

## Exercise 1

# The Alphabet

Date:

A B C D E F G H I J K L M  
N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

**VOWELS:**

A E I O U

**CONSONANTS:**

B C D F G H J K L M  
N P Q R S T V W X Y Z

**Do the following:**

1. There are \_\_\_\_\_ vowels in the alphabet.
2. Consonants have \_\_\_\_\_ letters.
3. The middle letter of the vowels is \_\_\_\_\_ .
4. If the alphabet were written up to **O**, what is the middle letter? \_\_\_\_\_
5. In the word **RUNNING**, the double consonant is \_\_\_\_\_.
6. How many consonants than vowels are there in the word **PHILOSOPHY?** \_\_\_\_\_
7. Write down the fourth letter after **R.** \_\_\_\_\_



NEW EDITION

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

8. Write down the letter that comes halfway between I and O. \_\_\_\_\_
9. Counting backwards, write down the tenth letter from end of the alphabet. \_\_\_\_\_
10. Write down the tenth letter that comes before P. \_\_\_\_\_
11. Which is the fourth letter after N? \_\_\_\_\_
12. Which letter is found in **SUNDAYS** but not in **MONDAYS**? \_\_\_\_\_
13. Write down the first letter of the month that has the longest name. \_\_\_\_\_
14. Which day of the week has most letters in its name? \_\_\_\_\_
15. Which is the sixth month of the year? \_\_\_\_\_
16. Which is the twelfth letter after N? \_\_\_\_\_
17. If the fourth and seventh letters were removed which would be the fourth letter? \_\_\_\_\_
18. Which letter in the word **ZOO** comes last in the alphabet? \_\_\_\_\_
19. Which letter is the thirteenth from the end counting the alphabet backwards? \_\_\_\_\_
20. Which is the twenty-first letter but one more? \_\_\_\_\_

**Did you know?**

The word 'alphabet' comes from the first two letters of the Greek alpha and beta.



## Exercise 2

# The Alphabet

Date:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

### Example:



VOWELS :

A      E      I      O      U

### Do the following:

1. The eighth letter of the alphabet is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The fifth letter after O is \_\_\_\_\_.
3. What letter comes between G and I? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What are the two middle letters of the alphabet? \_\_\_\_\_
5. If the vowels are removed, which is the third letter? \_\_\_\_\_
6. If the alphabet is written from Z, which is the sixth letter? \_\_\_\_\_
7. What letter comes after the first vowel? \_\_\_\_\_
8. How many different letters are in **REMEMBER?** \_\_\_\_\_
9. How many different letters are in **PHOSPHORUS?** \_\_\_\_\_
10. Which letters occur twice in **SOMETIMES?** \_\_\_\_\_



NEW EDITION

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

11. Write the alphabet backwards from **E**. \_\_\_\_\_
12. **A E I O U** are letters called \_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_
13. Write out the consonants. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
14. How many consonants are there in the word **PLOUGH**? \_\_\_\_\_
15. Make a three letter word using two vowels and one consonant from the word **ROUGH**. \_\_\_\_\_
16. How many vowels are there from **B** to **P**? \_\_\_\_\_
17. How many different vowels are there in the word  
**CUCUMBER**? \_\_\_\_\_
18. If all the vowels were removed from the alphabet, the first five letters will be  
\_\_\_\_\_.
19. The twenty-first letter but one is \_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_
20. The tenth letter, twenty-first letter, thirteenth letter and the sixteenth letter make the word \_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_

**Did you know?**

The first alphabet was developed by the Phoenicians who lived in what is now Lebanon. The alphabet had 22 letters.



### Exercise 3

## Alphabetical Order

Date:



Words in the dictionary are arranged in alphabetical order:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

#### Example:



ant	ate	awe
cane	cow	cup
dream	drink	drunk

Now arrange these words in alphabetical order.

1. dome	dummy	demand	donkey
_____	_____	_____	_____
2. castle	cream	coke	common
_____	_____	_____	_____
3. nice	nose	nest	numb
_____	_____	_____	_____
4. hermit	hand	hump	hind
_____	_____	_____	_____
5. litter	lever	ladder	love
_____	_____	_____	_____
6. mount	mend	mind	major
_____	_____	_____	_____
7. rub	rob	rind	read
_____	_____	_____	_____
8. glow	grind	giant	goat
_____	_____	_____	_____
9. jump	joker	jeep	jack
_____	_____	_____	_____
10. basket	bring	beg	borrow
_____	_____	_____	_____



NEW EDITION

Score:

11.	friend	fish	ferry	food
12.	goat	girl	gate	gun
13.	lean	lorry	lace	lick
14.	mother	milk	meal	mat
15.	touch	teach	tyre	try
16.	uncle	use	umbrella	up
17.	wall	window	wear	won
18.	open	often	order	oxide
19.	part	purse	pet	pin
20.	zoo	zip	zebra	Zechariah



21.	antelope	algebra	army	abide
22.	king	kite	knife	key
23.	ball	bell	book	bug
24.	cake	car	cell	court
25.	drive	dinner	date	dirt
26.	egg	end	elephant	engine
27.	nine	neat	name	not
28.	finger	fur	form	fetch
29.	mate	mould	make	meek
30.	rubber	rat	read	rid



## Exercise 4

Date:

a b D C e F g H V



**Write figures 1, 2, 3, 4 inside the bracket to show the alphabetical order;  
note the third letter:**

**Example:**



maid (2)      magic (1)      mat (4)      man (3)

- |              |            |             |              |
|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. navy ( )  | napkin ( ) | nail ( )    | nasty ( )    |
| 2. speak ( ) | spy ( )    | spoon ( )   | spade ( )    |
| 3. prize ( ) | probe ( )  | present ( ) | practice ( ) |
| 4. where ( ) | what ( )   | white ( )   | who ( )      |
| 5. went ( )  | were ( )   | west ( )    | wear ( )     |
| 6. fall ( )  | fat ( )    | fame( )     | fan ( )      |
| 7. fry ( )   | freeze ( ) | friend ( )  | from ( )     |
| 8. sign ( )  | sing ( )   | sift ( )    | sip( )       |
| 9. train ( ) | truck ( )  | try ( )     | trick ( )    |
| 10. pant ( ) | part ( )   | pall ( )    | pay ( )      |

**Write these words in alphabetical order:**

- |          |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| 11. feet | fear  | fed   | fever |
| _____    | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 12. hall | hang  | hard  | hair  |
| _____    | _____ | _____ | _____ |



13.	web	week	well	weak
14.	bend	berry	bell	beg
15.	paw	pale	page	path
16.	mayor	magic	mast	male
17.	ring	ripe	river	rice
18.	dent	deaf	deep	deck
19.	grass	grow	grey	grunt
20.	colour	cost	corn	come



21.	umbrella	ukulele	unicorn	under
22.	sea	see	scrub	shy
23.	door	dad	done	dust
24.	wall	window	wound	wish
25.	zoom	zest	zinc	zone
26.	brook	bug	bite	bag
27.	apple	aeroplane	all	age
28.	guard	green	garden	giraffe
29.	quick	quail	queen	quiet
30.	high	hen	hat	hit



## Exercise 5

a b D C e F g H V 

Date:

**Write out the word that would come third when written alphabetically:**

**Example:**



bend

berry

bell

bee

**(bend)**

- |     |       |       |        |        |         |
|-----|-------|-------|--------|--------|---------|
| 1.  | rock  | root  | ray    | roast  | (_____) |
| 2.  | care  | case  | cane   | came   | (_____) |
| 3.  | lost  | lorry | love   | look   | (_____) |
| 4.  | deal  | desk  | dent   | dew    | (_____) |
| 5.  | bed   | bee   | begin  | below  | (_____) |
| 6.  | dry   | drove | drive  | drag   | (_____) |
| 7.  | shell | shoe  | shaft  | shut   | (_____) |
| 8.  | rain  | rat   | ran    | rabbit | (_____) |
| 9.  | fear  | fell  | fed    | few    | (_____) |
| 10. | india | ink   | inside | ill    | (_____) |



NEW EDITION

Score:

11. export emperor europe evil (\_\_\_\_\_)
12. give grant gate get (\_\_\_\_\_)
13. arm again ache add (\_\_\_\_\_)
14. reign road red ride (\_\_\_\_\_)
15. bus bright bee bite (\_\_\_\_\_)
16. soup sheep shape seal (\_\_\_\_\_)
17. fetch fat faith fur (\_\_\_\_\_)
18. head help him hat (\_\_\_\_\_)
19. joke jug jacket jet (\_\_\_\_\_)
20. love laugh lend lump (\_\_\_\_\_)



## Exercise 6

Date:



**In each line the words are in alphabetical order; underline the odd one out. Number 1 has been done for you:**

- |     |            |           |          |            |
|-----|------------|-----------|----------|------------|
| 1.  | amateur    | below     | case     | <u>gun</u> |
| 2.  | elephant   | fair      | dare     | grease     |
| 3.  | keeper     | lane      | maintain | sun        |
| 4.  | driver     | girl      | eraser   | finger     |
| 5.  | harvest    | ice-cream | jam      | man        |
| 6.  | photograph | quick     | were     | rice       |
| 7.  | turn       | uncle     | yam      | vase       |
| 8.  | candle     | decide    | else     | ten        |
| 9.  | radio      | fair      | station  | trust      |
| 10. | goat       | hen       | lamp     | iron       |
| 11. | face       | grip      | hang     | ask        |
| 12. | deaf       | exam      | fast     | run        |
| 13. | crop       | pat       | dew      | eraser     |
| 14. | plate      | take      | question | raise      |
| 15. | x-ray      | sun       | yam      | zoo        |



NEW EDITION

Score:

<b>16.</b>	colour	deer	eel	ant
<b>17.</b>	sun	pear	queen	race
<b>18.</b>	test	umbrella	vase	x-ray
<b>19.</b>	uncle	goat	house	ink
<b>20.</b>	fire	lorry	mouse	new
<b>21.</b>	biro	cot	sun	dance
<b>22.</b>	table	scissors	under	veil
<b>23.</b>	jug	knock	mango	land
<b>24.</b>	window	x-mas	zebra	yard
<b>25.</b>	rich	slow	time	quick
<b>26.</b>	kettle	hunger	igloo	just
<b>27.</b>	sale	anchor	brown	carry
<b>28.</b>	duck	egg	hand	fish
<b>29.</b>	tree	white	xmas	yes
<b>30.</b>	girl	begin	hurry	is



## Exercise 7

abDCEFGH



Date:

- A. Underline the word that would come *first* if arranged alphabetically:  
Number 1 has been done for you.

1. <u>bank</u>	bench	bold	big
2. air	above	animal	arrow
3. cut	camel	crow	clock
4. place	puzzle	paint	pram
5. skin	shed	seven	sail
6. duck	door	desk	dig
7. milk	music	meat	money
8. tent	thief	talk	tie
9. wheat	wrist	week	wife
10. rust	real	rain	ribbon
11. lamb	lion	leaf	log
12. net	nine	nail	note
13. hide	help	hole	hymn
14. village	vest	valley	vono
15. paint	pray	pillar	post
16. dust	dance	dry	dentist
17. dice	donkey	dry	dent
18. guess	grab	give	gay
19. sun	size	send	shirt
20. please	pest	pry	pudding



NEW EDITION

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Now underline the word which would come last if arranged alphabetically:**

- |            |          |        |        |           |
|------------|----------|--------|--------|-----------|
| <b>21.</b> | comfort  | cloud  | cringe | camp      |
| <b>22.</b> | pleasant | past   | pump   | plug      |
| <b>23.</b> | big      | brown  | born   | bang      |
| <b>24.</b> | mouse    | mint   | mall   | mentor    |
| <b>25.</b> | sail     | syrup  | sire   | strong    |
| <b>26.</b> | twitter  | trip   | tower  | tinge     |
| <b>27.</b> | janitor  | junior | jet    | jog       |
| <b>28.</b> | ferry    | fowl   | fibre  | fan       |
| <b>29.</b> | hire     | handle | horn   | humble    |
| <b>30.</b> | nectar   | niece  | noun   | nab       |
| <b>31.</b> | zest     | zip    | zoo    | zap       |
| <b>32.</b> | dent     | dirty  | darily | dub       |
| <b>33.</b> | curb     | crisp  | comply | canoe     |
| <b>34.</b> | bell     | blog   | bland  | brake     |
| <b>35.</b> | flare    | fend   | fond   | fight     |
| <b>36.</b> | brief    | bag    | bit    | buy       |
| <b>37.</b> | internet | item   | idea   | important |
| <b>38.</b> | tripe    | towel  | taken  | thumb     |
| <b>39.</b> | militant | mend   | mute   | mummy     |
| <b>40.</b> | grab     | gill   | gut    | gist      |



## Exercise 8

## Anagrams

Date:



**An anagram is a new word made by changing the order of the letters in another word.**

**Example:**



lump \_\_\_\_\_ plum

deal \_\_\_\_\_ lead

**Rearrange so as to form a word that corresponds to the meaning given:**

Words in the patch on the next page will help.

**Example:**



deal

a heavy metal

-

lead

- |          |                         |   |           |
|----------|-------------------------|---|-----------|
| 1. lied  | a lazy person           | - | id __ e   |
| 2. north | a sharp-pointed stem    | - | tho __ n  |
| 3. ocean | a row boat              | - | can __ e  |
| 4. death | not liked               | - | ha __ ed  |
| 5. fibre | very quickly            | - | bri __ f  |
| 6. owns  | to have planted         | - | sow __    |
| 7. mean  | what a person is called | - | n __ m __ |
| 8. don   | to shake one's head     | - | n __ d    |
| 9. dim   | in the middle           | - | m __ d    |
| 10. ward | to pull                 | - | dr __ w   |



NEW EDITION

Score:

11. dray space outside - y\_\_rd
12. are part of the body - e\_\_r
13. garb to seize - gr\_\_b
14. dream to have a gun - arm\_\_d
15. kin coloured liquid - \_\_nk
16. plum a bump on the skin - lu\_\_p
17. salt coming after all others - la\_\_t
18. inch part of your face - ch\_\_n
19. teach to trick or deceive - ch \_\_ \_\_t
20. act a small furry animal - c \_\_ t

<b>thorn</b>	<b>ink</b>	<b>cat</b>	<b>mid</b>	<b>yard</b>
<b>cheat</b>	<b>sown</b>	<b>hated</b>	<b>armed</b>	<b>ear</b>
<b>chin</b>	<b>last</b>	<b>draw</b>	<b>nod</b>	<b>grab</b>
<b>brief</b>	<b>canoe</b>	<b>idle</b>	<b>name</b>	<b>lump</b>



## Exercise 9

Date:

a b D C e F g H V



**Write one anagram for each of the following words.**

The words in the patch below will help.

