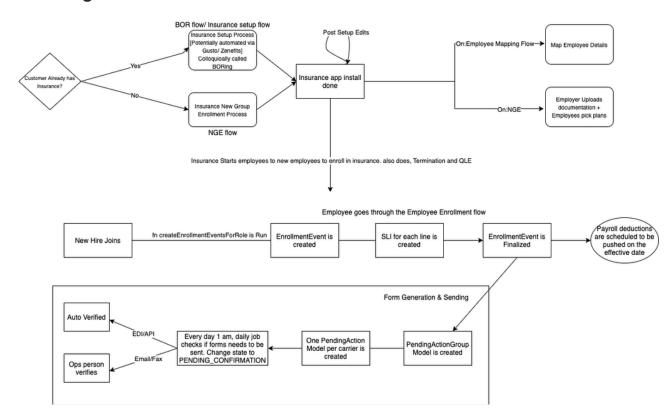
## Insurance Models

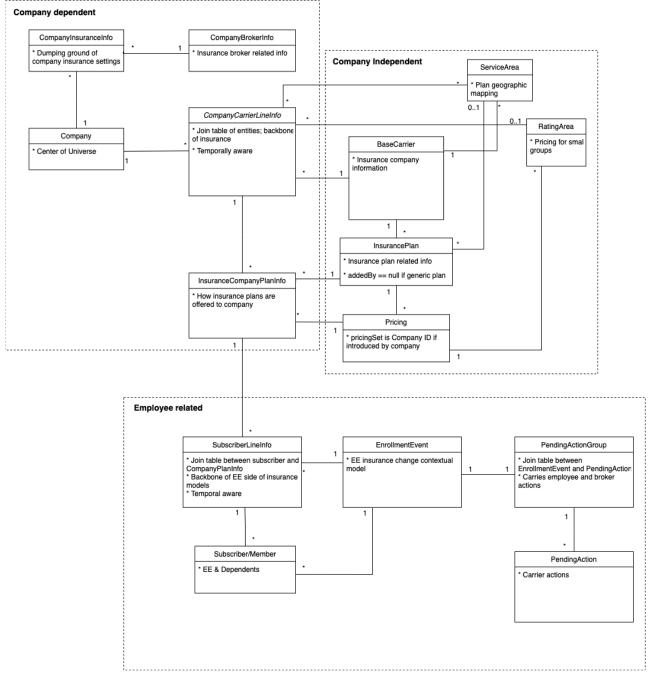
- Flow Diagram
- Database Schema
- Database Models
  - Company Independent Core
    - Insurance Carrier BaseCarrier in diagram
    - InsurancePlan Design Debt
    - Pricing Design Debt
    - RatingArea
    - ServiceArea
  - Relationships
  - Company Dependent
    - Company
    - CompanyBrokerInfo
    - CompanyInsuranceInfo
    - InsuranceCompanyCarrierLineInfo (CCLI)
    - InsuranceCompanyPlanInfo
    - CompanyEnrollmentEvent
    - CompanyEnrollmentEventStateInfo
  - Employee Related
    - SubscriberLineInfo
    - SubscriberCompanyEventInfo
    - EnrollmentEvent
    - PendingActionGroup Employee/Ops Related
    - PendingAction Employee/Ops Related
- Important Tech Talk Sessions

## Flow Diagram *⊘*



## **Database Schema** $\oslash$

This diagram is incomplete and does not completely match model descriptions that follow.



Source diagram file

- 1 Effectivity is used in this design. Learn more here
  - Effectivity
  - Temporal Property
  - https://robinhood.engineering/tracking-temporal-data-at-robinhood-b62291644a31

## Database Models *⊘*

## **Company Independent Core** *⊘*

#### Insurance Carrier BaseCarrier in diagram &

Represents a Carrier that Insurance works with. Main Attributes: StateCode. CarrierIds.

#### InsurancePlan Design Debt 🔗

- · Not directly dependent on company.
- Mainly Provided by external Vendors. Vericred. Noyo. Metlife. Beam etc.
  - NGE team mainly owns this input of external pricing Data into our code.
- If pricing entered by company, a pricing model is created and the company ID is stored in "addedBy"

#### Pricing Design Debt 🔗

- · Not directly dependent on company.
  - o Mainly Provided by external Vendors. Vericred. Noyo. Metlife. Beam etc.
    - NGE team mainly owns this input of external pricing Data into our code.
  - o If pricing entered by company, a pricing model is created and the company ID is stored in "pricingSet"
  - PricingChart: Store the actual pricing. Could be a lot of structures. (doc)

#### RatingArea 🔗

- · ACA standardizes the factors that insurance companies can use to calculate premiums for small group rates.
  - Each state is required to divide up the areas of the state into locations called Rating Areas. When insurance companies price their
    premiums, all households within a rating area will have the same adjustment factor applied.
  - o Pricing related
  - More information provided

