

Step 1:

The screenshot shows the Anaconda website's download confirmation page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Products, Solutions, Resources, Partners, and Company. To the right of the navigation bar are buttons for Free Download, Sign Up, and Sign In. The main content features a large green checkmark icon inside a circle. Below it, the text "Thank you for downloading!" is displayed in a large, bold, black font. A smaller note below says, "Didn't download? [Go here](#) to download your version. For installation assistance, refer to [Troubleshooting](#)." Further down, there is a section titled "Finish creating your Cloud account" with a brief description and a "Create Account" button.

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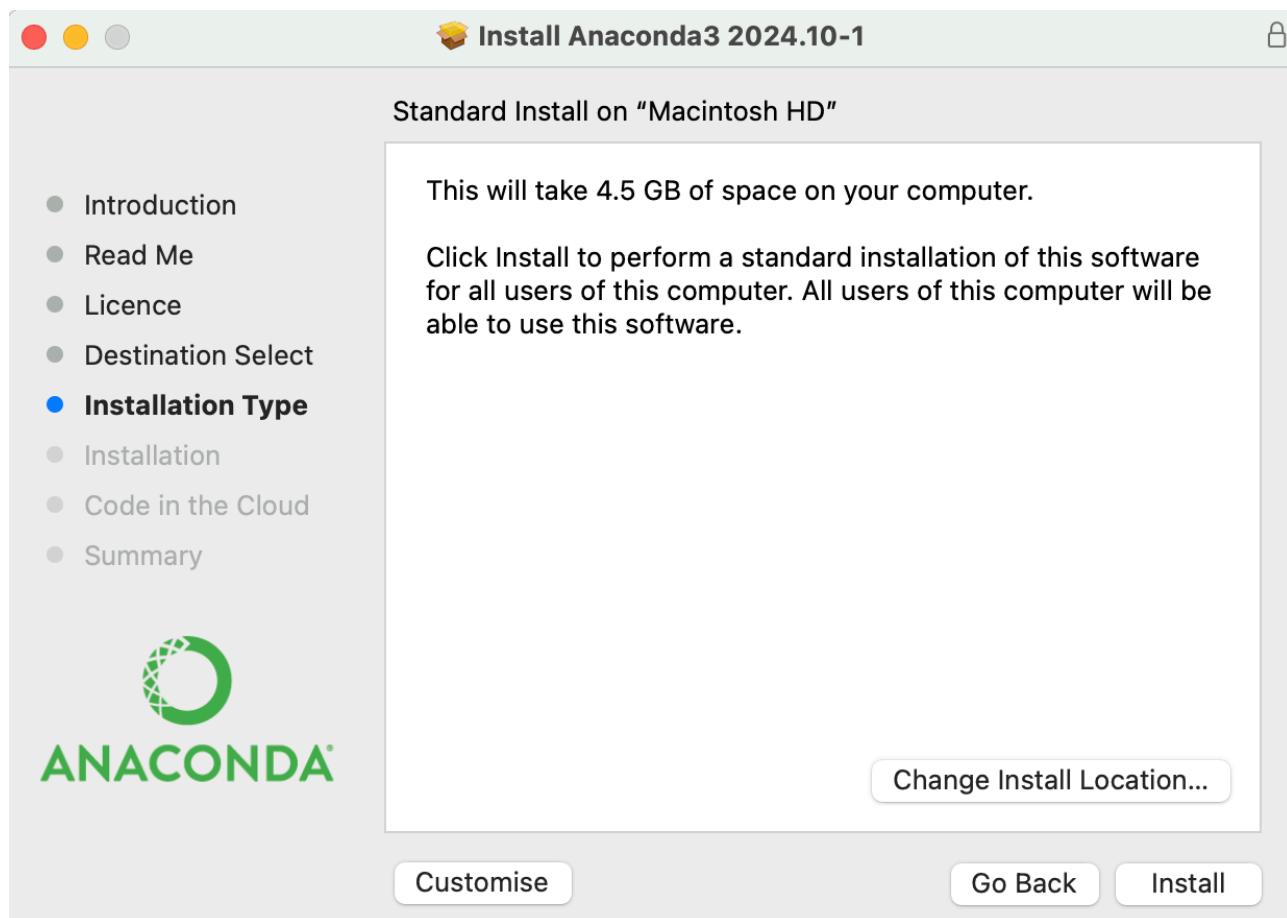
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**Learn Python Basics in 3 hours**

