1. Illustration of Where Clause, AND,OR operations in MongoDB.MongoDB: Insert, Query, Update, Delete and Projection.

## Switch to created DB:

```
use ProgBooksDB switched to db ProgBooksDB
```

## **Create Collection:**

```
ProgBooksDB> db.createCollection("ProgrammingBooks")
```

### **Insert One Documents:**

```
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.insertOne({
   title: "The Pragmatic Programmer: Your Journey to Mastery",
   author: "David Thomas, Andrew Hunt",
   category: "Software Development",
   year: 1999
})
```

## **Insert Many Documents:**

```
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.insertMany([
    title: "Clean Code: A Handbook of Agile Software Craftsmanship",
    author: "Robert C. Martin",
   category: "Software Development",
   year: 2008
  },
    title: "JavaScript: The Good Parts",
   author: "Douglas Crockford",
   category: "JavaScript",
    year: 2008
  },
    title: "Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software",
    author: "Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides",
   category: "Software Design",
    year: 1994
  },
    title: "Introduction to Algorithms",
```

```
author: "Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest,
Clifford Stein",
    category: "Algorithms",
    year: 1990
},
{
    title: "Python Crash Course: A Hands-On, Project-Based Introduction to
Programming",
    author: "Eric Matthes",
    category: "Python",
    year: 2015
}
```

# **Find Documents:**

```
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.find().pretty()
[
   _id: ObjectId('664ee3b1924a8039f62202d8'),
   title: 'The Pragmatic Programmer: Your Journey to Mastery',
   author: 'David Thomas, Andrew Hunt',
   category: 'Software Development',
    year: 1999
  },
    id: ObjectId('664ee452924a8039f62202d9'),
    title: 'Clean Code: A Handbook of Agile Software Craftsmanship',
    author: 'Robert C. Martin',
   category: 'Software Development',
    year: 2008
  },
    id: ObjectId('664ee452924a8039f62202da'),
    title: 'JavaScript: The Good Parts',
    author: 'Douglas Crockford',
   category: 'JavaScript',
    year: 2008
  },
    id: ObjectId('664ee452924a8039f62202db'),
    title: 'Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software',
    author: 'Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides',
    category: 'Software Design',
    year: 1994
  },
    id: ObjectId('664ee452924a8039f62202dc'),
    title: 'Introduction to Algorithms',
    author: 'Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest,
Clifford Stein',
   category: 'Algorithms',
   year: 1990
```

```
},
    id: ObjectId('664ee452924a8039f62202dd'),
    title: 'Python Crash Course: A Hands-On, Project-Based Introduction to
Programming',
   author: 'Eric Matthes',
   category: 'Python',
   year: 2015
1
Where Clause(Find The Documents with condition):
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.find({ year: { $gt: 2000 } }).pretty()
    id: ObjectId('664ee452924a8039f62202d9'),
    title: 'Clean Code: A Handbook of Agile Software Craftsmanship',
    author: 'Robert C. Martin',
   category: 'Software Development',
    year: 2008
  },
    id: ObjectId('664ee452924a8039f62202da'),
    title: 'JavaScript: The Good Parts',
    author: 'Douglas Crockford',
   category: 'JavaScript',
   year: 2008
  },
    id: ObjectId('664ee452924a8039f62202dd'),
    title: 'Python Crash Course: A Hands-On, Project-Based Introduction to
Programming',
   author: 'Eric Matthes',
    category: 'Python',
    year: 2015
  }
]
```

