## Vibration Motor String Construction

```
|$5$#|$1|$500|#$2$1000#$3$1500#$4$2000#$5$2500#$3$3000

motor
strength
total number of moments
this is important because getting
```

## Vibration Motor String Saving

an easy endeavor

Each motor is saved as a new line in a "text file"

the size of an array in c++ is not

```
#%1%500#%2%1000#%3%1500#%4%2000#%5%2500#%3%3
motor 0
        #%1%500#%2%1000#%3%1500#%4%2000#%5%2500#%3%3
motor 1
        #%1%500#%2%1000#%3%1500#%4%2000#%5%2500#%3%3
motor 2
        #%1%500#%2%1000#%3%1500#%4%2000#%5%2500#%3%3
motor 3
        #%1%500#%2%1000#%3%1500#%4%2000#%5%2500#%3%3
motor 0
        #%1%500#%2%1000#%3%1500#%4%2000#%5%2500#%3%3
motor 1
        #%1%500#%2%1000#%3%1500#%4%2000#%5%2500#%3%3
motor 2
        #%1%500#%2%1000#%3%1500#%4%2000#%5%2500#%3%3
motor 3
```

then using a for loop, each of the lines are iterated through to get the values for each motor (pseudo code)

```
// define before setup
String* momentQueue;
String* tempQueue;
bool isQueued = false;
int i = 0;
// within loop()
do {
         String motor2 = momentQueue[i];
         String motor1 = momentQueue[i+1];
                           = momentQueue[i+2];
          String motor3
         String motor0 = momentQueue[i+3];
         i+=4;
         // one moment = 500ms
         // so 16*500ms = 8 seconds
         // 8 seconds before we run out
         // of data check the server
         // for more data and queue it
         if( i>(NUM_LINES/NUM_MOTORS)-32 ) {
                   if( checkServer() ) {
                             // push the next moments into a
                             // temporary queue array
                             tempQueue = loadNextMoments();
                             isQueued = true:
while ( i < NUM LINES/NUM MOTORS );
// if i is greater than the lines and
// the isQueued flag is true, swap out
// the old moment data for new ones
if( i>NUM LINES/NUM MOTORS && isQueued ) {
         momentQueue = tempQueue;
         // reset isQueued flag
         isQueued = false;
         // reset counter
         i = 0;
}
```