**Example:**



**rats**

**arts**

**owns**

**sown**

- |          |       |           |       |
|----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 1. nab   | _____ | 10. teak  | _____ |
| 2. own   | _____ | 11. slept | _____ |
| 3. plea  | _____ | 12. mates | _____ |
| 4. lair  | _____ | 13. tones | _____ |
| 5. ores  | _____ | 14. break | _____ |
| 6. rate  | _____ | 15. ports | _____ |
| 7. pleas | _____ | 16. baker | _____ |
| 8. safer | _____ | 17. swore | _____ |
| 9. tale  | _____ | 18. traps | _____ |



<b>strap</b>	<b>steam</b>	<b>ban</b>	<b>leap</b>	<b>worse</b>
<b>stone</b>	<b>late</b>	<b>rail</b>	<b>break</b>	<b>fears</b>
<b>baker</b>	<b>rose</b>	<b>sport</b>	<b>spelt</b>	<b>now</b>
<b>tear</b>	<b>leaps</b>	<b>take</b>		



A. **The missing word is formed by changing the order of the letters of the word in capital letters:**

**Example:**



The HARPS were placed beside the sharp knife.

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ knocked down the TAR.
2. We heard the sound of GUNS before the \_\_\_\_\_ .
3. The ROSE thorn pricked the boy and he had a \_\_\_\_\_ .
4. The SNAIL glided on the \_\_\_\_\_ .
5. The doors to the HUTS were \_\_\_\_\_ .
6. Our TEAM had a good chunk of \_\_\_\_\_ .
7. The TOP of the \_\_\_\_\_ was broken.
8. There were a lot of LAMPS under the \_\_\_\_\_ .
9. The BAKER could not \_\_\_\_\_ the eggs.
10. We heard TONES underneath the \_\_\_\_\_ .
11. On stage the ANGEL stood at an \_\_\_\_\_ .
12. You can take a NAP when you wash the \_\_\_\_\_ .
13. The \_\_\_\_\_ stood calmly at the SHORE.
14. We would TEACH you not to \_\_\_\_\_ .
15. The boy LIED that he was not \_\_\_\_\_ .
16. Bola had a GRIN on her face when she wore the \_\_\_\_\_ .
17. We saw the bird's \_\_\_\_\_ on the NETS.
18. On the OCEAN sailed the lonely \_\_\_\_\_ .
19. The rose tree towards the NORTH of the garden had dangerous \_\_\_\_\_ .
20. Mr. farmer OWNS the land and he has \_\_\_\_\_ many seeds.



B. Some words have more than one anagram.

**Example:**



Owns = Snow, Sown

1. Nets \_\_\_\_\_
2. Vile \_\_\_\_\_
3. Nips \_\_\_\_\_
4. Ores \_\_\_\_\_
5. Brake \_\_\_\_\_
6. Team \_\_\_\_\_
7. Slain \_\_\_\_\_
8. Staple \_\_\_\_\_
9. Least \_\_\_\_\_
10. Arts \_\_\_\_\_





**Write out one word from the list that can be changed to form the first word:**

**Example:**
act

can

ape

cat:

cat

- |                  |   |       |       |       |        |       |
|------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| 1. <u>feat</u>   | → | fest  | late  | fate  | eats   | _____ |
| 2. <u>meat</u>   | → | train | mate  | male  | tick:  | _____ |
| 3. <u>sore</u>   | → | some  | must  | rose  | sale:  | _____ |
| 4. <u>fares</u>  | → | first | face  | raft  | fears: | _____ |
| 5. <u>dream</u>  | → | made  | armed | ream  | dear:  | _____ |
| 6. <u>yard</u>   | → | yarn  | you   | dray  | darn:  | _____ |
| 7. <u>fibre</u>  | → | fear  | bear  | form  | brief: | _____ |
| 8. <u>name</u>   | → | made  | mean  | nod   | earn:  | _____ |
| 9. <u>draw</u>   | → | ward  | wear  | dew   | darn:  | _____ |
| 10. <u>brag</u>  | → | grow  | bag   | grab  | race:  | _____ |
| 11. <u>pale</u>  | → | leap  | lace  | pear  | pile:  | _____ |
| 12. <u>ear</u>   | → | rat   | eat   | art   | are:   | _____ |
| 13. <u>ocean</u> | → | cane  | canoe | care  | can:   | _____ |
| 14. <u>peat</u>  | → | peal  | leap  | tape  | tap:   | _____ |
| 15. <u>mane</u>  | → | meat  | team  | nail  | name:  | _____ |
| 16. <u>spelt</u> | → | spat  | slept | sport | port:  | _____ |
| 17. <u>now</u>   | → | was   | one   | saw   | won:   | _____ |
| 18. <u>naps</u>  | → | spin  | snap  | pains | amps:  | _____ |
| 19. <u>last</u>  | → | soft  | take  | salt  | sake:  | _____ |
| 20. <u>cheat</u> | → | teach | chair | chain | test:  | _____ |



**Analogy means comparing one thing with another in a similar way.**

**Example:**



**Shoes are to feet as gloves are to hands.**

**Up is to down as before is to after.**

**A. Complete these analogies with the correct word in the brackets.**

1. Knife is to cutting as pen is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(pencil, paper, fork, writing, ink).
2. Apple is to fruit as red is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(blue, green, plum, orange, colour).
3. Hearing is to ear as seeing is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(heads, faces, eyes, mouths, noses).
4. Carpet is to floor as tablecloth is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(tea, tables, China, kitchen, dinner).
5. Vegetables is to soup as beverages is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(ice, potatoes, beans, coffee, peas)
6. Trumpet is to blow as gong is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(below, pull, strike, pluck, twang).
7. Orange is to peal as nut is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(kernel, shell, rind, germ, fruit).
8. Arm is to elbow as door is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(knob, lock, hinge, post, frame).
9. Head is to hat as foot is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(box, bag, table, shoe, bed).
10. Spoon is to soup as bucket is to \_\_\_\_\_  
(well, water, sink, pond, bath).



**B. Complete these analogies: Choose from the patch below.**

1. Kennel is to **dog** as stable is to **horse**.
2. Snake is to \_\_\_\_\_ as pig is to grunt.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ is to scales as bird is to feather.
4. Cat is to milk as dog is to \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Cow is to calf as cat is to \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Pilot is to aeroplane as captain is to \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Hunger is to food as illness is to \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Ship is to harbour as train is to \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Bread is to eat as water is to \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Hill is to mountain as sea is to \_\_\_\_\_.
11. Shoe is to foot as tie is to \_\_\_\_\_.
12. He is to father as she is to \_\_\_\_\_.
13. Pen is to write as book is to \_\_\_\_\_.
14. Hand is to finger as feet is to \_\_\_\_\_.
15. Sun is to day as moon is to \_\_\_\_\_.
16. Car is to drive as boat is to \_\_\_\_\_.
17. Trumpet is to blow as drum is to \_\_\_\_\_.
18. Bed is to sleep as chair is to \_\_\_\_\_.
19. Stable is to horse as \_\_\_\_\_ is to bees.
20. Cap is to head as \_\_\_\_\_ is to hand.