# **Update One Documents:**

```
ProgBooksDB>db.ProgrammingBooks.updateOne(
    { title: "Clean Code: A Handbook of Agile Software Craftsmanship" },
    { $set: { author: "Robert C. Martin (Uncle Bob)" } }
)

//verify by displaying books published in year 2008
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.find({ year: { $eq: 2008 } }).pretty()
[
```

```
id: ObjectId('663eaaebae582498972202df'),
    title: 'Clean Code: A Handbook of Agile Software Craftsmanship',
   author: 'Robert C. Martin (Uncle Bob)',
   category: 'Software Development',
   year: 2008
 },
    id: ObjectId('663eaaebae582498972202e0'),
   title: 'JavaScript: The Good Parts',
   author: 'Douglas Crockford',
   category: 'JavaScript',
   year: 2008
//another way to verify
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.find({ author: { $regex: "Robert*" }
}).pretty()
    _id: ObjectId('664ee452924a8039f62202d9'),
   title: 'Clean Code: A Handbook of Agile Software Craftsmanship',
   author: 'Robert C. Martin (Uncle Bob)',
   category: 'Software Development',
   year: 2008
 }
1
```

## **Update Many Documents:**

```
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.updateMany(
 { year: { $1t: 2010 } },
  { $set: { category: "Classic Programming Books" } }
//verify the update operation by displaying books published before year 2010
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.find({ year: { $1t: 2010 } }).pretty()
[
    id: ObjectId('663eaaebae582498972202df'),
    title: 'Clean Code: A Handbook of Agile Software Craftsmanship',
    author: 'Robert C. Martin (Uncle Bob)',
    category: 'Classic Programming Books',
    year: 2008
  },
    _id: ObjectId('663eaaebae582498972202e0'),
   title: 'JavaScript: The Good Parts',
   author: 'Douglas Crockford',
    category: 'Classic Programming Books',
    year: 2008
  },
  {
```

```
id: ObjectId('663eaaebae582498972202e1'),
    title: 'Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software',
   author: 'Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides',
   category: 'Classic Programming Books',
   year: 1994
 },
    id: ObjectId('663eaaebae582498972202e2'),
   title: 'Introduction to Algorithms',
   author: 'Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest,
Clifford Stein',
   category: 'Classic Programming Books',
   year: 1990
 },
 {
    id: ObjectId('663eab05ae582498972202e4'),
   title: 'The Pragmatic Programmer: Your Journey to Mastery',
   author: 'David Thomas, Andrew Hunt',
   category: 'Classic Programming Books',
   year: 1999
 }
]
```

# **Delete operation Documents:**

```
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.deleteOne({ title: "JavaScript: The Good
Parts" })

{ acknowledged: true, deletedCount: 1 }

//Verify to see document is deleted
ProgBooksDB> db.ProgrammingBooks.find({ title: "JavaScript: The Good Parts"
}).pretty()
```

## **Experiment 2:**

## a. Select & ignore Fields

```
Create Database & Collection:
```

```
test> use MoviesDB
switched to db MoviesDB
MoviesDB> db.createCollection("Movies")
{ ok: 1 }
MoviesDB> db.Movies.insertMany([
 { title: "Inception", director: "Christopher Nolan", genre: "Science Fiction", year: 2010,
ratings: { imdb: 8.8, rottenTomatoes: 87 } },
 { title: "The Matrix", director: "Wachowskis", genre: "Science Fiction", year: 1999, ratings: {
imdb: 8.7, rottenTomatoes: 87 } },
 { title: "The Godfather", director: "Francis Ford Coppola", genre: "Crime", year: 1972,
ratings: { imdb: 9.2, rottenTomatoes: 97 } },
 { title: "Pulp Fiction", director: "Quentin Tarantino", genre: "Crime", year: 1994, ratings: {
imdb: 8.9, rottenTomatoes: 92 } },
 { title: "The Shawshank Redemption", director: "Frank Darabont", genre: "Drama", year:
1994, ratings: { imdb: 9.3, rottenTomatoes: 91 } },
{ title: "The Dark Knight", director: "Christopher Nolan", genre: "Action", year: 2008,
ratings:{ imdb: 9.0, rottenTomatoes: 94 } },
 { title: "Fight Club", director: "David Fincher", genre: "Drama", year: 1999, ratings: { imdb:
8.8, rottenTomatoes: 79 }}
1)
Including Specific Fields:
To include specific fields, set the fields you want to include to 1,
To select only the title and director fields from the Movies collection
MoviesDB> db.Movies.find({}, { title: 1, director: 1 })
MoviesDB> db.Movies.find({}, { title: 1, director: 1, _id: 0 })
Excluding Specific Field:
MoviesDB> db.Movies.find({}, { ratings: 0 })
Combining Filter & Projection:
```

