

Relativistické vztahy pro energii

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18:46

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} ct \\ \vec{x} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U = \frac{dX}{d\tau} = \frac{dXu}{dt} \frac{dt}{d\gamma} = \frac{dXu}{dt} \gamma = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma c \\ \gamma \vec{u} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P = m_0 \cdot U = m_0 \begin{pmatrix} \gamma c \\ \gamma \vec{u} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} m_0 \gamma c \\ m_0 \gamma \vec{u} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{E}{c} \\ \vec{p} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{E}{c} = m_0 \gamma c$$

$$\vec{p} = m_0 \gamma \vec{u}$$

$$E = m_0 \gamma c^2$$

$$\vec{p} = m_0 \gamma \vec{u}$$

$$E = m c^2$$

$$\vec{p} = m \cdot \vec{u}$$

$$m_0 \gamma \equiv m$$

$$m \equiv \frac{m_0}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$$

$$W_k = E_{\text{celk}} - E_{\text{klid}}$$

$$= m c^2 - m_0 c^2$$

$$= m_0 c^2 \gamma - m_0 c^2 = m_0 c^2 [\gamma - 1]$$

$$\Delta E = \Delta m c^2 = \gamma m_0 c^2$$

$$\Delta m = \frac{\Delta E}{c^2}$$

Základní vztah jaderné energetiky
týká se fúze a štěpení

$$\vec{p}^2 = -m_0^2 c^2 \Rightarrow -\frac{E^2}{c^2} + \vec{p}^2 = -m_0^2 c^2$$

$$E^2 = p^2 c^2 + m_0^2 c^4$$

Energie pro fotony: $E = pc$