<b>toes</b>	<b>mother</b>	<b>row</b>	<b>ocean</b>
<b>glove</b>	<b>station</b>	<b>ship</b>	<b>beat</b>
<b>bone</b>	<b>sit</b>	<b>read</b>	<b>hiss</b>
<b>neck</b>	<b>drink</b>	<b>hive</b>	<b>medicine</b>
<b>night</b>	<b>kitten</b>	<b>fish</b>	



## Exercise 13

abDCEFGHI

Date:



### Now do these:

1. Doctor is to hospital as clerk is to \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Sailor is to ship as engineer is to \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Pen is to write as needle is to \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Knife is to cut as spoon is to \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Gentleman is to lady as nephew is to \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Cattle is to shed as lion is to \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Lion is to lioness as tiger is to \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Fish is to aquarium as bee is to \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Cattle is to herd as sheep is to \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Blues is to Chelsea as Gunners is to \_\_\_\_\_.
11. Light is to dark as quick is to \_\_\_\_\_.
12. Ink is to pen as lead is to \_\_\_\_\_.
13. Empty is to full as open is to \_\_\_\_\_.
14. Person is to crowd as tree is to \_\_\_\_\_.
15. Cow is to calf as mother is to \_\_\_\_\_.
16. Up is to down as before is to \_\_\_\_\_.
17. Tall is to short as wide is to \_\_\_\_\_.
18. Sheep is to lamb as dog is to \_\_\_\_\_.
19. Finger is to hand as toe is to \_\_\_\_\_.
20. Food is to man as petrol is to \_\_\_\_\_.



NEW EDITION

Score:

## Exercise 14

abDCEFGH



Date:

### A. Which word in the brackets would complete the sentences?

Example:



**sheep: lamb: aged: youth**

(mid-day, twilight, youth).

1. Morning: evening: day \_\_\_\_\_ (age, night, afternoon).
2. Trader: selling: artist: \_\_\_\_\_ (picture, brushes, painting).
3. Cow: milk: bee: \_\_\_\_\_ (pollen, flowers, honey).
4. Mountain: hill: sea: \_\_\_\_\_ (ocean, lake, sea).
5. Father: son: mother: \_\_\_\_\_ (daughter: child, sister)
6. Fish: water: birds: \_\_\_\_\_ (sea, tree, cave).
7. Eating: solid: drinking: \_\_\_\_\_ (tea, milk, liquid).
8. Paper: wall: carpet: \_\_\_\_\_ (lino, floor, room).
9. Seat: sit: ladder: \_\_\_\_\_ (wall, fall, climb).
10. Water: ship: air \_\_\_\_\_ (tyre, flying, aeroplane).

### B. Now try these: Underline the pair:

Example:



**father; mother (uncle, son, brother, aunt).**

11. Tailor: clothes: (furniture, hammer, carpenter, saw).
12. Ice: water: (hot, sky, steam, water).
13. Soldier: rifle: (sailor, miner, tank, pick-axe).
14. Picture: see: (dancing, hear, speech, travel).



15. Kind: good: (honest, well-mannered, generous, polite).
16. Dream: sleep: (swallow, drink, eat, chew).
17. He: man: (she, child, woman, mother).
18. Departure: arrive: (go, stop, come, stay).
19. Hour: time: (mile, speed, day, distance).
20. Soon: never: (near, somewhere, far, nowhere).
21. Cock: hen: (bird, drake, swan, duck).
22. Man: house: (monk, school, house, monastery).
23. Metal: ring: (leaves, water, rustle, hot).
24. Bells: peal: (brakes, wind, fall, screech).
25. Owl: hoot: (car, pig, bust, grunt).
26. Aeroplane: hangar: (ship, harbour, road, train).
27. Butcher: meat: (fishmonger, cane, care, fish).
28. Shepherd: sheep: (postman, sing, letter, song).
29. Library: books: (hospital, school, yard, patient).
30. Ewe: lamb: (bear, cow, calf, sow).





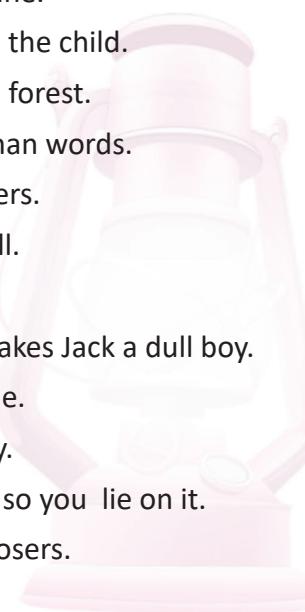
**Proverbs are short but wise sayings.**

**Examples:**



1. A fool and his money are soon parted,
2. A friend in need is a friend indeed.
3. A good dog deserves a good bone.
4. A hungry man is an angry man.

1. Pride goes before a fall.
2. Jack of all trades and master of none.
3. A penny saved is a penny gained.
4. A stitch in time saves nine.
5. Spare the rod and spoil the child.
6. A tree does not make a forest.
7. Action speaks louder than words.
8. All is not gold that glitters.
9. All is well that does well.
10. All roads lead to Rome.
11. All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy.
12. Any time means no time.
13. Once bitten is twice shy.
14. As you make your bed, so you lie on it.
15. Beggars cannot be choosers.
16. Better late than never.
17. There is no smoke without fire.
18. Birds of a feather flock together.
19. Charity begins at home.
20. Call a spade a spade.



21. Cut your coat according to your cloth.
22. Don't put all your eggs in one basket.
23. Early to bed, early to rise.
24. Empty vessels make the most sound.
25. Honesty is the best policy.
26. Look before you leap.
27. Make hay while the sun shines.
28. Practice makes perfect.
29. Unity is strength.
30. Two heads are better than one.

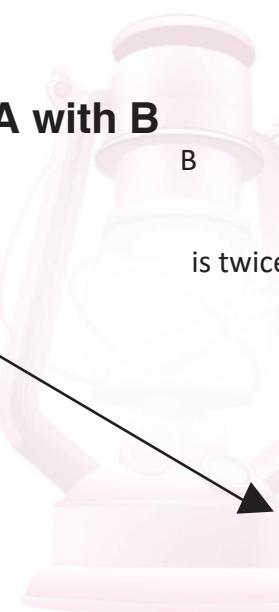
**Do these:**

### Match A with B

A

B

Make hay	is twice shy
All that glitters	saves nine
Spare the rod	better than none
Unity is	perfect
There is no smoke	while the sun shines
Practice makes	before a fall
Two heads are	strength
Pride goes	without fire
A stitch in time	and spoil the child
Once bitten	is not gold



## Exercise 16

## Letter Codes

Date:



A code consists of signs that have a secret meaning.