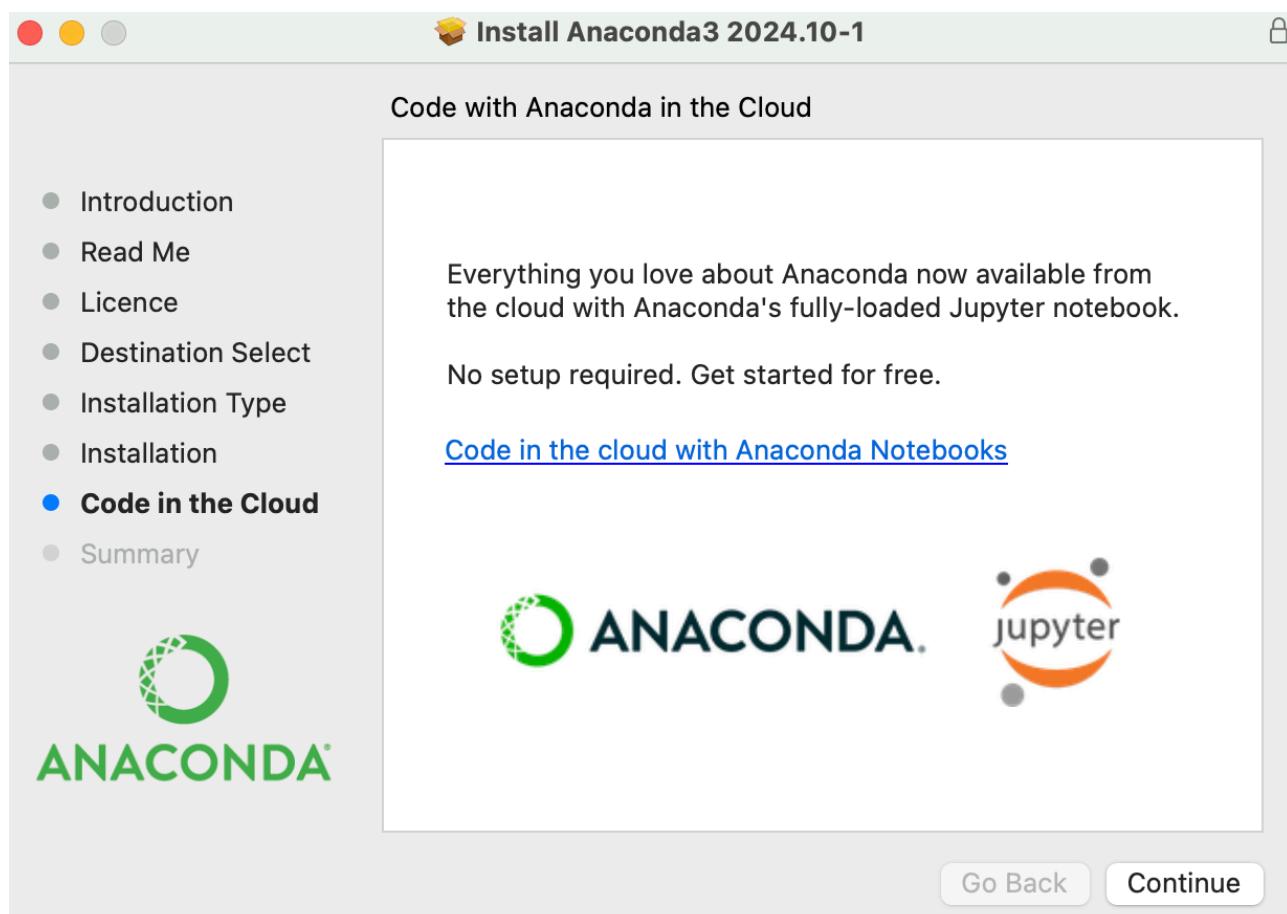
Hi, how can I help?

