



## Ubuntu Cheat Sheet Commands

Developers and DevOps Engineers widely use Ubuntu for their everyday workflows and essential infrastructure management activities.

To simplify your experience, we've put together this Ubuntu Cheat Sheet, designed to enhance your efficiency in system administration, development, and DevOps operations. No more wasting time searching online for Ubuntu commands—this all-encompassing guide provides everything you need.

With this cheat sheet, you'll handle tasks with ease, just as you would with other helpful resources like Git or Docker Cheat Sheets.



Courses

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Community

### System Information Commands

### System Monitoring and Management

- > `uname -a`
- > `hostnamectl`
- > `lscpu`
- > `timedatectl status`

Displays all system information  
Shows current hostname and related details  
Lists CPU architecture information  
Shows system time

> **top**  
> **htop**  
> **df -h**  
> **free -m**  
> **kill &lt;process id&gt;**

Displays real-time system processes  
An interactive process viewer (needs installation)  
Shows disk usage in a human-readable format  
Displays free and used memory in MB  
Terminates a process

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## Running commands

### Directory navigation

> **[command] &**  
> **jobs**  
> **fg &lt;command number&gt;**

Runs command in the background  
Displays background commands  
Brings command to the foreground

> **pwd**  
> **cd &lt;directory&gt;**  
> **mkdir &lt;dirname&gt;**

Displays the current directory path  
Changes the current directory  
Creates a new directory

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## Service management

### Text editing and processing

> **sudo systemctl start &lt;service&gt;**  
> **sudo systemctl stop &lt;service&gt;**  
> **sudo systemctl status &lt;service&gt;**  
> **sudo systemctl reload &lt;service&gt;**  
> **journalctl -f**  
> **journalctl -u &lt;unit\_name&gt;**

Starts a service  
Stops a service  
Checks the status of a service  
Reloads a service's configuration  
Follows the journal, showing new log messages  
Displays logs for a specific systemd unit.

- > `nano [file]`
- > `cat &lt;file&gt;`
- > `less &lt;file&gt;`
- > `head &lt;file&gt;`
- > `tail &lt;file&gt;`
- > `awk {print} [file]`

Opens a file in the Nano text editor  
Displays the contents of a file  
Displays the paginated content of a file  
Shows the first few lines of a file  
Shows the last few lines of a file  
Prints every line in a file

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## Cron jobs and scheduling

### Archiving and Compression

- > `crontab -e`
- > `crontab -l`

Edits cron jobs for the current user  
Lists cron jobs for the current user

- > `tar -czvf &lt;name.tar.gz&gt; [files]`
- > `tar -xvf &lt;name.tar.[gz|bz|xz]&gt;`

Compresses files into a tar.gz archive  
Extracts a compressed tar archive

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## File management

### Searching and finding

- > `ls`
- > `touch &lt;filename&gt;`
- > `cp &lt;source&gt; &lt;destination&gt;`
- > `mv &lt;source&gt; &lt;destination&gt;`
- > `rm &lt;filename&gt;`

Lists files and directories  
Creates an empty file or updates the last accessed date  
Copies files from source to destination  
Moves files or renames them  
Deletes a file

- > `grep &lt;search_pattern&gt; &lt;file&gt;`
- > `find [directory] -name &lt;search_pattern&gt;`

Compresses files into a tar.gz archive  
Extracts a compressed tar archive

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## Package management (APT)

### Package management (Snap)

- > `sudo apt install &lt;package&gt;`
- > `apt search &lt;package&gt;`
- > `apt-cache policy &lt;package&gt;`

- > **sudo apt update**
- > **sudo apt upgrade**
- > **sudo apt remove &lt;package>**
- > **sudo apt purge &lt;package>**

Installs a package  
 Searches for APT packages  
 Lists available package versions  
 Updates package lists  
 Upgrades all upgradable packages  
 Removes a package  
 Removes a package and all its configuration files

- > **sudo snap find**
- > **sudo snap install &lt;snap\_name>**
- > **sudo snap remove &lt;snap\_name>**
- > **sudo snap refresh**
- > **sudo snap list**
- > **sudo snap info &lt;snap\_name>**

Search for Snap packages  
 Installs a Snap package  
 Removes a Snap package  
 Updates all installed Snap packages  
 Lists all installed Snap packages  
 Displays information about a Snap package

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## User management

### Group management

- > **w**
- > **sudo adduser &lt;username>**
- > **sudo deluser &lt;username>**
- > **sudo passwd &lt;username>**
- > **su &lt;username>**
- > **sudo passwd -l &lt;username>**
- > **sudo passwd -u &lt;username>**
- > **sudo change &lt;username>**

Shows which users are logged in  
 Creates a new user  
 Deletes a user  
 Sets or changes the password for a user  
 Switches user  
 Locks a user account  
 Unlocks a user password  
 Sets user password expiration date

- > **id [username]**
- > **groups [username]**
- > **sudo addgroup &lt;groupname>**
- > **sudo delgroup &lt;groupname>**

Displays user and group IDs  
 Shows the groups a user belongs to  
 Creates a new group  
 Deletes a group

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## Networking

### Netplan configuration

```
> ip addr show  
> ip -s link  
> ss -l  
> ping
```

Displays network interfaces and IP addresses

Shows network statistics

Shows listening sockets

Pings a host and outputs results

```
> cat /etc/netplan/*.yaml  
> sudo netplan try  
> sudo netplan apply
```

Displays the current Netplan configuration

Tests a new configuration for a set period of time

Applies the current Netplan configuration

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## Firewall management

### SSH and remote access

```
> sudo ufw status  
> sudo ufw enable  
> sudo ufw disable  
> sudo ufw allow <port/service>  
> sudo ufw deny <port/service>  
> sudo ufw delete allow/deny -l
```

Displays the status of the firewall

Enables the firewall

Disables the firewall

Allows traffic on a specific port or service

Denies traffic on a specific port or service

Deletes an existing rule

```
> ssh <user@host>  
> scp <user@host:>:<destination>
```

Connects to a remote host via SSH

Securely copies files between hosts

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# Git Version Control Tips

- Here are some useful shortcuts for Ubuntu that can help network engineers and system administrators perform their tasks more efficiently. These shortcuts enable quick navigation and command execution in the terminal. By using them, you can streamline your workflow, save time, and focus on more critical tasks. From searching command history to managing multiple terminal tabs, these shortcuts cover essential functions, making everyday tasks faster and less cumbersome. Incorporating these into your routine will enhance your productivity and make your command-line experience smoother, especially when performing configuration, monitoring, and maintenance activities on Ubuntu systems.

- **Search Command History:** `Ctrl + R`
- **Cancel Current Command:** `Ctrl + C`
- **Clear Terminal Screen:** `Ctrl + L`
- **Exit Terminal:** `Ctrl + D` or type `exit`
- **Pause a Command:** `Ctrl + Z` (resume with `fg`)
- **Open a New Terminal Tab:** `Ctrl + Shift + T`
- **Switch Between Terminal Tabs:** `Ctrl + PgUp/PgDn`
- **Autocomplete Commands or Filenames:** `Tab`
- **Jump to Beginning of the Line:** `Ctrl + A`
- **Jump to End of the Line:** `Ctrl + E`
- **Delete Entire Line:** `Ctrl + U`
- **Delete from Cursor to End of Line:** `Ctrl + K`
- **Delete Word Before Cursor:** `Ctrl + W`
- **Undo Last Command:** `Ctrl + _` or `Ctrl + Shift + -`

These shortcuts will help you navigate and manage your Ubuntu system more effectively, making your workflow smoother and more efficient.



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