Write a code for these words using the alphabet in the box.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

**Example:**



Come = P B Z R

Sit = F V G

1. Blue \_\_\_\_\_

11. Plan \_\_\_\_\_

2. Come \_\_\_\_\_

12. Scan \_\_\_\_\_

3. Take \_\_\_\_\_

13. Beach \_\_\_\_\_

4. Grow \_\_\_\_\_

14. Meat \_\_\_\_\_

5. Share \_\_\_\_\_

15. Cream \_\_\_\_\_

6. Rear \_\_\_\_\_

16. Cake \_\_\_\_\_

7. Club \_\_\_\_\_

17. Burn \_\_\_\_\_

8. Money \_\_\_\_\_

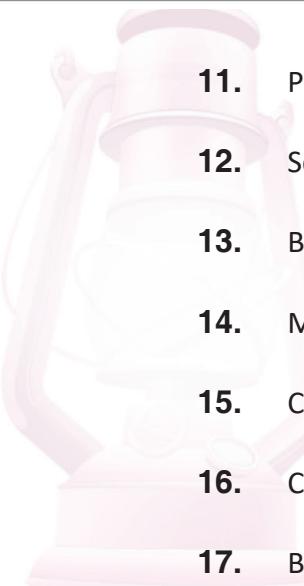
18. Ball \_\_\_\_\_

9. Train \_\_\_\_\_

19. Porter \_\_\_\_\_

10. Flock \_\_\_\_\_

20. Lamb \_\_\_\_\_



21. Cane \_\_\_\_\_

31. Gate \_\_\_\_\_

22. Box \_\_\_\_\_

32. Big \_\_\_\_\_

23. Pen \_\_\_\_\_

33. Hat \_\_\_\_\_

24. Zoo \_\_\_\_\_

34. Joke \_\_\_\_\_

25. Car \_\_\_\_\_

35. Ink \_\_\_\_\_

26. Tray \_\_\_\_\_

36. Nut \_\_\_\_\_

27. Lad \_\_\_\_\_

37. Door \_\_\_\_\_

28. Cheese \_\_\_\_\_

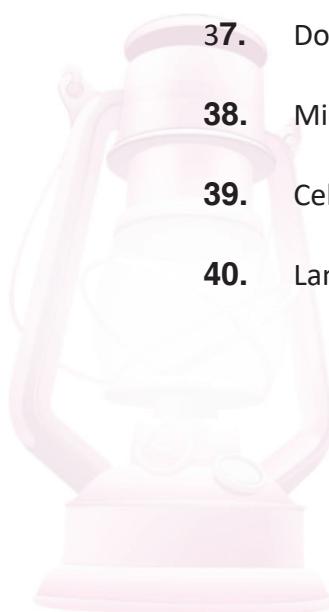
38. Mice \_\_\_\_\_

29. Fire \_\_\_\_\_

39. Cell \_\_\_\_\_

30. Art \_\_\_\_\_

40. Lane \_\_\_\_\_



A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

Decode and write out the words:

**Example:**



ORYY = BELL

- |          |       |          |       |
|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| 1. OBL   | _____ | 13. QBT  | _____ |
| 2. EHA   | _____ | 14. JNXR | _____ |
| 3. FNL   | _____ | 15. TVEY | _____ |
| 4. ERNQ  | _____ | 16. AB   | _____ |
| 5. SBE   | _____ | 17. PHC  | _____ |
| 6. JNL   | _____ | 18. ZNG  | _____ |
| 7. JEVGR | _____ | 19. EBPX | _____ |
| 8. PEL   | _____ | 20. NAQ  | _____ |
| 9. SNA   | _____ | 21. FRR  | _____ |
| 10. CRG  | _____ | 22. ZL   | _____ |
| 11. JNAG | _____ | 23. JBEX | _____ |
| 12. WHZC | _____ | 24. XVGR | _____ |



## Exercise 18 Letter Codes

Date:

Letters of the alphabet can also be written forwards and backwards to code a word.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N

N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A

Code these words using the bottom letters to represent the top ones.

For A, Z is used; B, Y: i

Example:

bag - YZT

look - OLLP

cup - XFK

my - NB



1. went \_\_\_\_\_

9. play \_\_\_\_\_

2. jump \_\_\_\_\_

10. yet \_\_\_\_\_

3. come \_\_\_\_\_

11. see \_\_\_\_\_

4. to \_\_\_\_\_

12. pen \_\_\_\_\_

5. run \_\_\_\_\_

13. write \_\_\_\_\_

6. read \_\_\_\_\_

14. me \_\_\_\_\_

7. sing \_\_\_\_\_

15. eat \_\_\_\_\_

8. zoo \_\_\_\_\_

16. help \_\_\_\_\_



17. you \_\_\_\_\_

19. fun \_\_\_\_\_

18. can \_\_\_\_\_

20. run \_\_\_\_\_

The words below have been written in codes, but the codes are not under the right words.

LEAF

345

FAN

126

ANGLE

3456

LEG

45612

FANG

1243

*Put the codes under the right words.*

21. LEAF

\_\_\_\_\_

24. FAN

\_\_\_\_\_

22. ANGLE

\_\_\_\_\_

25. LEG

\_\_\_\_\_

23. FANG

\_\_\_\_\_



# Exercise 19 Decode

Date:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N

N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A

Decode these words. Use the bottom letters to represent the top ones:

## Example:



A = Z; B = Y

HVV = see ZMW = and

SVIV = here BZN = yam

1. PRGV = \_\_\_\_\_ 6. HZB = \_\_\_\_\_
2. IVZW = \_\_\_\_\_ 7. DLIP = \_\_\_\_\_
3. ULI = \_\_\_\_\_ 8. NB = \_\_\_\_\_
4. DZB = \_\_\_\_\_ 9. HVV = \_\_\_\_\_
5. WLT = \_\_\_\_\_ 10. ILXP = \_\_\_\_\_



11. DZPV = \_\_\_\_\_

18. QFNK = \_\_\_\_\_

12. TRIO = \_\_\_\_\_

19. DZMG = \_\_\_\_\_

13. ML = \_\_\_\_\_

20. KVG = \_\_\_\_\_

14. UZI = \_\_\_\_\_

21. XFK = \_\_\_\_\_

15. DIRGV = \_\_\_\_\_

22. NZG = \_\_\_\_\_

16. YLB = \_\_\_\_\_

23. MFG = \_\_\_\_\_

17. IFM = \_\_\_\_\_

24. HRMT = \_\_\_\_\_

***Decode this sentence:***25. R ZN Z YLB =  
\_\_\_\_\_***Did you know?***

The science of creating and reading coded messages is called  
**CRYPTOGRAPHY.**



## Exercise 20 Letter Codes

Date:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

- A. In this exercise, find out the codes yourself. How?  
Try the letters that stand just before them in the alphabet.

### Example:



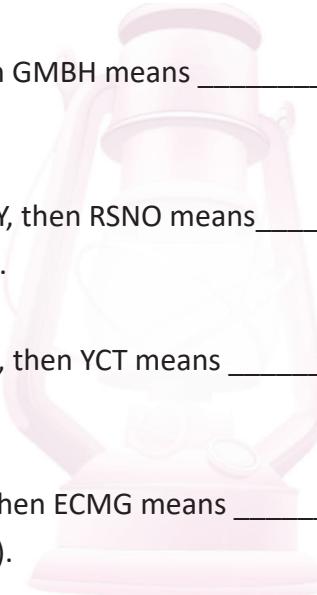
D for C,  
DPNF = COME

P for O,

N for M,

F for E.

