231044 O.ESHWARAGE SCS 1301 Exercise 6 1

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#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#define MEMOERY_SIZE 200
typedef struct BLock{
         int start;
         int size;
}BLock;
static unsigned char memory[MEMOERY_SIZE];
static BLock allocationTable[MEMOERY_SIZE];
static int allocationCount=0;
void* NewMalloc(int size);
void Newfree(void* ptr);
void DefragmentMemoryz();
void PrintMemory();
int main(){
         int *a=(int*)NewMalloc(sizeof(int));
         float *b=(float*)NewMalloc(sizeof(float)*3);
char *c=(char*)NewMalloc(sizeof(char)*10);
         PrintMemory();
         Newfree(a);
         Newfree(b);
         DefragmentMemoryz();
         PrintMemory();
void* NewMalloc(int size){
```

```
if(allocationCount>=MEMOERY_SIZE){
                  printf("Memory is full\n");
return NULL;
         int freeStart=-1;
         int freeSize=0;
         for(int i=0;i<MEMOERY_SIZE;i++){</pre>
                  if(memory[i]==0){
    if(freeStart==-1)freeStart=i;
                           freeSize++;
                           if(freeSize>=size){
    for(int j=freeStart;j<freeStart+size;j++){</pre>
                                              memory[j]=1;
                                    allocationTable[allocationCount++]=(BLock)(freeStart,size);
                                    return &memory[freeStart];
                           freeStart=-1;
                           freeSize=0;
         printf("Not enough contigous memory available\n");
return NULL;
void NewFree(void* ptr){
         unsigned char* p=(unsigned char*)ptr;
         int start=p-memory;
         for(int i=0;i<allocationCount;i++){</pre>
                  if(allocationTable[i].start==start){
```