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1)
           public class HelloWorld {
             public static void main(String[] args) {
               System.out.println("Hello World");
             }
2)
           public class NameAndDegree {
             public static void main(String[] args) {
               System.out.println("Your Name");
               System.out.println("Your Degree Program");
            }
           }
           Save the above code in a file called "NameAndDegree.java". Then, open the command
           prompt (cmd), navigate to the directory where the file is saved, and execute the following
           commands:
          javac NameAndDegree.java
          java NameAndDegree
           Using for loop-
3)
           public class ForLoopExample {
             public static void main(String[] args) {
               for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
                 System.out.println("Executing Loop " + i);
               }
             }
           Using while loop-
           public class WhileLoopExample {
             public static void main(String[] args) {
               int i = 0;
               while (i < 5) {
                 System.out.println("Executing Loop " + i);
                 j++;
               }
             }
          }
           With break statement-
4)
           public class BreakExample {
             public static void main(String[] args) {
               int[] numbers = \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50\};
               for (int x : numbers) {
                 if (x == 30) {
                    break;
```

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System.out.println(x);
               System.out.println("I'm out of the Loop now");
             }
           Output-
           10
           20
           Im out of the loop now
           With continue statement-
           public class ContinueExample {
             public static void main(String[] args) {
               int[] numbers = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};
               for (int x : numbers) {
                 if (x == 30) {
                   continue;
                 System.out.println(x);
               System.out.println("I'm out of the Loop now");
             }
           }
           Output-
           10
           20
           40
           50
           I'm out of the Loop now
           Output-
5)
           Excellent!
           Your grade is A
           The output removing break command at line 6-
           Excellent!
           You passed
           Better try again
           Your grade is A
           The same program using if else statements-
           public class GradeExample {
             public static void main(String[] args) {
               char grade = 'A';
               if (grade == 'A') {
                 System.out.println("Excellent!");
               } else if (grade == 'D') {
                 System.out.println("You passed");
               } else if (grade == 'F') {
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System.out.println("Better try again");
               } else {
                 System.out.println("Invalid grade");
               System.out.println("Your grade is " + grade);
             }
          }
           class TestEnhancedForLoop {
6)
             public static void main(String[] args) {
               int[] numbers = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};
               for (int x : numbers) {
                 System.out.print(x);
                 System.out.print(",");
               System.out.println();
               String[] names = {"James", "Larry", "Tom", "Lacy"};
               for (String name : names) {
                 System.out.print(name);
                 System.out.print(",");
               }
             }
           }
           Output:
           10,20,30,40,50,
           James,Larry,Tom,Lacy,
```