

# Syllabus Details

Sr.no	Chapter Name	Marks
1	Basics of JavaScript Programming	12
2	Array , Function and String	14
3	Form and Event Handling	10
4	Cookies and Browser Data	08
5	Regular Expression , Rollover & Frames	14
6	Menus , navigation and web page protection	12
Total		70

# Course Introduction

- JavaScript is limited featured client side programming language.
- JavaScript runs at the client end through the user's browser without sending messages back and forth to the server.
- It is widely used by the web developers to do things such as build dynamic web pages, respond to events, create interactive forms, validate data that the visitor enters into a form, control the browser etc.
- This course helps student to create highly interactive web pages and Dynamic Web Pages using the these features.

## **Basic Knowledge Required**

- HTML-Hypertext Markup Language.
- CSS-Cascading Style Sheets.

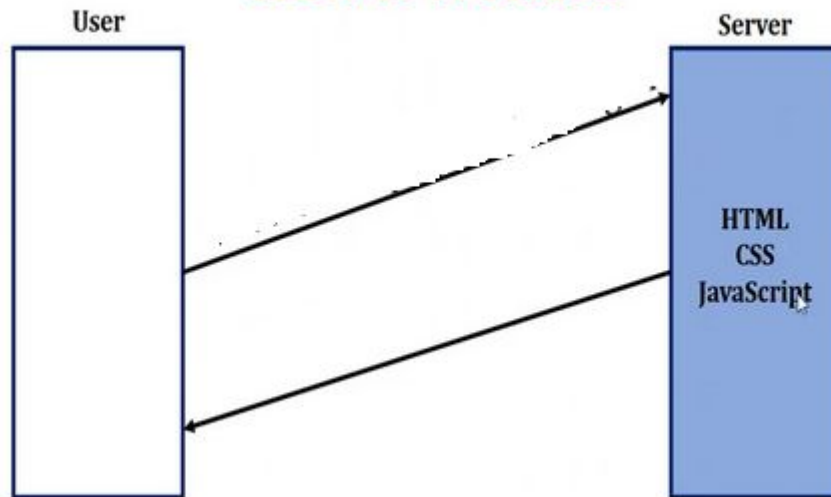
## What is scripting language....?

- All scripting languages are programming languages.
- The scripting language is basically a language where instructions are written for a run time environment.
- They do not require the compilation step and are rather interpreted.
- A scripting language is a programming language designed for integrating and communicating with other programming languages.

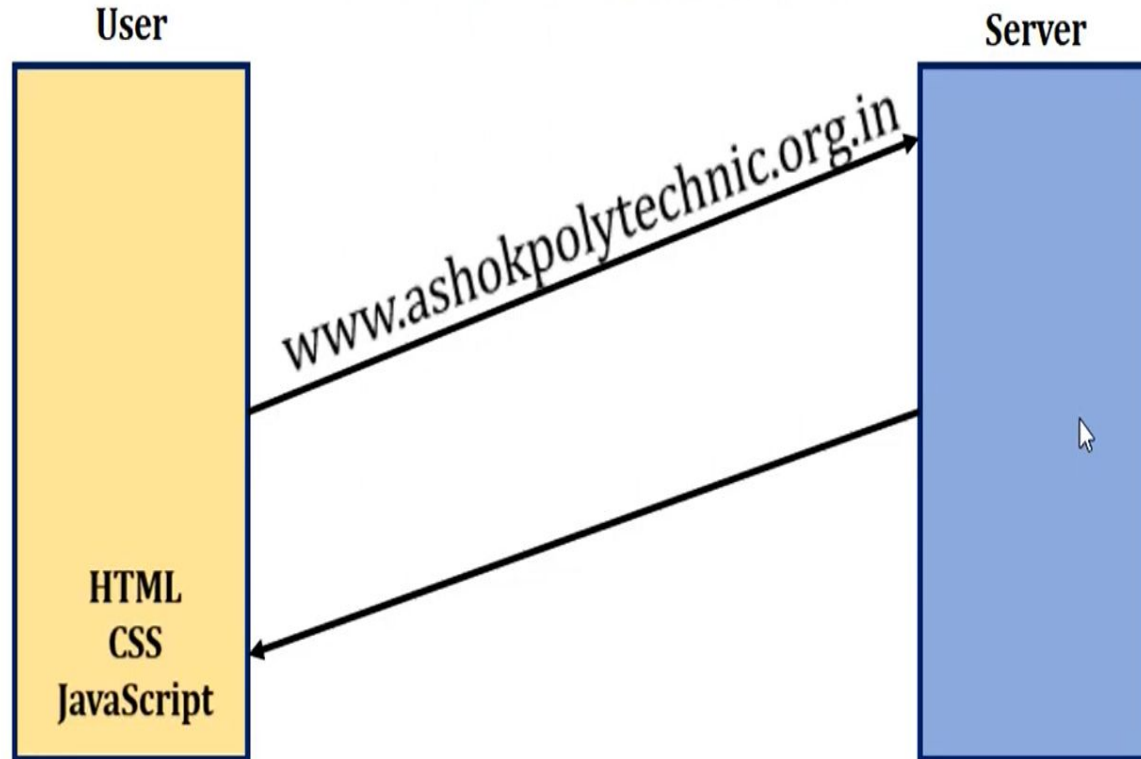
# What is JavaScript...?

- JavaScript is the Programming language of HTML and Web Pages.
- It makes web pages dynamic.
- It is an interpreted programming language with object oriented capabilities.