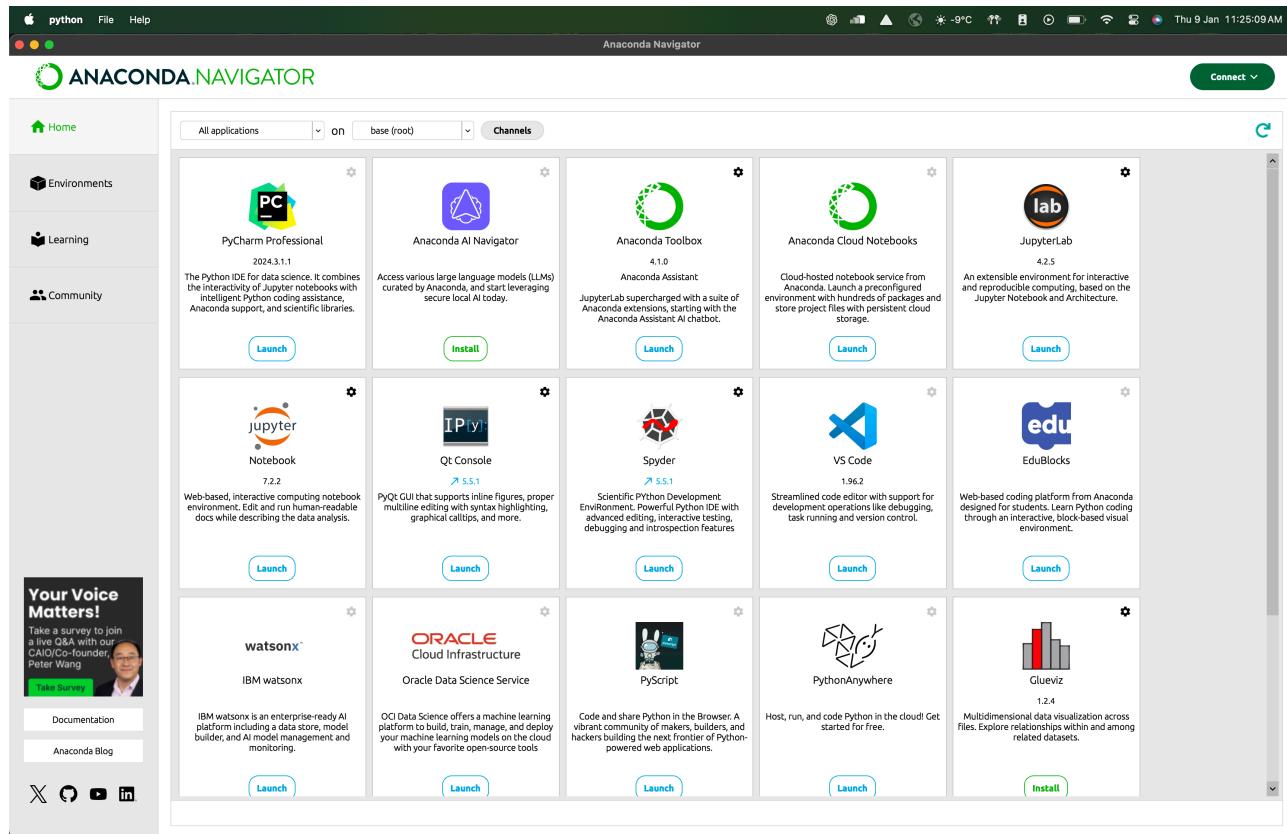
Step 2:

The screenshot shows the "Install Anaconda3 2024.10-1" window. A modal dialog box is centered on the screen, featuring a yellow warning icon with an exclamation mark. The text inside the dialog reads: "This package will run a program to determine if the software can be installed." Below this, a explanatory note states: "To keep your computer secure, you should only run programs or install software from a trusted source. If you're not sure about this software's source, click Cancel to stop the program and the installation." At the bottom of the dialog are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Allow". Outside the dialog, at the bottom of the main window, are "Go Back" and "Continue" buttons. On the left side of the main window, the Anaconda logo and the word "ANAconda" are visible.



Step 5:



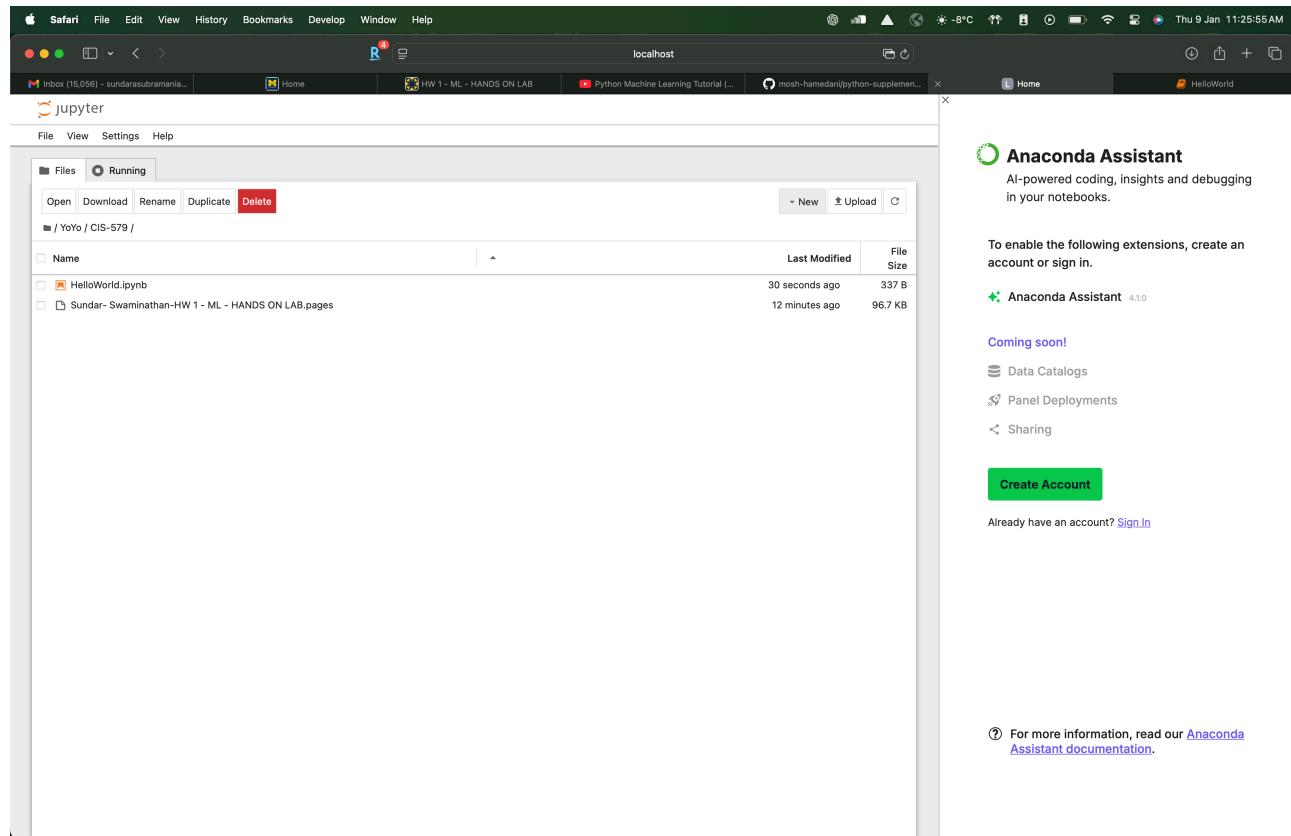


## Step 7:

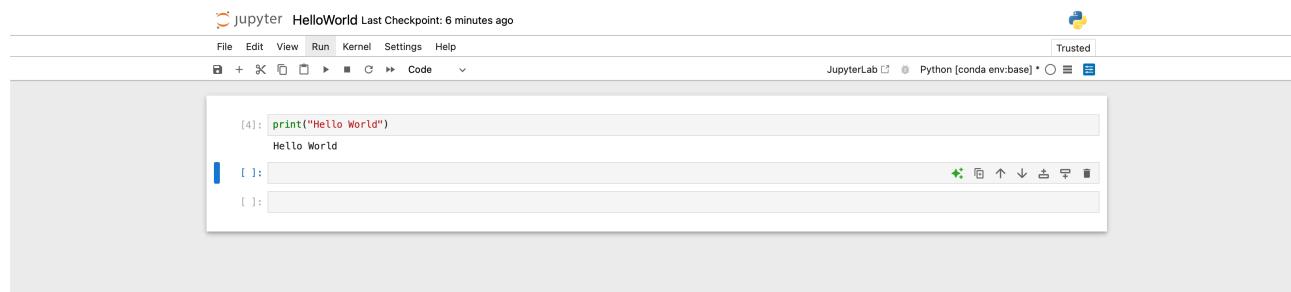
```

Login: Wed Jan  8 15:34:15 on ttys000
(base) sundarasubramanian@MacBook-Pro-275 ~ % jupyter notebook
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:32.866 ServerApp] Extension package xext_assistant took 2.2938s to import
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:32.880 ServerApp] **** ENVIRONMENT [Panels] Environment.PRODUCTION ****
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:32.881 ServerApp] **** ENVIRONMENT [Panels] Environment.PRODUCTION ****
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.104 ServerApp] Database not initialized by migration_upgrade(). Running it again
Database not initialized by migration_upgrade(). Running it again
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.107 ServerApp] Alchemy Config [db_conn_url]: 'sqlite:///Users/sundarasubramanian/anaconda_projects/db/project_filebrowser.db', 'db_path': '/Users/sundarasubramanian/anaconda_projects/db/project_filebrowser.db'
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.107 ServerApp] Default dir: /Users/sundarasubramanian. Running chdir...
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.107 ServerApp] Checking for database file @ /Users/sundarasubramanian/anaconda_projects/db/project_filebrowser.db
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.107 ServerApp] Creating database file...
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.126 ServerApp] Migrations executed
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.126 ServerApp] --> Alembic Config: ['db_conn_url': 'sqlite:///Users/sundarasubramanian/anaconda_projects/db/project_filebrowser.db', 'db_path': '/Users/sundarasubramanian/anaconda_projects/db/project_filebrowser.db']
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.127 ServerApp] Default dir: /Users/sundarasubramanian. Running chdir...
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.257 ServerApp] Checking for database file @ /Users/sundarasubramanian/anaconda_projects/db/project_filebrowser.db
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.257 ServerApp] Database file already exists
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.462 ServerApp] Migrations executed
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.462 ServerApp] Checking project configuration: /Users/sundarasubramanian. Running chdir...
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:33.462 ServerApp] Extension package xext_toolbox took 0.4016s to import
[W 2025-01-09 11:20:33.502 ServerApp] A '_jupyter_server_extension_points' function was not found in jupyter_lsp. Instead, a '_jupyter_server_extension_paths' function was found and will be used for now. This function name will be deprecated in future releases of Jupyter Server.
[W 2025-01-09 11:20:33.496 ServerApp] A '_jupyter_server_extension_points' function was not found in notebook_shim. Instead, a '_jupyter_server_extension_paths' function was found and will be used for now. This function name will be deprecated in future releases of Jupyter Server.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.550 ServerApp] Extension package panel.io.jupyter_server_extension took 3.0499s to import
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.550 ServerApp] ext_assistants I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.550 ServerApp] ext_core I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.550 ServerApp] ext_panels I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.550 ServerApp] ext_xterminals I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.550 ServerApp] ext_toolbox I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.550 ServerApp] jupyter_lsp I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.552 ServerApp] jupyter_server_terminals I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.554 ServerApp] jupyterlab I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.555 ServerApp] notebook I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.725 ServerApp] notebook_shim I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:36.725 ServerApp] panel.io.jupyter_server_extension I extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.222 ServerApp] nb_conda_kernels I enabled, 1 kernels found.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.233 ServerApp] notebook_shim I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.233 ServerApp] Registered xext_assistant I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.234 ServerApp] Registered xext_core I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.234 ServerApp] Registered xext_server extension
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.234 ServerApp] ext_core I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.234 ServerApp] Registered xext_toolbox extension
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.236 ServerApp] ext_toolbox I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.237 ServerApp] jupyter_lsp I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.237 ServerApp] jupyter_server_terminals I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.239 ServerApp] JupyterLab extension loaded from /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/site-packages/jupyterlab
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.239 ServerApp] JupyterLab application directory is /opt/anaconda3/share/jupyter/lab
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.255 ServerApp] JupyterLab I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.257 ServerApp] notebook I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.257 ServerApp] panel.io.jupyter_server.extension I extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.258 ServerApp] Serving notebooks from local directory: /Users/sundarasubramanian
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.258 ServerApp] Jupyter Server 2.44.1 is running at:
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.258 ServerApp] http://127.0.0.1:8888/tree?token=e0723b38b9765b23145e9001bb130e89276f9bebe69f8
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.258 ServerApp] http://127.0.0.1:8888/tree?token=e0723b38b9765b23145e9001bb130e89276f9bebe69f8
[I 2025-01-09 11:20:37.258 ServerApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).