#### ServiceArea €

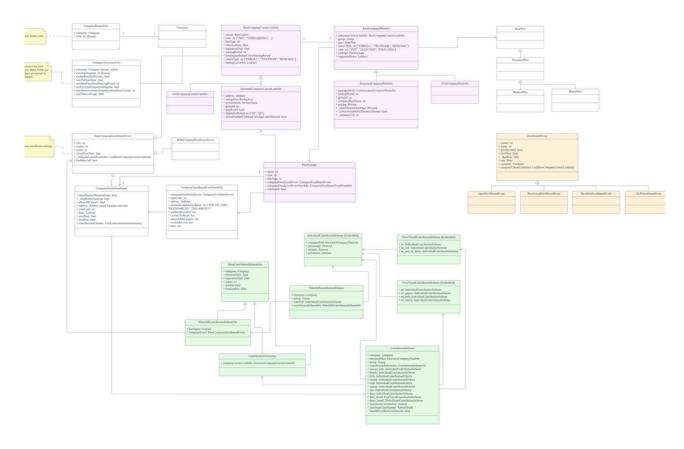
- Refers to where a plan network is available. Determines whether an employee is able to enroll in a certain plan based on where he/she is located.
  - $\circ~$  Mostly used for HMO carriers/plans which are limited based on zipcode.
  - o Enrollment eligibility related

## Relationships &

- InsuranceCarrier has One to Many Relationship with InsurancePlan[ An Insurance carrier can offer many plans]
- InsurancePlan has One to Many Relationship with InsurancePricing[ An Insurance plan can have many pricing depending on Quarter/zip code etc]

## **Company Dependent ⊘**

Following is the UML of company enrollment related models.



Purple: company plan related classes

Green: contribution scheme related classes

White: company insurance setting and company enrollment events

Yellow: employee enrollment related classes

#### CompanyBrokerInfo models missing

Company *⊘* 

Need Info

CompanyBrokerInfo €

Need Info

#### CompanyInsuranceInfo *⊘*

A generic 'catch-all' model where we dump a bunch of company insurance settings such as who is the person to sign in BOR letters, do they want part time employees to be eligible etc.

## InsuranceCompanyCarrierLineInfo (CCLI) 🔗

#### diagram shows CompanyCarrierLineInfo

A complicated model. One of the backbones of Insurance.

- Temporally aware.
  - This is a basically a unique key on (Carrier, effectiveDate, expirationDate, lineType, Company).
  - I think of it as representing a contract between a company and carrier for a lineType for a particular duration(effectiveDate & expirationDate)

- Stores things like waiting period/ contribution scheme/ effective date etc.
- Relationship: A join between Carrier/company per (lineType, Duration)

#### InsuranceCompanyPlanInfo 🔗

CCLI + InsurancePlan

- · Mostly contains how the company is offering an InsurancePlan to the company.
  - These are the customizations that a company could do on a plan.
    - e.g. which set of employees they can offer to.
  - CCLI has a one to many relationship to InsuranceCompanyPlanInfo
    - There will be at least one entry per CCLI

## CompanyEnrollmentEvent ⊘

#### not in diagram

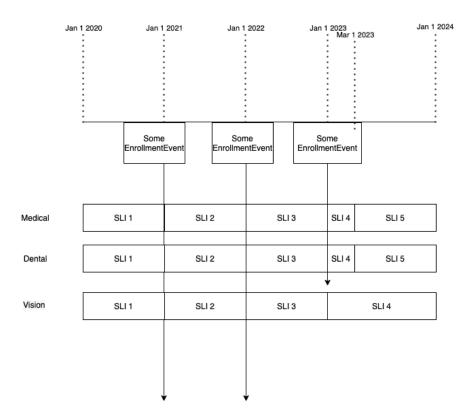
- There are many types of events here. Whenever a major company wide insurance change happens, we create this event.
- · Inherit from RPDocumentWithoutRole, this event is a company level event
- · Eg: When a company is transferring insurance to Rippling we create a BORCompanyEnrollmentEvent
  - When a company is shopping Insurance[NGE flow] we create a CompanyEnrollmentEvent, with reason="NEW\_GROUP\_ENROLLMENT".
  - When a company is renewing its contract yearly or changing their contracts, we create CompanyEnrollmentEvent, with reason="OPEN\_ENROLLMENT"
  - TODO Sankar to add more details here or link to different page

#### CompanyEnrollmentEventStateInfo ⊘

- One CompanyEnrollmentEvent have many CompanyEnrollmentEventStateInfo
- One CompanyEnrollmentEventStateInfo have many PlanPackage

## Employee Related ⊘

Subscriber/Member model missing



#### SubscriberLineInfo &

For each line of Insurance, the employee can make selections about their Insurance. Together, these would form a continuous timeline. For each line, we store this in a model called SubscriberLineInfo.

