บทที่ 10 การออกแบบ Class แบบ Inheritance และใช้งาน Garbage Collection

การออกแบบและสร้าง Class แบบ Inheritance โดยมีการออกแบบ Class ตาม Class Diagram ดังนี้

```
Point
- x : int
- y : int
- static count : int = 0
+ Point()
+ Point(int xValue, int yValue)
+ setX(int xValue) : void
+ setY(int yValue) : void
+ getX() : int
+ getY() : int
+ static getCount() : int
+ toString() : String
```

```
Rectangle

- width: int = 10

- height: int = 10

- static count: int = 0

+ Rectangle()

+ Rectangle(int x, int y, int w, int h)

+ setWidth(int w): void

+ setHeight(int h): void

+ getWidth(): int

+ getHeight(): int

+ static getCount(): int

+ toString(): String
```

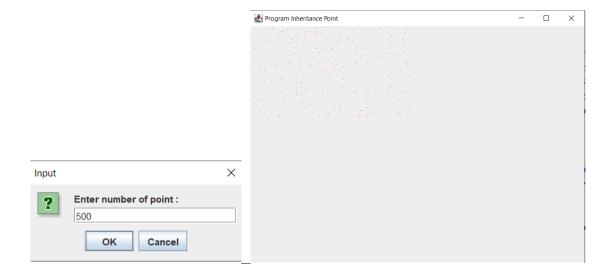
การทดลองที่ 10-1

```
// File Name : Point.java
public class Point {
  private int x = 10; // x part of coordinate pair
  private int y = 10; // y part of coordinate pair
  private static int count = 0;
  // no-argument constructor
  public Point() {
      setX(0);
      setY(0);
      count++;
   }
   // constructor
   public Point( int xValue, int yValue ) {
      setX(xValue);
      setY(yValue);
      count++;
```

```
// finalizer
  protected void finalize() {
     count--;
  // set x in coordinate pair
  public void setX( int xValue ) {
     x = xValue; // no need for validation
  // return x from coordinate pair
  public int getX() {
     return x;
  // set y in coordinate pair
  public void setY( int yValue ) {
     y = yValue; // no need for validation
  // return y from coordinate pair
  public int getY() {
     return y;
  public static int getCount() {
     return count;
  // return String representation of Point object
  public String toString()
     return "[" + getX() + ", " + getY() + "]";
} // end class Point
```

```
size = Integer.parseInt( input ); // convert input to int
  p = new Point[size];
   for (int n = 0; n < p.length; n++) {
      int x = 5 + (int) (Math.random() * 300);
      int y = 5 + (int) (Math.random() * 200);
     p[n] = new Point(x, y);
} // end method init
// draw shapes on applet's background
public void paint( Graphics g )
   super.paint( g ); //call paint method inherited
   for ( int n = 0; n < p.length; n++ ) {
     // set color
      g.setColor( new Color(255,0,0) );
      // plot point
      g.drawLine( p[n].getX(), p[n].getY(), p[n].getX(),
            p[n].getY() );
   } // end for
   //showStatus("จำนวนObject : "+ Point.getCount());
} // end method paint
 public static void main(String[] args) {
     PointJFrame test = new PointJFrame();
     test.setSize(640, 480);
     test.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE);
     test.setVisible(true);
 }
```

ผลลัพธ์



การทดลองที่ 10-2

```
// File Name : Rectangle.java
public class Rectangle extends Point {
   private int width = 10;
  private int height = 10;
   private static int count = 0;
   /** Creates a new instance of Rectangle */
  public Rectangle() {
   }
  public Rectangle(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
      super (x, y);
      setWidth(w);
      setHeight(h);
   public void setWidth(int w) {
     width = w;
   }
   public void setHeight(int h) {
     height = h;
   public int getWidth() {
     return width;
   public int getHeight() {
     return height;
   public int getArea() {
      return width*height;
   public static int getCount() {
```

```
// File Name : RectangleJFrame.java
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
public class RectangleJFrame extends javax.swing.JFrame {
  int x, y;
  Rectangle r ;
  public RectangleJFrame()
        super("Program Inheritance Rectangle");
         String input; // user's input
      // obtain user's choice
      input = JOptionPane.showInputDialog(
                  "Enter value x of left point : " );
     x = Integer.parseInt(input); // convert input to int
      input = JOptionPane.showInputDialog(
                  "Enter value y of left point : " );
     y = Integer.parseInt( input ); // convert input to int
     int w = 10 + (int) (Math.random() * 280);
      int h = 10 + (int) (Math.random() * 180);
      r = new Rectangle(x, y, w, h);
   } // end method init
  public void paint( Graphics g )
         super.paint( g ); //call paint method inherited
      // set color
     g.setColor( Color.ORANGE );
     g.drawRect(r.getX(),r.getY(),r.getWidth(), r.getHeight());
     g.setColor( Color.BLUE );
     g.drawString( "Point Left : " + r.getX() + ", " + r.getY(),
                    r.getX(), r.getY());
     g.drawString( "Width : " + r.getWidth() , r.getX(),
                    r.getY() + 15);
```

ผถลัพธ์



