

## Homework 2

**Reading:** Meester, Sections 1.4, 1.5.

**Idea Journal:** Remember to submit the idea journal entries for each class. Focus on the essential ideas from class and the associated reading.

**Problems/Exercises:** All of these are due **Friday, January 26 by 5:00pm**.

1. Meester Exercise 1.7.10
2. Meester Exercise 1.7.21
3. A box contains five tickets labeled 1,2,3,4,5, which are otherwise identical. Ten people take turns drawing a ticket randomly from the box, replacing and mixing the tickets after each draw so that the draws are independent.
  - (i) For  $k = 1, \dots, 5$ , let  $A_k$  be the event that ticket  $k$  was not chosen by anyone. What is  $\mathbb{P}(A_k)$ ?
  - (ii) Are the events  $A_k$  and  $A_j$  independent if  $k \neq j$ ? Justify your answer with a computation.
  - (iii) Let  $B$  be the event that each of the 5 tickets is chosen by at least one person. Compute  $\mathbb{P}(B)$ . Hint: consider how  $B$  is related to the  $A_k$  events, and consider using Lemma 1.3.2.
4. There are 20 dice. 17 of them are fair dice, and 3 of them are trick dice. The “trick dice” are just like the fair dice except that the faces on the trick dice are labeled 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 (while the faces on the fair dice are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, as usual). Imagine that you draw a die randomly from the box, and then you roll it. Let  $T$  be the event that you drew a trick die. Let  $R_k$  be the event that your rolled the number  $k$ . Compute and compare the quantities  $P(T)$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(T \mid R_5)$ , and  $\mathbb{P}(T \mid R_1)$ .
5. A group of 20 people, 5 people are chosen randomly to receive a prize, and the rest get nothing. Let  $A$  be the event that Alonzo gets a prize. Let  $B$  be the event that Biji gets a prize. Are the events  $A$  and  $B$  independent? Justify your answer with a calculation.
6. A box contains 10 cards: 5 cards are red, 5 cards are blue. The red cards are labeled 1,2,3,4,5. The blue cards are also labeled 1,2,3,4,5. Consider the following game:  
 Joe draws a card at random, **without** replacement. Then Kamala chooses randomly from among the remaining cards. Kamala wins if either (a) her card has a higher numerical value than Joe’s or (b) the color of her card is different from Joe’s card. If neither (a) nor (b) happen, then Joe wins.
  - (i) What is the probability that Kamala wins?
  - (ii) Suppose we are told that Kamala won and that she drew a Red 4. Given this information, what is the probability that Joe’s card was blue?

7. Suppose you toss a fair coin 20 times. Write an expression for the probability that less than 4 heads were tossed.
8. Toss 2 fair coins, and consider the following events:  $A$  = the event that the first coin landed heads.  $B$  = the event that the second coin landed heads.  $C$  = the event that the two coins landed the same way (either both heads or both tails). Are these events pairwise independent? Are they independent in the sense of Definition 1.5.1?

**Extra, not required:** There are lots of good problems in Section 1.7 of Meester. Choose some to practice! Often the hardest part is getting started; for each problem start by asking: What is this problem about? What concepts are important here? How should I go about solving this problem?