Commonly abbreviated as sli.

SLI is temporally aware model.

#### Main Attributes:

- EffectiveDate + ExpirationDate
- ChosenPlan → Optional[InsuranceCompanyPlan]
- chosenDependents → List[Members]
- lineType → the Linetype
- EnrollmentEvent → A reference to the Event which caused the creation of this SLI

A new SLI is created only when there is an occasion to do so(an event). This is called an EnrollmentEvent.

Usually, an employee's first SLI is created due to a NewHireEnrollmentEvent. Every year during open enrollment a new SLI is created due to an OpenEnrollmentEvent(which in turn is created due to an CompanyEnrollmentEvent). New slis might also be created due to, QLE. or Termination or Cobra.

Events might affect a change in insurance coverage(and creation of SLIs) for only *some* lines of coverage. Eg: An QLE might result only new selections available for Medical/Dental and Vision.

Note: Even if an employee doesn't change their elections. A new sli means, there was an option for changing the Insurance coverage of an employee

#### SubscriberCompanyEventInfo 🔗

#### not in diagram

Info per subscriber per company event, i.e. if this subscriber hasBeenProcessed , which will be used to identify if the subscriber is eligible to import for insurance enrollment or not.

By leveraging this object, we can support multiple instances of same company event type.

#### EnrollmentEvent &

Enrollment creation is governed by complicated logic explained <link here>.

- Each different kind of enrollment has implement the following functions
  - getEffectiveDate(self, companyCarrierLineInfo)

This gives the effective date of the insurance for this ccli. THIS IS TIME INDEPENDENT.

o getDeadline()

Deadline to enroll in Insurance. might want to do it earlier than the absolute last minute. Especially for OE/NGE.

- getEnrollmentLimitDate(self, companyCarrierLineInfo) → This give the last date carrier would accept insurance enrollment. Usually, effective-date + 30 days. ALSO TIME INDEPENDENT.
- getReferenceDate()
  - Reference date
- o isAvailableForEmployee(ccli, referenceDate)

Is the plan offered by CCLI available to the employee on the given date.

- Common Enrollment Event Functions
  - getAvailableCCLIs()
  - getAvailablePlans()
  - manageNotificationLifeCycle()
- OpenEnrollmentEvent Inherit from RPDocumentWithRole, which is a role level event

#### PendingActionGroup Employee/Ops Related €

Whenever, an EnrollmentEvent is finalized. AKA, when an employee makes all the insurance selections available to them, we create a PendingActionGroup (through a on\_change hooked function EnrollmentEvent.onFinalized()). This is co-ordinator model which coordinates all the communication to the carriers about the employee insurance selections.

The co-ordination function is process().

Common abbreviation: pag.

#### PendingAction Employee/Ops Related €

For each carrier we \*might\* have to communicate the employee details, we create a pendingAction, the initial status is "INIT"

 $\label{pendingActionGroup} \mbox{ PendingAction-many relationship with PendingAction.}$ 

On PendingActionGroup.process(), we try to fill the employee selections in forms. If we are successful, we set the status of PA to "PROCESSED".

PendingAction has two extremely important functions.

- a) shouldPerformAction: Decides if we need to communicate the enrollment information to the insurance carrier.
- b) performAction: Actually performs the action and communicates information to the carrier.
- · Actual communication logic is more complicated and changes too much to put in writing. Best is to look at tests or the code itself.

Company	
id	uid
createdAt	datetime
updatedAt	datetime
external_on_changes	0
primaryEmail	string
isDeleted	boolean
isPeo	boolean
hasPeoInvitation	false
isPentestCompany	boolean
offerLetterSignatories	[]
requireAllOfferLetterSignatories	boolean
remotel9VerificationEnabled	boolean
additionalWorkEmailDomains	[]
disableWorkEmailDomainAutofill	boolean
is_internal_test_company	boolean
isDummyCompanyForPartner	boolean
isDemoCompanyWithRunCreationEnabled	boolean
status	string (ENUM)
shouldSendInviteEmailEvenIfTestCompany	boolean
is_hiding_fields	boolean
isContractWaiting	boolean
isPeoApplicationWaiting	boolean
quarterlyBookingsFloor	decimal [ ]
totalRelatedAccountArr	decimal [ ]
postalAddress	{ streetLine1: string zip: string city: string state: string ccuty: string cmarty: string cmartystreets_validity: ??? }
primaryWorkLocation	{ \$oid: uid }
agreementsSignatory	{ \$oid: uid }
i9VerificationAuthority	string (ENUM)
isSuspended	boolean
severanceAgreementsSignatory	{ \$oid: uid }

# Important Tech Talk Sessions ${\mathscr O}$

Core tech talk 1

Enrollment event talk

Insurance plan and pricing talk

Permissions