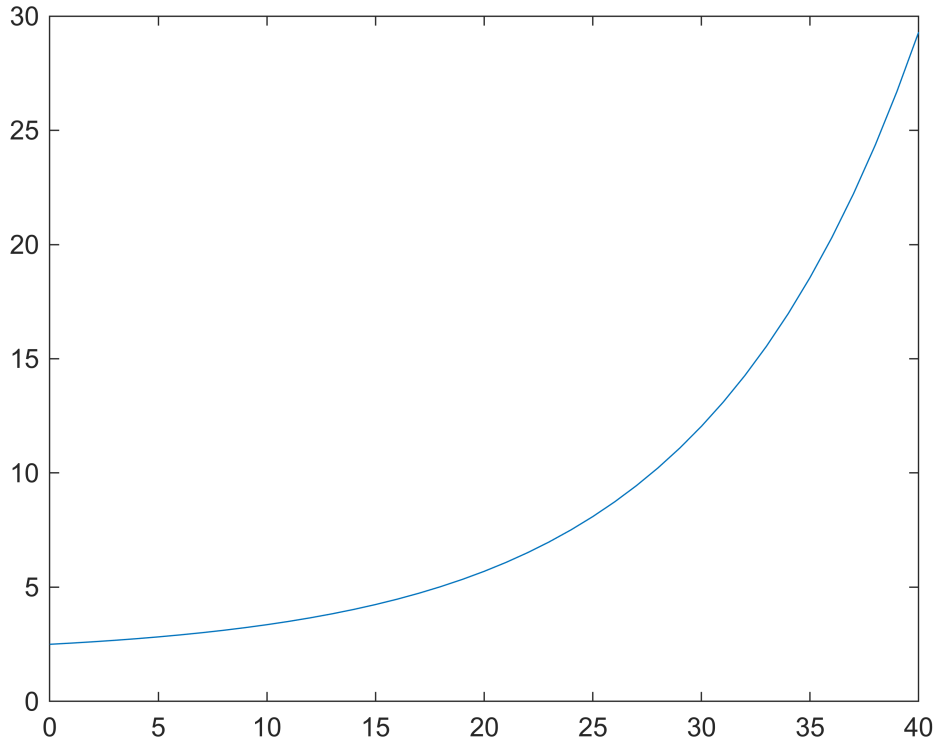
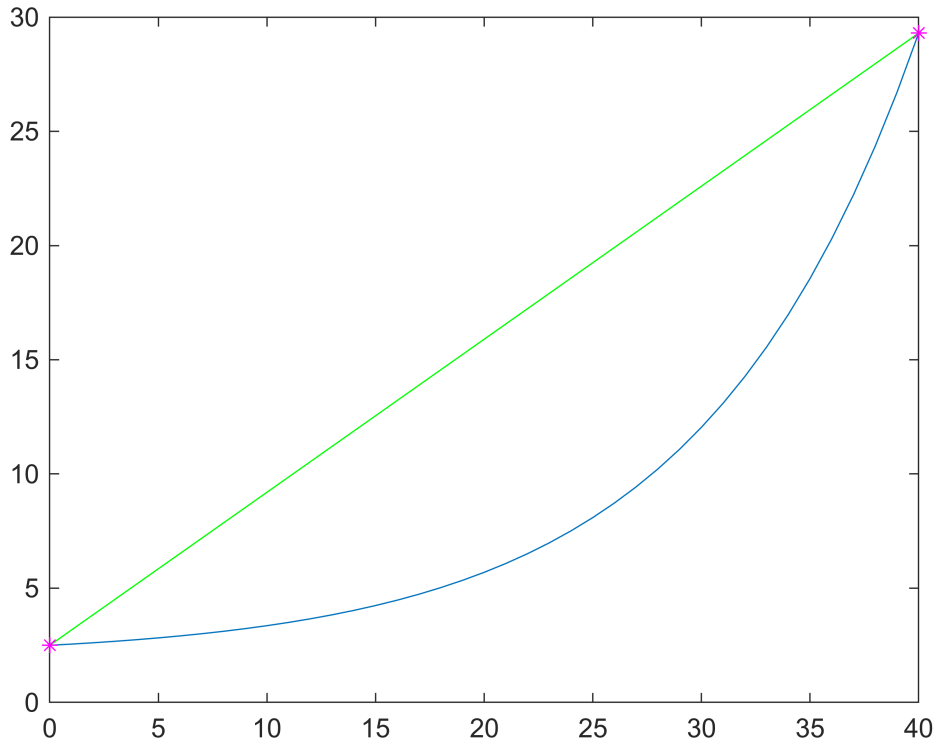
1) Let's assume y = 0.5e^(0.1x) + 2 Let's plot this function from x = 0 to 40