```



Step 9:



**Data Card** **Code (1761)** **Discussion (52)** **Suggestions (0)**

**vgsales.csv (1.36 MB)**

Detail Compact Column

10 of 11 columns

**About this file**

This file does not have a description yet.

#	Rank	Name	Platform	Year	Genre	Publisher			
1	16.6k	11493 unique values	DS PS2 Other (12274)	13% 13% 74%	2009 2008 Other (13739)	9% 9% 83%	Action Sports Other (10936)	20% 14% 66%	Electronic Arts Activision Other (14)
1		Wii Sports	Wii	2006	Sports	Nintendo			
2		Super Mario Bros.	NES	1985	Platform	Nintendo			
3		Mario Kart Wii	Wii	2008	Racing	Nintendo			
4		Wii Sports Resort	Wii	2009	Sports				
5		Pokemon Red/Pokemon Blue	GB	1996	Role-Playing				
6		Tetris	GB	1989	Puzzle				
7		New Super Mario Bros.	DS	2006	Platform				
8		Wii Play	Wii	2006	Misc				
9		New Super Mario Bros. Wii	Wii	2009	Platform				

**Data Explorer**  
Version 2 (1.36 MB)  
**vgsales.csv**

**Summary**  
1 file  
11 columns

**Welcome Gemma to Kaggle!**  
Gemma is Google's new family of OPEN models built from the same research and tech used to create Gemini. The 2B and 7B versions are available now on Kaggle with implementations in 8 different frameworks & amazing code samples.

Don't ask me to view this model again

**Dismiss** **Access Gemma**

## Step 11:

```
[14]: import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('vgsales.csv')
df
```

	Rank	Name	Platform	Year	Genre	Publisher	NA_Sales	EU_Sales	JP_Sales	Other_Sales	Global_Sales
0	1	Wii Sports	Wii	2006.0	Sports	Nintendo	41.49	29.02	3.77	8.46	82.74
1	2	Super Mario Bros.	NES	1985.0	Platform	Nintendo	29.08	3.58	6.81	0.77	40.24
2	3	Mario Kart Wii	Wii	2008.0	Racing	Nintendo	15.85	12.88	3.79	3.31	35.82
3	4	Wii Sports Resort	Wii	2009.0	Sports	Nintendo	15.75	11.01	3.28	2.96	33.00
4	5	Pokemon Red/Pokemon Blue	GB	1996.0	Role-Playing	Nintendo	11.27	8.89	10.22	1.00	31.37
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16593	16596	Woody Woodpecker in Crazy Castle 5	GBA	2002.0	Platform	Kemco	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
16594	16597	Men in Black II: Alien Escape	GC	2003.0	Shooter	Infogrames	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
16595	16598	SCORE International Baja 1000: The Official Game	PS2	2008.0	Racing	Activision	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
16596	16599	Know How 2	DS	2010.0	Puzzle	7G//AMES	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01
16597	16600	Spirits & Spells	GBA	2003.0	Platform	Wanadoo	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01