MoviesDB> db.Movies.find({ director: "Christopher Nolan" }, { title: 1, year: 1, \_id: 0 })

# b. Use of Limit and find in MongoDB query

MoviesDB> db.Movies.find({}, { title: 1, director: 1, year: 1, \_id: 0 }).limit(5)

### Experiment 3: Query selectors (comparison selectors, logical selectors)

```
test> use companyDB
   companyDB> db.Employees.insertMany([
    { name: "Alice", age: 30, department: "HR", salary: 50000, joinDate: new Date("2015-01-15") },
    { name: "Bob", age: 24, department: "Engineering", salary: 70000, joinDate: new Date("2019-
   03-10") },
    { name: "Charlie", age: 29, department: "Engineering", salary: 75000, joinDate: new
   Date("2017-06-23") },
    { name: "David", age: 35, department: "Marketing", salary: 60000, joinDate: new Date("2014-
   11-01") },
    { name: "Eve", age: 28, department: "Finance", salary: 80000, joinDate: new Date("2018-08-
   19") }
   1)
   a. Queries Using Comparison Selectors
1. $eq (Equal)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ department: { $eq: "Engineering" } }).pretty()
2. $ne (Not Equal)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ department: { $ne: "HR" } }).pretty()
3. $gt (Greater Than)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ age: { $gt: 30 } }).pretty()
4. $It (Less Than)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ salary: { $lt: 70000 } }).pretty()
5. $gte (Greater Than or Equal)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ joinDate: { $gte: new Date("2018-01-01") } }).pretty()
6. $Ite (Less Than or Equal)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ age: { $lte: 28 } }).pretty()
Queries Using Logical Selectors:
1. $and (Logical AND)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ $and: [{ department: "Engineering" }, { salary: { $gt: 70000 } } ]
```

}).pretty()

```
2. $or (Logical OR)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ $or: [ { department: "HR" }, { salary: { $lt: 60000 } } ] }),pretty()
3. $not (Logical NOT)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ department: { $not: { $eq: "Engineering" } } }).pretty()
4. $nor (Logical NOR)
companyDB> db.Employees.find({ $nor: [ { department: "HR" }, { salary: { $gt: 75000 } } ]
).pretty()
b. Query selectors (Geospatial selectors, Bitwise selectors)
Geospatial Selectors:
test> use geoDatabase
switched to db geoDatabase
geoDatabase> db.Places.insertMany([
 { name: "Central Park", location: { type: "Point", coordinates: [-73.9654, 40.7829] } },
 { name: "Times Square", location: { type: "Point", coordinates: [-73.9851, 40.7580] } },
 { name: "Brooklyn Bridge", location: { type: "Point", coordinates: [-73.9969, 40.7061] } },
 { name: "Empire State Building", location: { type: "Point", coordinates: [-73.9857, 40.7488]
} },
 { name: "Statue of Liberty", location: { type: "Point", coordinates: [-74.0445, 40.6892] } }
1)
// Create a geospatial index
geoDatabase> db.Places.createIndex({ location: "2dsphere" })
Geospatial Queries:
1. $near (Find places near a certain point)
geoDatabase> db.Places.find({ location: { $near: { $geometry: {
coordinates: [-73.9851, 40.7580]
                                 }, $maxDistance: 5000 // distance in meters } }}).pretty()
2. $geoWithin (Find places within a specific area)
geoDatabase> db.Places.find({ location: { $geoWithin: { $geometry: { type: "Polygon",
coordinates: [ [ -70.016, 35.715],
                 [-74.014, 40.717],
                 [-73.990, 40.730],
                 [-73.990, 40.715],
                 [-70.016, 35.715] ] } }}).pretty()
```