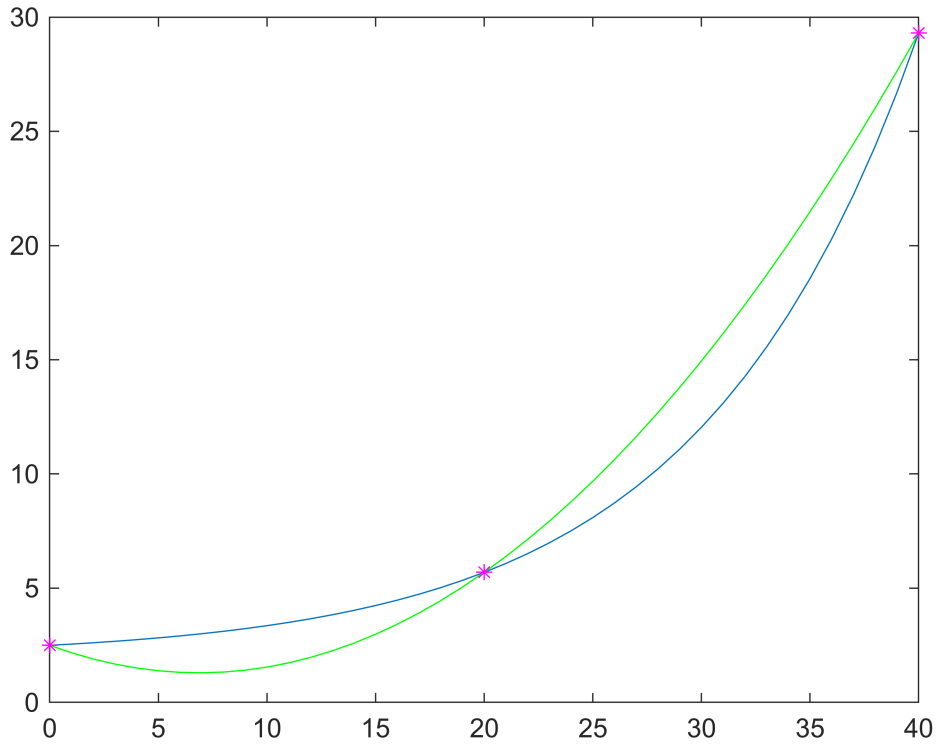


2) Now let's assume that we don't know this function, but we know only some points on this function.

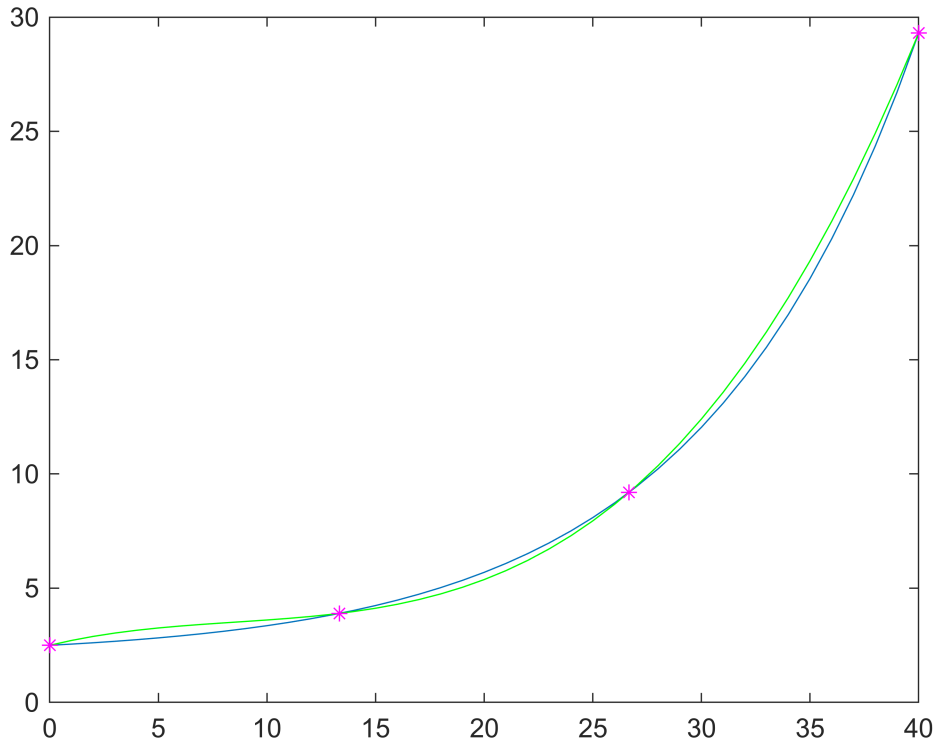
For example, if we only know 2 points with equal interval between 0 and 40, then we can use linear interpolation to predict the unknown function



3) Now assume that we only know 3 points with equal interval between 0 and 40, then we can use quadratic interpolation to predict the unknown function



4) Now assume that we only know 4 points with equal interval between 0 and 40, then we can use cubic interpolation to predict the unknown function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