NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE

FINAL ASSESSMENT FOR CS2105 – INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER NETWORKS

(Semester 2: AY2015/2016)

Time allowed: 2 hours

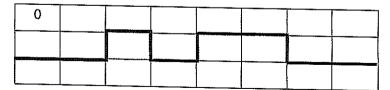
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This assessment paper contains **SEVEN** (7) questions and comprises **SEVEN** (7) printed pages, including this page.
- 2. This is an **OPEN BOOK** assessment.
- 3. The maximum possible score is **60 marks**.
- 4. Calculators are allowed, but not laptops, PDAs, or other electronic devices.
- 5. Write all your answers on the ANSWER SHEETS provided.
- 6. Submit only the **ANSWER SHEETS** at the end of the assessment. You may keep the question paper.

Q2.

[Total: 6 marks]

- (a) [2 marks] A modem is designed for use over a telephone link, for which the available channel bandwidth is 3 kHz, and the average signal to noise ratio on the channel is 511. What is the maximum error-free data rate that can be supported on this channel?
- (b) [2 marks] 1.8 Mb of data is transmitted in 60 seconds using 8-PSK. What is the baud rate of the signal?
- (c) [2 marks] What bit pattern does the following NRZ-I diagram represent? Suppose the first bit is 0.



Q3. [Total: 7 marks]

(a) [2 marks] After issuing the command nslookup www.yahoo.com, the following output is observed.

Server: 203.211.152.66

Address: 203.211.152.66#53

Non-authoritative answer:

www.yahoo.com canonical name = fd-fp3.wg1.b.yahoo.com.

Name: fd-fp3.wg1.b.yahoo.com

Address: 106.10.138.240

Name: fd-fp3.wg1.b.yahoo.com

Address: 106.10.139.246

What are the IP address and port number of the DNS server that answers this DNS query?

- (b) [2 marks] The _____ field in IP header prevents an IP datagram from continuously wandering through the Internet.
- (c) [3 marks] A subnet has 16348 IP addresses and one of the IP is 58.26.177.105. What is the first IP address in this subnet?

Q4. [Total: 4 marks]

Two hosts A and B are connected via a router. The link rate is 1 Mbps and propagation delay is 40 ms per link. The maximum size of a packet is 1 Kb and packet header is 80 bits. Suppose sender sends as much data as possible in a packet, packets are sent continuously and no packet is corrupted or lost during transmission.

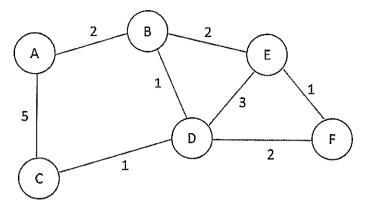
How long (in milliseconds) does it take to send a 400 Kb file from A to B (from when the first bit of the first packet leaves A to when last bit of the last packet arrives at B)? Briefly show how you work out the answer.

Q5. [Total: 4 marks]

Public key cryptography uses both public and private keys. Let Alice's public key be K_A^+ and private key be K_A^- , Bob's public key be K_B^+ and private key be K_B^- . Alice sends a message m to Bob. Describe how they can ensure message confidentiality and message authenticity using only these 4 keys.

Q6. [Total: 9 marks]

Consider the network topology shown below. Each link is labelled with the cost (in dollars) of using that link. Every router runs distance vector routing protocol.



- (a) [2 marks] Fill in the distance vector table for the initial distance vectors of routers A to C (i.e. before the distance vector protocol is executed). If a router is unaware of another router, write '-' in the corresponding slot.
- (b) [2 marks] Suppose the distance vector protocol has terminated and each router knows the cost of the least cost path to every other router. Fill in the distance vector table for the final distance vectors of routers A to C.
- (c) [3 marks] Routers C to F are the gateway routers to the following subnets.

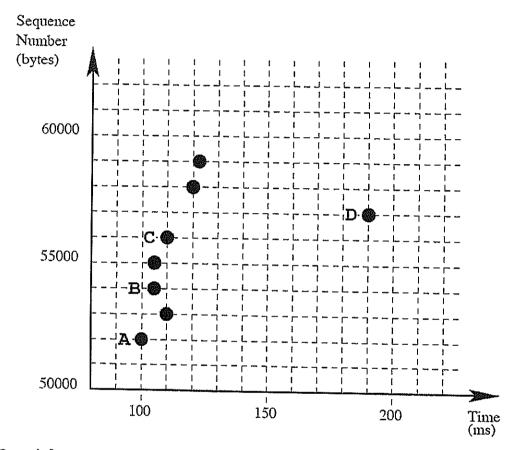
Subnets	Gateway routers
137.132.58.128/28	D
137.132.89.0/26	C, D
137.132.80.128/25	C, F
137.132.82.0/24	E

Use the result you get in (b) to derive the forwarding table of router A.

(d) [2 marks] Assume all the links have the same transmission rate. In no more than 50 words, explain why the forwarding table in (c) leads to inefficient use of network bandwidth?

Q7. [Total: 10 marks]

The following graph shows the time sequence graph for a TCP connection between host X and host Y. Each dot represents a TCP segment received at host Y, plotting the sequence number of the segment, versus the time at which it is received. A set of dots stacked above each other represents a series of packets that are received back-to-back by the receiver. The packet labelled with A is the first data packet sent by X. The packet labelled with D is a retransmitted packet.



- (a) [2 marks] How many bytes of data are there in each TCP segment?
- (b) [2 marks] Suppose an acknowledgment is sent by Y at time 105ms, after receiving the packet labelled with B. What should be the acknowledgement number in this feedback packet?
- (c) [2 marks] Does Y buffer out-of-order packets or discard them? Justify your answer in no more than 100 words.
- (d) [4 marks] Suppose X sets a reasonable timeout value for this TCP connection. Retransmission is always successful. Estimate the timeout value that X chooses. Justify your answer and state clearly any assumptions you make.