- If CBE means BAD, then GMBH means \_\_\_\_\_  
(good, food, flag, flog).
- If GTQQX means HURRY, then RSNO means \_\_\_\_\_  
(soon, stop, ship, shoe).
- If RGCEG means PEACE, then YCT means \_\_\_\_\_  
(war, was, wet, web).
- If NQXG means LOVE, then ECMG means \_\_\_\_\_  
(good, calm, cake, gate).
- If NCL means PEN, then GLI means \_\_\_\_\_  
(elk, ink, egg, its).

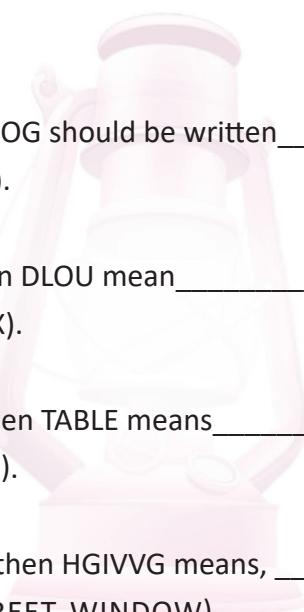


- B.** Now look at the alphabetical order below. This time letters at the bottom represent the top letters \_\_\_\_\_. A = Z; B = Y.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N

N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A

**Code these:**

- 
6. If XZG means CAT then DOG should be written \_\_\_\_\_  
(GAD, OWT, WLT, XOG).
7. If YVZI means BEAK, then DLOU mean\_\_\_\_\_  
(LION, WOLF, DEER, LYNX).
8. If XSZRI means CHAIR, then TABLE means\_\_\_\_\_  
(GZYOV, VGZYO, GAYOE).
9. If SLFHV means HOUSE, then HGIVVG means, \_\_\_\_\_  
(GARDEN, AVENUE, STREET, WINDOW).
10. If LOOK is written as OLLP, then SEE means, \_\_\_\_\_  
(UHH, HVV, HHV, VHV).



**C. Use the same code above to do these. Circle the correct code:**

- 11.** Uncle \_\_\_\_\_  
FNXLV, EMXOV, EMLOV, FMXOV
- 12.** Auntie \_\_\_\_\_  
ZENGRV, ZEMGIV, ZFMGRV, ZEWGIV
- 13.** Cousin \_\_\_\_\_  
XOFHRM, XLFSRM, XLUHRM, XLFHRM
- 14.** Mother \_\_\_\_\_  
NOGSVI, NOTSVI, NLGSVI, NLGSEI
- 15.** Fit \_\_\_\_\_  
URG, RUG, GRU, UUG.
- 16.** Joy \_\_\_\_\_  
BQ, QBL, QLB, BQL
- 17.** Fear \_\_\_\_\_  
IVUZ, UZIV, UVIZ, UVZI.
- 18.** Hope \_\_\_\_\_  
SKLV, SLKV, SLVK, SVKL
- 19.** Grief \_\_\_\_\_  
TRVIU, TVRTU, TIRVU, TIRUN
- 20.** Sorrow \_\_\_\_\_  
HDLLII, HLIILD, HLDIIL, HLDLII



## Exercise 21

a b D C e F g H I



Date:

### Example:



If SYMZ is MOUNT, then ZMX is NUT.

If DRAKE is SLPQU, then LPQU is RAKE.

1. If YZHPVG is BASKET; then GZPV is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. De-code, XSROWIVM is CHILDREN; then SVON is \_\_\_\_\_.
3. If WEATHER is DVZGGSVI; then HEATH would be \_\_\_\_\_.
4. RAZOR is written CBLFC; ROAR is then \_\_\_\_\_.
5. If XYZSTU is JACKET; then ZYST is \_\_\_\_\_.
6. SLMNO de-coded is TEACH; then OLMS is \_\_\_\_\_.
7. PLEASE is written JKQWUUQ; then SLEEP would be \_\_\_\_\_.
8. If CASTLE is coded as HGWXBY; then SEAT is \_\_\_\_\_.
9. If UNYZPG is BASKET; then GNZP would be \_\_\_\_\_.
10. In code CSUTSN is WELDER, then TSSN is \_\_\_\_\_.



## Exercise 22

## Number Codes

Date:



*In number codes we number the letters.*

*We can have numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 etc. Anagrams can also be used.*

### Example:



S	O	M	E	T	H	I	N	G
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

1 2 3 4 = ---- some 34 = me

2 8 4 = ---- one 5678 = thin

### A. Now do these ones:

L	A	N	T	E	R	N
1	2	3	4	5	6	3

- |     |        |         |     |           |         |
|-----|--------|---------|-----|-----------|---------|
| 1.  | net    | = 354   | 11. | tea       | = _____ |
| 2.  | ant    | = _____ | 12. | 5 2 6 3   | = _____ |
| 3.  | ran    | = _____ | 13. | 6 2 3     | = _____ |
| 4.  | neat   | = _____ | 14. | 1 2 4 5   | = _____ |
| 5.  | late   | = _____ | 15. | 4 2 3     | = _____ |
| 6.  | rant   | = _____ | 16. | 4 5 3     | = _____ |
| 7.  | learnt | = _____ | 17. | tan       | = _____ |
| 8.  | ten    | = _____ | 18. | 5 2 6     | = _____ |
| 9.  | earn   | = _____ | 19. | 2 3 4     | = _____ |
| 10. | tear   | = _____ | 20. | 1 5 2 6 3 | = _____ |
|     |        |         | 21. | 2 4 5     | = _____ |
|     |        |         | 22. | 2 3       | = _____ |



**B. Example:**

rats = 1234;

deal = 6321;

arts = 2134

lead = 1326

23. If leaps = 12345      pleas = 41235
24. If fears = 62345      safer = \_\_\_\_\_
25. If sung = 2345      guns = \_\_\_\_\_
26. If pins = 3456      nips = \_\_\_\_\_
27. If live = 6421      vile = \_\_\_\_\_
28. If strap = 84215      traps = \_\_\_\_\_
29. If nails = 61723      snail = \_\_\_\_\_
30. If swore = 21345      worse = \_\_\_\_\_
31. If tones = 41568      stone = \_\_\_\_\_
32. If break = 31246      baker = \_\_\_\_\_
33. If thus = 9681      huts = \_\_\_\_\_
34. If mates = 24987      steam = \_\_\_\_\_
35. If spelt = 32168      slept = \_\_\_\_\_
36. If veil = 4132      live = \_\_\_\_\_



## Exercise 23

## Letter Series

Date:



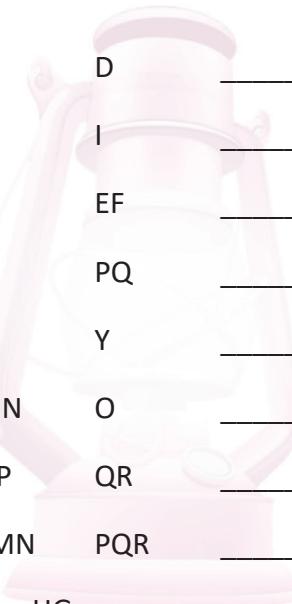
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

