            arg[i] = st.nextToken();
                            ala[alap++][1] = arg[i];
                        for (i = mdtp;
! (mdt[i][0].equalsIgnoreCase("MEND")); i++) {
                            index = mdt[i][0].indexOf("#");
                            temp = mdt[i][0].substring(0, index);
                            temp += ala[Integer.parseInt("" +
mdt[i][0].charAt(index + 1))][1];
                            output.write(temp);
                            output.newLine();
```

```
flag = 1;
           if (flag == 0) {
               output.write(s);
               output.newLine();
       output.close();
        System.out.println("Unable to find file ");
       e.printStackTrace();
static void display(String a[][], int n, int m) {
            System.out.print(a[i][j] + " ");
       System.out.println();
```

## **Output:**

```
C:\Program Files (x86)\Java\jdk1.6.0_2\bin\java twopassmacro
Macro Name Table(MNT)

1 INCR1 1

2 INCR2 5
Argument List Array(ALA) for Pass1

0 &FIRST

1 &SECOND

2 &ARG1

3 &ARG2
Macro Definition Table(MDT)
INCR1 &FIRST,&SECOND=DATA9

A 1,#0

L 2,#1

MEND
INCR2 &ARG1,&ARG2=DATA5

L 3,#2
ST 4,#3

MEND
Argument List Array(ALA) for Pass2

0 DATA1

1 DATA2

2 DATA3

3 DATA4
```