16598 rows x 11 columns

```
[16]: import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('vgsales.csv')
df.shape

[16]: (16598, 11)

[32]: print("Hello World")
Hello World

[36]: df.describe()

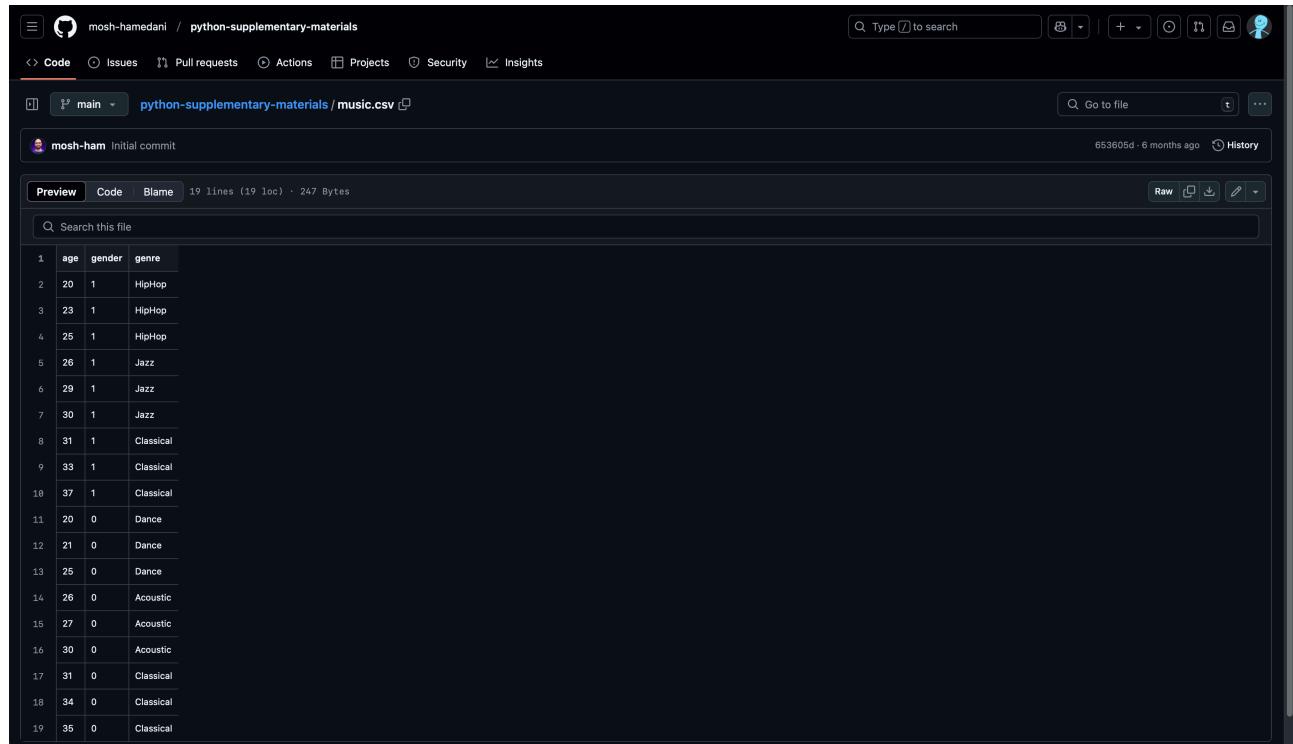
[36]:
      Rank      Year    NA_Sales    EU_Sales    JP_Sales  Other_Sales  Global_Sales
count  16598.000000  16327.000000  16598.000000  16598.000000  16598.000000  16598.000000
mean   8300.605254  2006.406443   0.264667   0.146652   0.077782   0.048063   0.537441
std    4791.853933  5.828981    0.816683   0.505351   0.309291   0.188588   1.555028
min    1.000000   1980.000000   0.000000   0.000000   0.000000   0.000000   0.010000
25%   4151.250000  2003.000000   0.000000   0.000000   0.000000   0.000000   0.060000
50%   8300.500000  2007.000000   0.080000   0.020000   0.000000   0.010000   0.170000
75%   12449.750000 2010.000000   0.240000   0.110000   0.040000   0.040000   0.470000
max   16600.000000 2020.000000   41.490000  29.020000  10.220000  10.570000  82.740000

[24]: df.values

[24]: array([[1, 'Wii Sports', 'Wii', ..., 3.77, 8.46, 82.74],
       [2, 'Super Mario Bros.', 'NES', ..., 6.81, 0.77, 40.24],
       [3, 'Mario Kart Wii', 'Wii', ..., 3.79, 3.31, 35.82],
       ...,
       [16598, 'SCORE International Baja 1000: The Official Game', 'PS2',
        ..., 0.0, 0.0, 0.01],
       [16599, 'Know How 2', 'DS', ..., 0.0, 0.0, 0.01],
       [16600, 'Spirits & Spells', 'GBA', ..., 0.0, 0.0, 0.01]],
      dtype=object)
```