**Study the patterns carefully and complete the exercises below:**

A	B	C	D	E	F	G		Z	Y	X	W	V	U
H	I	J	K	L	M	N		D	EF	G	HI	J	KL

### A. Now do these:

1. A B C D \_\_\_\_\_
2. F G H I \_\_\_\_\_
3. A BC D EF \_\_\_\_\_
4. L MN O PQ \_\_\_\_\_
5. A Z B Y \_\_\_\_\_
6. JK L MN O \_\_\_\_\_
7. KL MN OP QR \_\_\_\_\_
8. HIJ K LMN PQR \_\_\_\_\_
9. BA DC FE HG \_\_\_\_\_
10. DEF HIJ LMN PQR \_\_\_\_\_
11. ABC EFG IJK MNO \_\_\_\_\_
12. CC D EE F \_\_\_\_\_



13.	ABZ	CDY	EFX		
14.	M	O	Q	S	
15.	AC	BD	CE		
16.	GH	JK	MN		
17.	AZB	CYD	EXF		
18.	A	BB	C	DD	
19.	PQ	RS	TU		
20.	DDE	F	GGH		

**B. Study carefully and complete:**

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

21.	ZZA	YYB	XXC			
22.	WVU	TSR	QPO			
23.	MLK	JIH	GFE			
24.	NOP	QUR	STU			
25.	AC	BD	CE	DF		
26.	GH	JK	MN	PQ		
27.	FE	GF	HG	IH		
28.	A	B	D	G	K	
29.	E	G	I	K		



30. T S R Q \_\_\_\_\_
31. KJ IH GF \_\_\_\_\_
32. ZY XW VU \_\_\_\_\_
33. NNO PP Q RR \_\_\_\_\_
34. ZY YX XW WV \_\_\_\_\_
35. UTS RQP ONM \_\_\_\_\_
36. POP NMN LKL \_\_\_\_\_
37. GGI HHJ IIK \_\_\_\_\_
38. AAZ BBY CCX \_\_\_\_\_
39. GHG IJI KLK \_\_\_\_\_
40. ZZA YYC XXE \_\_\_\_\_





***Underline the group name for these words:***

1.	Jay-jay	Pele	Ronaldo	footballers
2.	one	four	numbers	six
3.	hammer	saw	tools	spanner
4.	May	months	June	July
5.	parties	ACN	PDP	ANPP
6.	orange	fruits	pineapple	banana
7.	roses	hibiscus	flowers	sunflower
8.	owl	birds	robin	duck
9.	okra	waterleaf	vegetables	bitterleaf
10.	chair	furniture	table	bed
11.	girl	woman	female	lady
12.	male	boy	man	uncle
13.	Oyo	states	Kwara	Imo
14.	naira	money	dollars	sterling
15.	Obi	Oba	Emir	rulers
16.	hour	week	day	time
17.	cups	plates	china	dishes
18.	swords	guns	weapons	spears
19.	cotton	wool	silk	textile
20.	uncle	aunt	relation	cousin



## Exercise 25

abDCEFGH



Date:

**A. Underline the one that does not belong to the group:**

- |               |          |         |            |
|---------------|----------|---------|------------|
| 1. Obama      | Obasanjo | Shagari | Yar'Adua   |
| 2. eraser     | ruler    | pin     | pen        |
| 3. spoon      | knife    | pen     | fork       |
| 4. Abuja      | Cameroon | Lome    | Accra      |
| 5. teacher    | pupil    | work    | student    |
| 6. rice       | beans    | sand    | corn       |
| 7. fish       | meat     | bread   | pork       |
| 8. knee       | elbow    | face    | ankle      |
| 9. Uyo        | Ibadan   | Yenagoa | Niger      |
| 10. milo      | milk     | pronto  | bournvita  |
| 11. table     | chair    | desk    | blackboard |
| 12. pots      | pans     | cutlery | chair      |
| 13. lorry     | car      | ship    | bus        |
| 14. dress     | shirt    | vest    | shoes      |
| 15. patient   | nurse    | painter | hospital   |
| 16. desk      | table    | hall    | chair      |
| 17. hat       | sweater  | beret   | cap        |
| 18. ice       | fanta    | milk    | juice      |
| 19. pen       | pencil   | biro    | notepad    |
| 20. Heartland | Lobi     | Chelsea | Enyimba    |



NEW EDITION

Score:

**B. Pick the odd one out:****Example:****sun****moon****star****planet****sky**

1.	cow	sheep	hen	pig
2.	coffee	tea	cocoa	water
3.	hat	coat	blouse	shirt
4.	hand	arms	fingers	head
5.	red	blue	yellow	paper
6.	horse	donkey	camel	turkey
7.	uncles	aunts	father	cousins
8.	cat	dog	iron	rabbit
9.	doctor	nurse	carpenter	dentist
10.	cassava	yam	mango	groundnut
11.	envelope	pen	biro	pencil
12.	meat	fish	okra	pork
13.	swim	walk	run	hop
14.	owl	eagle	rose	pigeon
15.	butterfly	moth	mosquito	ant
16.	carrot	okra	lettuce	pear
17.	tailor	seamstress	dressmaker	mason
18.	carpet	curtain	rug	mat
19.	uncle	aunt	cousin	son
20.	wet	moist	dry	damp



## Exercise 26

abDCEFGHI

Date:

A. Give a general name for each list below. Choose words from the patch:

Example:



chairs,      tables,      beds - furniture.

1.	woman	girl	sister	_____
2.	cat	dog	rat	_____
3.	five	twenty	ten	_____
4.	shark	titus	cod	_____
5.	blue	white	purple	_____
6.	ant	butterfly	moth	_____
7.	mango	orange	guava	_____
8.	uncle	nephew	brother	_____
9.	Nigeria	Congo	Kenya	_____
10.	beans	corn	rice	_____
11.	hibiscus	lily	rose	_____
12.	water	fanta	sprite	_____

liquids	grains	female	flowers
countries	fruits	animals	insects
colours	fishes	numbers	male

B. Now do these without answers in the box:

13.	small	size	large	big	size
14.	movement	walk	stroll	run	_____
15.	bungalow	house	building	duplex	_____



NEW EDITION

Score:

16. newsprint      magazine      comic      newspaper \_\_\_\_\_
17. fowls      duck      hen      cock \_\_\_\_\_
18. footwear      boot      shoe      sandals \_\_\_\_\_
19. silk      cotton      textile      wool \_\_\_\_\_
20. hat      cap      beret      headwear \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Underline the two odd words in each group.**

**Example:**



Orange egg guava cake apple

- |             |        |         |           |           |
|-------------|--------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 21. table   | chair  | roof    | desk      | plate     |
| 22. date    | minute | hour    | palm      | second    |
| 23. Ogun    | Oyo    | Ilorin  | Osogbo    | Ekiti     |
| 24. Chelsea | Bayern | Arsenal | Barcelona | Liverpool |
| 25. Jos     | Borno  | Owerri  | Akure     | Rivers    |
| 26. banana  | apple  | milk    | milo      | orange    |
| 27. cow     | pig    | shark   | horse     | tilapia   |
| 28. meat    | rice   | corn    | egg       | beans     |
| 29. emperor | lawyer | king    | president | clown     |
| 30. Nigeria | Kenya  | China   | Poland    | Ghana     |



## Exercise 27

## Synonyms

Date:

A. These are words of the same or nearly the same meanings.

**Example:**



small- little;

big - large.

