Complementation of Emerson-Lei Automata

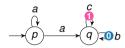
Vojtěch Havlena¹ Ondřej Lengál¹ Barbora Šmahlíková¹

¹ Faculty of Information Technology, Brno University of Technology, Czech Republic

FoSSaCS'25

Transition-based Emerson-Lei Automata

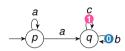
automata over infinite words



- Fin(①) ∧ Inf(①)
- lacksquare $aa(bc)^{\omega} \notin \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A})$
- lacksquare aabbb $(c)^\omega \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A})$
- Emerson-Lei acceptance condition
 - $\vdash \Gamma = \{0, 0, \dots, k-1\}$
 - ▶ $\mathbb{EL}(\Gamma)$ are formulae according to the grammar $\alpha ::= tt \mid ff \mid \mathsf{Inf}(c) \mid \mathsf{Fin}(c) \mid (\alpha \land \alpha) \mid (\alpha \lor \alpha)$

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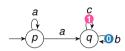
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- \blacksquare $\mathcal{A} = (Q, \delta, I, p, Acc)$ over colors Γ
 - Q finite set of states

 - I initial states
 - ▶ p: $\delta \to 2^{\Gamma}$ colouring of transitions and
 - ▶ $Acc \in \mathbb{EL}(\Gamma)$ acceptance condition
- run ρ over $w \in \Sigma^{\omega}$ is accepting if $infs_{\rho} \models \mathsf{Acc}$
- \blacksquare define the class of ω -regular languages

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- ightharpoonup A = (Q, δ, I, p, Acc) over colors Γ
 - Q finite set of states
 - ▶ δ ⊆ Q × Σ × Q transition relation
 - ► I initial states
 - ▶ p: $\delta \to 2^{\Gamma}$ colouring of transitions and
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- run ρ over $w \in \Sigma^{\omega}$ is accepting if $infs_{\rho} \models Acc$
- \blacksquare define the class of ω -regular languages
- Büchi Acc = Inf(①)
- Co-Büchi Acc = Fin(①)
- **GBA** $Acc = \bigwedge_i Inf(\mathbf{1})$

TELA Complementation

Complementation:

■ Given A, get a TELA A^{\complement} such that $\mathcal{L}(A^{\complement}) = \overline{\mathcal{L}(A)}$.

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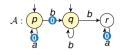
■ Given \mathcal{A} , get a TELA $\mathcal{A}^{\complement}$ such that $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}^{\complement}) = \overline{\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A})}$.

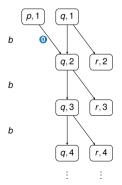
Motivation:

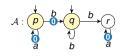
Model checking of linear-time properties

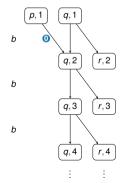
$$\underbrace{\mathcal{S}}_{\text{system}} \models \underbrace{\varphi}_{\text{property}} \leadsto \quad \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{S}}) \subseteq \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}_{\varphi}) \quad \leadsto \quad \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{S}}) \cap \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}_{\varphi}^{\complement}) = \emptyset$$

- Termination analysis of programs: Ultimate Automizer
 - removing traces with proved termination
 - difference automaton
- Decision procedures: implements negation
 - ▶ S1S: MSO over $(\omega, 0, +1)$
 - QPTL: quantified propositional temporal logic
 - ► HyperLTL, FO over Sturmian words
- Basic operation for inclusion/equivalence checking

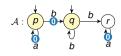


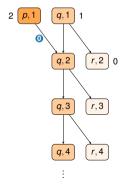




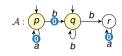


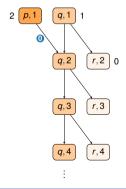
- Labelling algorithm: repeat until $\mathcal{G} \neq \emptyset$ (i := 0)
 - 1 assign rank *i* to finite vertices and remove them
 - 2 assign rank *i* + 1 to engangered vertices and remove them
 - i := i + 2
- $w \notin \mathcal{L}(A)$ iff $\max(r) \leq 2n$



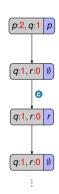


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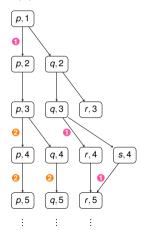


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- complementation algorithm
 - guess rankings and check Inf(0)
 - macrostates (S, O, f)
 - ightharpoonup nonincreasing ranks wrt δ
 - even rank when traversing 0-transition
 - ▶ empty breakpoint ~> acc mark



Contribution

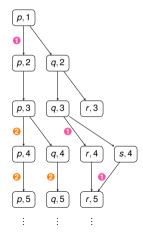




- negating φ and transforming to NNF (Fin(\odot) \sim \odot) $\overline{\varphi}$

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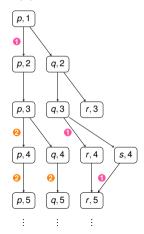




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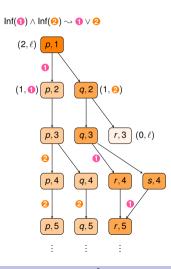
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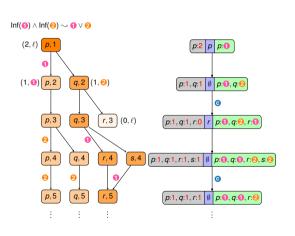
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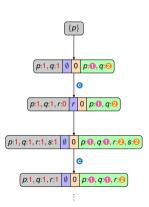
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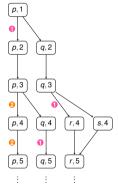
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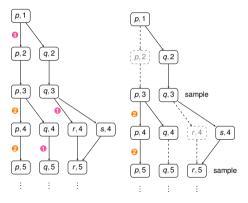
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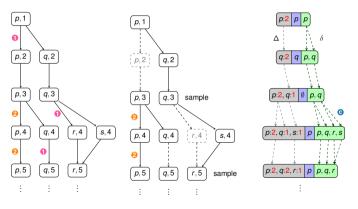


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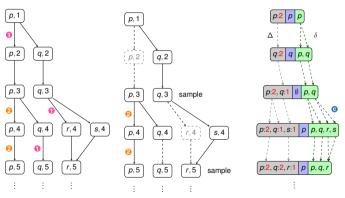


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■ Complementation algorithm

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- Sampling is steered by the Algorithm
 - when the accepting mark is emitted (empty breakpoint)

$Fin(\mathbf{0}) \wedge \varphi$

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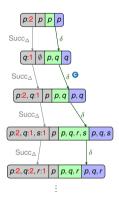
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 - M: set of macrostates
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- complexity: split $Succ_{\Delta} = SuccAct_{\Delta} \cup SuccTrack_{\Delta} + macrostates$
 - active, tracking transition functions
 - simpler structure for tracking; richer for active
 - EmptyBreak for active only



Modular Construction Instantiation $Fin(0) \wedge \varphi$

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 - $ightharpoonup M^{tt} = 2^Q$
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$$\mathsf{M}^{\mathsf{inf}} = \overbrace{2^Q \cup (\mathcal{T} \times 2^Q \times \{0, 2, \dots, 2n-2\})}^{\mathsf{N}_{\mathsf{Track}}} \cup \overbrace{(\mathcal{T} \times \{0, 2, \dots, 2n-2\})}^{\mathsf{N}_{\mathsf{Track}}}$$

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