#### **Bitwise Selectors:**

test> use techDB

#### **Bitwise Queries:**

1. \$bitsAllSet (Find documents where all bits are set)

```
techDB> db.Devices.find({ status: { $bitsAllSet: [0, 2] }}).pretty()
```

2. \$bitsAnySet (Find documents where any of the bits are set)

```
techDB> db.Devices.find({ status: { $bitsAnySet: [1] }}).pretty()
```

3. \$bitsAllClear (Find documents where all bits are clear)

```
techDB> db.Devices.find({ status: { $bitsAllClear: [1, 3] }}).pretty()
```

4. \$bitsAnyClear (Find documents where any of the bits are clear)

```
techDB> db.Devices.find({ status: { $bitsAnyClear: [0] }}).pretty()
```

4. Create and demonstrate how projection operators (\$, \$elematch and \$slice) would be used in the MondoDB.

#### **Creating Product:**

```
test> use retailDB
switched to db retailDB
retailDB> db.Products.insertMany([
  name: "Laptop",
 brand: "BrandA",
  features: [
   { name: "Processor", value: "Intel i7" },
   { name: "RAM", value: "16GB" },
   { name: "Storage", value: "512GB SSD" }
  ],
  reviews: [
   { user: "Alice", rating: 5, comment: "Excellent!" },
   { user: "Bob", rating: 4, comment: "Very good" },
   { user: "Charlie", rating: 3, comment: "Average" }
 ]
 },
  name: "Smartphone",
  brand: "BrandB",
  features: [
   { name: "Processor", value: "Snapdragon 888" },
   { name: "RAM", value: "8GB" },
   { name: "Storage", value: "256GB" }
 ],
  reviews: [
   { user: "Dave", rating: 4, comment: "Good phone" },
   { user: "Eve", rating: 2, comment: "Not satisfied" }
 ]
}
])
```

### 1. The \$ Projection Operator

**Example:** Find the product named "Laptop" and project the review from the user "Alice".

```
retailDB> db.Products.find(
  { name: "Laptop", "reviews.user": "Alice" },
  { "reviews.$": 1 }
).pretty()
```

### 2. The \$elemMatch Projection Operator

**Example:** Find the product named "Laptop" and project the review where the rating is greater than 4.

```
retailDB> db.Products.find(
  { name: "Laptop" },
  { reviews: { $elemMatch: { rating: { $gt: 4 } } } }).pretty()
```

## 3. The \$slice Projection Operator

**Example:** Find the product named "Smartphone" and project the first review.

```
retailDB> db.Products.find(
  { name: "Smartphone" },
  { reviews: { $slice: 1 } }
).pretty()
```

5. Execute Aggregation operations (\$avg, \$min,\$max, \$push, \$addToSet etc.). students encourage to execute several queries to demonstrate various aggregation operators)

#### **Create the Sales Collection and Insert Documents**

```
test> use salesDB
salesDB> db.Sales.insertMany([
    { date: new Date("2024-01-01"), product: "Laptop", price: 1200, quantity: 1, customer:
"Amar" },
    { date: new Date("2024-01-02"), product: "Laptop", price: 1200, quantity: 2, customer:
"Babu" },
    { date: new Date("2024-01-03"), product: "Mouse", price: 25, quantity: 5, customer:
"Chandra" },
    { date: new Date("2024-01-04"), product: "Keyboard", price: 45, quantity: 3, customer:
"Amar" },
    { date: new Date("2024-01-05"), product: "Monitor", price: 300, quantity: 1, customer:
"Babu" },
    { date: new Date("2024-01-06"), product: "Laptop", price: 1200, quantity: 1, customer:
"Deva" }
])
```

#### 1. \$avg (Average)

#### 2. \$min (Minimum)

#### 3. \$max (Maximum)

```
salesDB> db.Sales.aggregate([
     {
```

```
$group: {
   _id: "$product",
   maxPrice: { $max: "$price" }
}
}]).pretty()
```

### 4. \$push (Push Values to an Array)

### 5. \$addToSet (Add Unique Values to an Array)