[ ]: df.describe()

## Step 13:



The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for 'mosh-hamedani / python-supplementary-materials'. The 'Code' tab is selected, and the 'music.csv' file is open. The file contains 19 lines of data with columns 'age', 'gender', and 'genre'. The data is as follows:

	age	gender	genre
1	20	1	HipHop
2	23	1	HipHop
3	25	1	HipHop
4	26	1	Jazz
5	29	1	Jazz
6	30	1	Jazz
7	31	1	Classical
8	33	1	Classical
9	37	1	Classical
10	20	0	Dance
11	21	0	Dance
12	25	0	Dance
13	26	0	Acoustic
14	27	0	Acoustic
15	30	0	Acoustic
16	31	0	Classical
17	34	0	Classical
18	35	0	Classical

Jupyter HelloWorld Last Checkpoint: 5 minutes ago

File Edit View Run Kernel Settings Help Trusted

[20]:

```
import pandas as pd
music_data = pd.read_csv('music.csv')
X = music_data.drop(columns=['genre'])
X
```

[20]:

	age	gender
0	20	1
1	23	1
2	25	1
3	26	1
4	29	1
5	30	1
6	31	1
7	33	1
8	37	1
9	20	0
10	21	0
11	25	0
12	26	0
13	27	0
14	30	0
15	31	0
16	34	0
17	35	0

[22]:

```
Y = music_data['genre']
Y
```

[22]:

0	HipHop
1	Hiphop
2	Hiphop
3	Jazz
4	Jazz
5	Jazz
6	Classical
7	Classical
8	Classical
9	Dance
10	Dance
11	Dance
12	Acoustic
13	Acoustic
14	Acoustic
15	Classical
16	Classical
17	Classical

## Step 15:

[22]:

```
Y = music_data['genre']
Y
```

[22]:

0	HipHop
1	Hiphop
2	Hiphop
3	Jazz
4	Jazz
5	Jazz
6	Classical
7	Classical
8	Classical
9	Dance
10	Dance
11	Dance
12	Acoustic
13	Acoustic
14	Acoustic
15	Classical
16	Classical
17	Classical

Name: genre, dtype: object

Jupyter HelloWorld Last Checkpoint: 1 minute ago

File Edit View Run Kernel Settings Help Trusted

[38]:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
music_data = pd.read_csv('music.csv')
X = music_data.drop(columns=['genre']).values
Y = music_data['genre'].values
model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
model.fit(X, Y)
predictions = model.predict([[21, 1], [23, 0]])
```

[38]: array(['HipHop', 'Dance'], dtype=object)

[ ]:

## Step 17:

[298]:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

music_data = pd.read_csv('music.csv')
X = music_data.drop(columns=['genre']).values
y = music_data['genre'].values
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2)
model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
predictions = model.predict(X_test)

score = accuracy_score(y_test, predictions)
score
```

[298]: 0.5

## Step 18:

[298]:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

music_data = pd.read_csv('music.csv')
X = music_data.drop(columns=['genre']).values
y = music_data['genre'].values
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2)
model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
predictions = model.predict(X_test)

score = accuracy_score(y_test, predictions)
score
```

[298]: 0.5

[304]:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
import joblib

music_data = pd.read_csv('music.csv')
X = music_data.drop(columns=['genre']).values
y = music_data['genre'].values

model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
joblib.dump(model, 'music-recommender.joblib')

#predictions = model.predict(X_test)
```

[304]: ['music-recommender.joblib']

```
[310]: import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
import joblib

# music_data = pd.read_csv('music.csv')
# X = music_data.drop(columns=['genre']).values
# y = music_data['genre'].values

# model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
# model.fit(X_train, y_train)
model = joblib.load('music-recommender.joblib')

predictions = model.predict([[21, 1]])

predictions
```

[310]: array(['HipHop'], dtype=object)

