

ECE30018 Problem Solving Studio, Fall 2023

## P4. Step Function

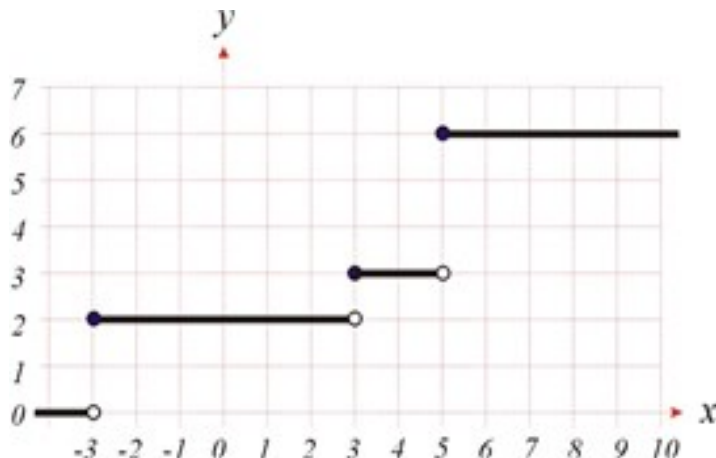
| Submission due: 1:00 PM, 6 Oct Fri

# Step Function (1/2)

A step function is a function  $f: X \rightarrow C$  where the domain  $X$  is a real line,  $R^1 = (-\infty, +\infty)$  and  $C = \{c_0, c_1, \dots, c_k\}$  is a finite set of constants such that

1.  $X = A_0 \cup A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_k$  where  $A_0 = (-\infty, a_1)$ ,  $A_k = [a_k, \infty)$  and  $A_i = [a_i, a_{i+1})$  where  $a_i < a_{i+1}$  for  $0 < i < k$ .
2.  $f(x) = c_i$  for all  $x$  in  $A_i$  for  $0 \leq i \leq k$ .

You may assume that  $f$  is non-negative and non-decreasing in  $X$ , that is,  $c_0 = 0$  and  $c_i < c_{i+1}$  for  $0 \leq i < k$ . An example of a non-negative, non-decreasing step function is shown below:



$$A_0 = (-\infty, -3), A_1 = [-3, 3), A_2 = [3, 5), A_3 = [5, \infty),$$

$$c_0 = 0, c_1 = 2, c_2 = 3, c_3 = 6$$

# Step Function (2/2)

A step function  $f$  can be represented as a sequence of starting points,

$$((a_1, f(a_1)), (a_2, f(a_2)), \dots, (a_k, f(a_k))).$$

For example, the function in the previous page can be specified by

$$((-3, 2), (3, 3), (5, 6)).$$

Given two such step functions  $f$  and  $g$ , together with two integers  $p$  and  $q$  such that  $p \leq q$ , write a program that evaluate the following expression:

$$\left( \sum_{i=p}^q \max\{f(i), g(i)\} \right) \bmod 10007$$

# Requirement

- **Input**

- Input data are given from the standard input
- The first part of input data is a representation of function  $f$ .
  - The definition starts with value  $k_f$  for  $1 \leq k_f \leq 1,000,000$  which is the number of points to specify function  $f$ .
  - Subsequently,  $k_f$  lines follow where the  $i$ -th line has  $a_i$  and  $f(a_i)$  for  $-2,000,000,000 \leq a_i \leq 2,000,000,000$  and  $1 \leq f(a_i) \leq 2,000,000,000$ .
- After that, the specification of function  $g$  is provided in the same manner.
  - The first line gives value  $k_g$ , that is, the number of points for function  $g$ . After that,  $k_g$  lines follow where the  $i$ -th line has  $a_i$  and  $g(a_i)$ .
- The last line gives  $p$  and  $q$  for  $-2,000,000,000 \leq p \leq q \leq 2,000,000,000$ .

- **Output**

- Your program should print one number to the standard output within 0.5 second.

# Test Case Example

Input data

```
3
-3 2
3 3
5 6
1
4 5
1 5
```

output

```
18
```