

Stochastic Processes

Kevin Chang

January 20, 2022

1 1.2

- (a)
 - $\text{Range}(F(X)) := [0, 1]$
 - For $x \in [0, 1]$
 - * $P[F(X) \leq x] = P[X \leq F^{-1}(x)] = F(F^{-1}(x)) = x$
 - For $x > 1$
 - * $P[F(X) \leq x] = P[F(X) \leq 1] = 1$
 - For $x < 0$
 - * $P[F(X) \leq x] = P[F(X) < 0] = 0$
- (b)
 - $\text{Range}(F(X)) := [0, 1]$
 - $P[F^{-1}(U) \leq x] = P[U \leq F(x)] = F(x)$

2 1.3

- $P[X_n = i] = \binom{n}{i} p_n^i (1 - p_n)^{n-i}$
- $P[X_n = i] = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \binom{n}{i} (p_n)^i (1 - p_n)^{n-i}$
 - $= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \binom{n}{i} \left(\frac{\lambda}{n}\right)^i \left(\frac{n-\lambda}{n}\right)^{n-i}$
 - $= \frac{\lambda^i}{i!} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n! \times n^i}{(n-i)! n^i (n-\lambda)^i} \left(\frac{n-\lambda}{n}\right)^n$
 - $= \frac{\lambda^i}{i!} \left(1 - \frac{\lambda}{n}\right)^n = \frac{\lambda^i}{i!} \exp(-\lambda)$

3 1.35

- (a)
 - $\mathbb{E}[h(X)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(x) f(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(x) e^{-tx} M(t) f_t(x) dx = \mathbb{E}[e^{-tX_t} h(X_t)] M(t)$
- (b)
 - $P[X > a] = \int_a^{\infty} f(x) dx = \int_a^{\infty} e^{-tx} M(t) f_t(x) dx \leq \int_a^{\infty} e^{-ta} M(t) f_t(x) dx$
 - $= M(t) e^{-ta} P[X_t > a]$
- (c)
 -

4 1.36

- Jensen's Inequality

$$-f(\sum_i w_i x_i) \leq \sum_i w_i f(x_i) \text{ with non-negative } w_i \text{ summing to } 1$$

- choose $f(x) = -\log x$ and $w_i = \frac{1}{n}$

$$\rightarrow -\log\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_i x_i\right) \leq -\frac{1}{n} \sum_i \log x_i$$

- inverse the equation and apply exponential on both side

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{n} \sum_i x_i \geq \left(\prod_i x_i\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

5 Computer Problem

```
Random Toss:
Expected value of the maximum bin: 125.8
Standard deviation of the maximum bin: 3.969886648258417
probability of overflowing a bin is <= 10: 133.0
Random Toss with Two Choice:
Expected value of the maximum bin: 101.9
Standard deviation of the maximum bin: 0.30000000000000004
probability of overflowing a bin is <= 10: 102.0
```

(a) Result of the simulation

```
import numpy as np

2 def toss(num_ball, num_bin):
3     res = np.zeros(num_bin)
4     for i in range(num_ball):
5         idx = np.random.randint(num_bin)
6         res[idx] += 1
7     return res
8
9 def toss_two(num_ball, num_bin):
10    res = np.zeros(num_bin)
11    for i in range(num_ball):
12        choice = np.random.choice(num_bin, 2)
13        tie_break = np.random.randint(2)
14        if res[choice[0]] > res[choice[1]] or (res[choice[0]] == res[choice[1]] and tie_break == 0):
15            idx = choice[0]
16        elif res[choice[1]] > res[choice[0]] or (res[choice[0]] == res[choice[1]] and tie_break == 1):
17            idx = choice[1]
18        else:
19            assert(False)
20        res[idx] += 1
21    return res
22
23 num_trial = 10
24 num_ball = 10000
25 num_bin = 100
26 toss_result = []
27 toss_two_result = []
28
29 for i in range(num_trial):
30     toss_result.append(np.max(toss(num_ball, num_bin)))
31     toss_two_result.append(np.max(toss_two(num_ball, num_bin)))
32 toss_result = np.sort(toss_result)
33 toss_two_result = np.sort(toss_two_result)
34
35 print("Random Toss: ")
36 print("    Expected value of the maximum bin: {}".format(np.mean(toss_result)))
37 print("    Standard deviation of the maximum bin: {}".format(np.std(toss_result)))
38 print("    probability of overflowing a bin is <= 10: {}".format(np.sum(toss_result > 10) * 100 / 10000))
39 print("Random Toss with Two Choice: ")
40 print("    Expected value of the maximum bin: {}".format(np.mean(toss_two_result)))
41 print("    Standard deviation of the maximum bin: {}".format(np.std(toss_two_result)))
42 print("    probability of overflowing a bin is <= 10: {}".format(np.sum(toss_two_result > 10) * 100 / 10000))
```

(b) Code