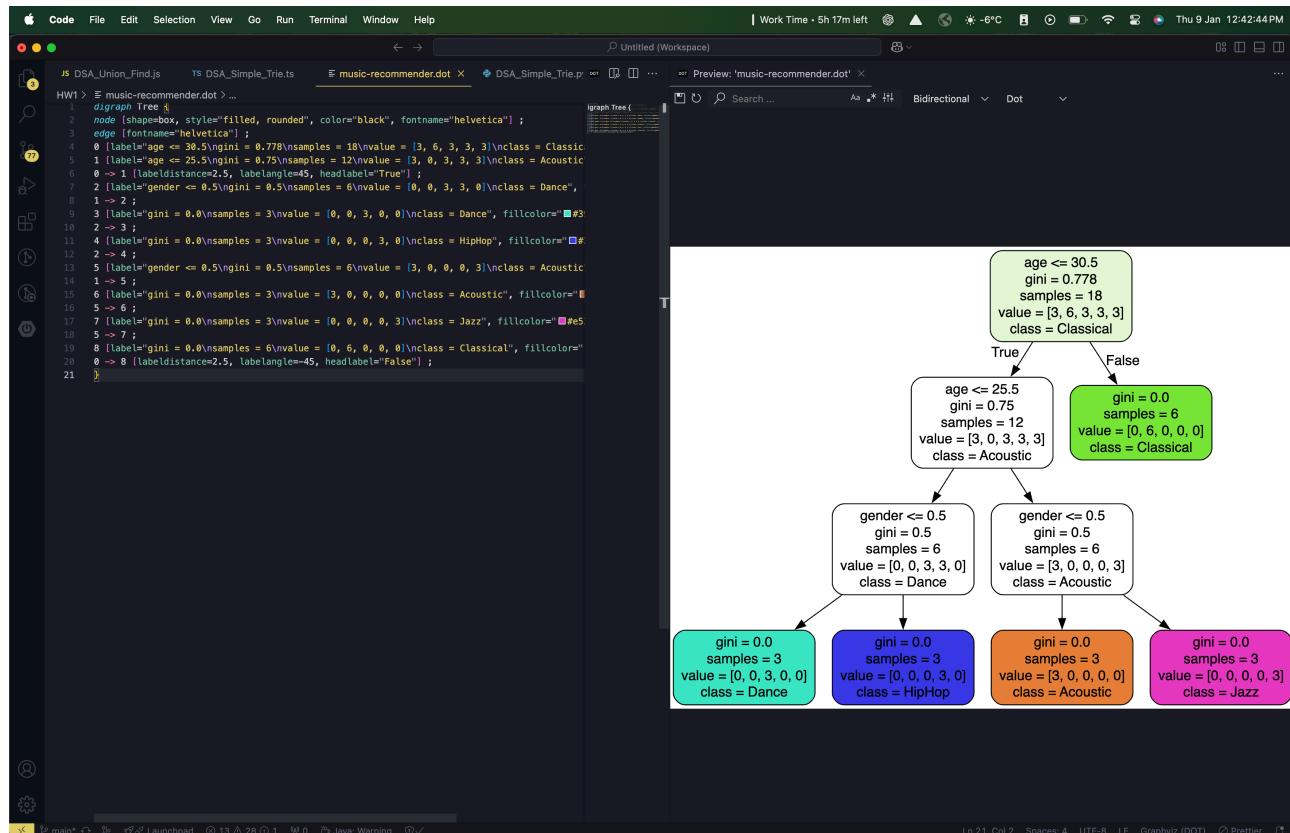
## Step 20:

```
[326]: import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn import tree

music_data = pd.read_csv('music.csv')
X = music_data.drop(columns=['genre'])
y = music_data['genre']

model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
model.fit(X, y)

tree.export_graphviz(model, out_file="music-recommender.dot", feature_names=['age', 'gender'], class_names=sorted(y.unique()), label='all',
```



## Additional Questions

**Q1: In AI we generally work with huge data sets, what are other sources you know like kaggle for getting access to these collections of sample data sets?**

Some of the data sets that I have seen/used are:

- Google DataSet Search. - <http://datasetsearch.research.google.com>
- US Gov Data - <https://data.gov/>
- EU Open Data - <https://data.europa.eu/en>
- HuggingFace Datasets - <https://huggingface.co/datasets>
- Natural Language database - <https://ai.google.com/research/NaturalQuestions/visualization>
- Natural Earth Map Dataset - <https://www.naturalearthdata.com/?ref=hackernoon.com>
- 538 Election Dataset - <https://data.fivethirtyeight.com/>

**Q2: After the implementation, do you feel comfortable working with ML tools and technologies? What are the challenges you faced and the learning you got from the implementation.**

I'm feeling more comfortable than before especially since Python was not my primary language earlier. I still feel like I have some way to go before I can be fully comfortable but I definitely feel like I'm moving upwards on the learning curve.

The major challenges that I faced were that some of the methods had changed between the recording of the video and now and I got stuck at certain places. But I used online resources to find the erring methods and fixed them and was able to come up with a successful response.

The learning I got from the system was that the "intelligence" part of AI is essentially directly proportional to the quality of data, the kind, quantity and efficiency of "learning" that the system developers put the system to which is in turn directly proportional to the amount of resources that is available to the developers of the system.