## How it Works...



# How it Works...





# Difference between Java and JavaScript

- Java and JavaScript are two completely different languages in both concept and design.
- However, the syntax is similar.
- Java (developed by Sun Microsystems) is a powerful and much more complex programming language - in the same category as C and C++.
- JavaScript is not a full-featured programming language.
- JavaScript only executed in a browser.



# What is JavaScript

- JavaScript is popular, light weight and an Open Source Client Side Language supported by all browsers.
- JavaScript is a dynamic computer programming language .When JavaScript is applied with an HTML document, it can provide dynamic interactivity on website.
- JavaScript is also being used in many Game development and Mobile Application development.

## 1.1 Features of JavaScript -

- 1> Light-weight, interpreted programming language.
- 2> Scripting language and it is not Java.
- 3> Browser support
- 4> JS is case sensitive.
- 5> Object based language as it provides predefined objects.
- 6> Giving the user more control over the browser.
- 7> Interpreter based scripting language.
- 8> Most of control statement syntax same as C language.

# Features of JavaScript

- Light Weighted Scripting Language
- Case Sensitive
- Interpreter Based
- Client Side Technology
- Validating User's Input
- Object-Based Scripting Language
- Every statement in JavaScript must be terminated with semicolon (;)
- Most of the JavaScript control statements syntax is same as syntax of control statements in C language.
- An important part of JavaScript is the ability to create new functions within scripts. Declare a function using function keyword.
- Event Handling
- Looping Statement (for, while, do while)
- if...else Statement (if, if else, if else if, nested if)
- Control Statement (switch, continue, break)
- In-Built Function

- 1) Speed — JS runs fast as code runs on browser.
- 2) Simplicity — Simple to learn and implement
- 3) Versatility — can be used in a huge variety of applications.
- 4) Server load — Reduces website server load.
- 5) Less server interaction — Saver server traffic.
- 6) Easy to debug — easy to debug & testing
- 7) Richer interfaces — drop-down menu, sliders, etc.
- 8) Immediate feedback to <sup>visitors</sup> users — User don't have to wait for a page ~~reload~~ reload.
- 9) Increased interactivity — create interfaces that react when user mouse over them.
- 10) Lightweight and Interpreted — allows to build interactivity to static HTML pages
- 11) Build Dynamic web pages
- 12) Display alert boxes
- 13) Validate information in forms

12) Display alert boxes      13) validate information in forms  
Disadvantages of JavaScript -

- 1) Security - user's computer can be exploited for malicious <sup>purpose</sup> programs.
- 2) Relying on end user - As JS is sometimes interpreted differently by different browsers.
- 3) Does not allow the reading or writing of files.
- 4) Can not be used for Networking applications.
- 5) Does not have any multitasking or multi-process capabilities.

## Softwares required for running Javascript programs

You can use softwares like Notepad and Browser which installed already in the system. Except this you can also use following IDE or softwares

- ✓ 1) Notepad ++
- 2) Sublime
- 3) Atom
- ✓ 4) Visual Studio Code (VS Code)
- 5) Microsoft FrontPage
- 6) Macromedia Dreamweaver, etc.
- 7) WebStorm
- 8) Netbeans

</script>

## Comments in JavaScript -

JavaScript supports both C-style and C++-style comments.

- ① Single line comment → // . . . . .
- ② Multiline comment → /\* . . . . . \*/
- ③ HTML comment → <!-- . . . . . -->
- ④ JavaScript comment → <!-- . . . . . -->



# How to Write JavaScript ?

## ➤ Script tag with example

JavaScript is implemented by adding `<script>.....</script>` tag within HTML tag in a web page.

Script tag can be inserted within webpage by following ways:

### **Script in head section**

```
<head>  
<script>  
//JavaScript code  
</script>  
</head>
```

### **Script in body section**

```
<body>  
<script>  
//JavaScript code  
</script>  
</body>
```

# <script> Tag

➤ <script> tag has following attributes

**1. Language**

**2. Type**

1.Language-The language attribute set value to "JavaScript".

2.Type-The type attribute tells the browser that the script is in plain text and the text is organized in the format of a JavaScript.

```
<script language="JavaScript" , type="text/javascript">  
document.write("Hello")  
</script >
```

# Object Name

- A JavaScript object is a collection of named values and these named vales are properties of object.
- A web page contains various objects; some of them are of same type whereas some of them are of different type of object.
- Each object should be uniquely identified by a name or Ids in web age to distinguished between them
- JavaScript supports various objects like document, form , button, window etc.

# Object Example

Object	Properties	Method
student	student.name="Vijay"	student.display()
	student.age=21	
	student.year="TY"	

# Property

- Property is a value associated with an object.
- Every object has its own set of properties for example window has properties like width,height,backgroundcolor etc.
- A property is a "**key:value**" pair.
  - Key (property name)
  - value (property value)

# Method

- Method is a set of instructions performed by an object when it receives a message.
- Methods are stored in properties as function definitions.

## **Accessing object method:**

### **Syntax:**

Objectname.methodname()

### **E.g.**

Name=person.fullname()



# Dot Syntax

- We can access an **object's properties** and **method** by using the **dot syntax** with the object name and it's property or method.
- Dot (.) separates the **name of object** from the **property** or **method**.

Object	Properties	Method
bike	bike.make="Bajaj"	bike.add() bike.name()
	bike.name="Platina"	
	bike.m_year=2020	



# Main Event

- In JavaScript , an **event** is the way to start executing your code like on **mouse click, button click** etc.
- JavaScript reacts to events with the help of **event handling**.
- The function written for event handling are known as **event handler**.