Now do these (use words in the box below):

- |                      |                       |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. aid and _____     | 11. advance and _____ |
| 2. alive and _____   | 12. permit and _____  |
| 3. always and _____  | 13. finish and _____  |
| 4. tiny and _____    | 14. gather and _____  |
| 5. robust and _____  | 15. begin and _____   |
| 6. meal and _____    | 16. bad and _____     |
| 7. gap and _____     | 17. arrive and _____  |
| 8. fall and _____    | 18. amusing and _____ |
| 9. deceive and _____ | 19. bitter and _____  |
| 10. enemy and _____  | 20. bold and _____    |

move	sour	foe	often	allow
funny	cheat	small	complete	reach
drop	fat.	collect	poor	help
food	brave	start	living	space



- B. Replace the underlined word with a synonym:  
*Choose your answers from the box:*

**Example:**



The sea was quiet. The sea was calm.

<b>lively</b>	<b>thin</b>	<b>noisy</b>	<b>hurt</b>	<b>strange</b>
<b>push</b>	<b>lazy</b>	<b>help</b>	<b>mark</b>	<b>pretty</b>

1. John saw a lean man on a tree. John saw a \_\_\_\_\_ man on a tree.
2. The rabbit was injured. The rabbit was \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Mother bought a lovely dress. Mother bought a \_\_\_\_\_ dress.
4. Drive the cart towards me. \_\_\_\_\_ the cart towards me.
5. An idle person is not liked. A \_\_\_\_\_ person is not liked.
6. Please assist us to lift the trunk. Please \_\_\_\_\_ us to lift trunk
7. Put a sign on your parcel. Put a \_\_\_\_\_ on your parcel.
8. The children sang a merry song. The children sang a \_\_\_\_\_ song.
9. The market women were very rowdy. The market women were very \_\_\_\_\_.
10. There was a queer noise in the bush. There was a \_\_\_\_\_ noise in the bush.



## Exercise 28

## Synonyms

Date:

**Do these without answers in the box:**

- |             |       |              |       |
|-------------|-------|--------------|-------|
| 1. permit   | allow | 21. below    | _____ |
| 2. increase | _____ | 22. clean    | _____ |
| 3. above    | _____ | 23. wrap     | _____ |
| 4. abandon  | _____ | 24. close    | _____ |
| 5. take     | _____ | 25. robust   | _____ |
| 6. ancient  | _____ | 26. terror   | _____ |
| 7. behind   | _____ | 27. divide   | _____ |
| 8. start    | _____ | 28. damp     | _____ |
| 9. answer   | _____ | 29. halt     | _____ |
| 10. attack  | _____ | 30. sign     | _____ |
| 11. help    | _____ | 31. move     | _____ |
| 12. foe     | _____ | 32. brave    | _____ |
| 13. living  | _____ | 33. allow    | _____ |
| 14. cheat   | _____ | 34. funny    | _____ |
| 15. often   | _____ | 35. complete | _____ |
| 16. drop    | _____ | 36. reach    | _____ |
| 17. small   | _____ | 37. collect  | _____ |
| 18. space   | _____ | 38. sour     | _____ |
| 19. fat     | _____ | 39. poor     | _____ |
| 20. food    | _____ | 40. begin    | _____ |



Now do these without answers in the box:

**Example:**



Mother will not permit you to go swimming.  
Mother will not allow you to go swimming.

1. The meal was very delicious. The \_\_\_\_\_ was very delicious.
  
2. The car came to a halt. The car came to a \_\_\_\_\_.
  
3. Bola's dress was very damp. Bola's dress was very \_\_\_\_\_.
  
4. We are going to advance. We are going to \_\_\_\_\_.
  
5. Our teacher's story was funny. Our teacher's story was \_\_\_\_\_.
  
6. The orange is bitter. The orange is \_\_\_\_\_.
  
7. We were told to halt. We were told to \_\_\_\_\_.
  
8. Please put a mark on the form. Please \_\_\_\_\_ on the form.
  
9. The hill is ancient. The hill is \_\_\_\_\_.





**Look at each word in capital letters.**

**Underline the word that is the same or nearly the same in the alternatives with the words in capital letters:**

**Example:**



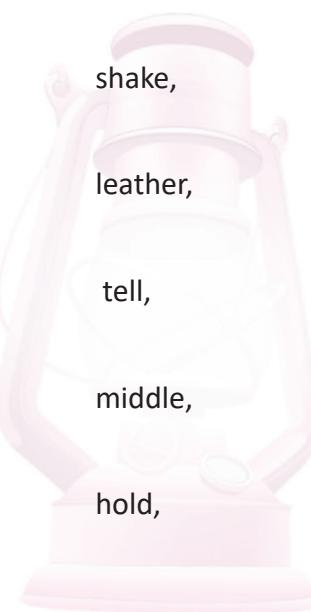
HEAVY      light,      dark,      weighty,      big

**Do these:**

1. ATTIRE      coat,      wool,      dress,      lace
2. AMPLE      small,      hot,      wet,      plentiful
3. ANNUAL      monthly,      yearly,      daily,      weekly
4. GATHERING      assembly,      dispatch,      away,      place
5. VALIANT      lucky,      strong,      brave,      high
6. CAUSE      reason,      argue,      well,      course
7. SQUANDER      save,      waste,      sell,      spread
8. SELECT      have,      find,      see,      choose
9. COARSE      smooth,      deep,      rough,      harp
10. PUNY      weak,      strong,      large,      thick



11.	HOAX	trick,	joke,	fun,	puzzle
12.	CONCEAL	show,	hide,	loud,	drive
13.	CURB	help,	control,	care,	seize
14.	FASHION	wear,	fit,	style,	parade
15.	JUST	wrong,	please,	speak,	fair
16.	ORAL	verbal,	shake,	sing,	clap
17.	PLUME	scale,	leather,	feather,	wool
18.	NARRATE	draw,	tell,	whisper,	show
19.	MARGIN	edge,	middle,	line,	fold
20.	CALM	loud,	hold,	find,	quiet



# Exercise 31 Names

Date:



**Occupation, persons, places and things.**

**A name is a word (or words) that a person, animal, place or thing is known by.**

**Example:**

**Occupation**



**Choose your answer from the patch below:**

**Write your answer in the space provided.**

1. A person who is good at drawing and painting. \_\_\_\_\_
2. A person who manages the financial affairs of a school, college or university.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. A person who kills, cut up and sells meat for food. \_\_\_\_\_
4. A driver paid to drive a private car. \_\_\_\_\_.
5. A shoe repairer. \_\_\_\_\_
6. A person who makes and sells sweets, cakes, pies pastry.  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. A seller of flower and plants. \_\_\_\_\_
8. A person who treats sick people. \_\_\_\_\_
9. A person who works by writing for newspaper, TV. \_\_\_\_\_
10. A person who defends cases in law court. \_\_\_\_\_

**artist, cobbler, burser, confectioner, journalist,  
butcher, chaffeur, flourist, lawyer, culist**



**NEW EDITION**

**Score:** \_\_\_\_\_



## Places

- A. What are these places called? Choose your answer from the patch below and write your answer in the space provided.

**Example:**



Where bread is made bakery

1. Where ships or boats are repaired \_\_\_\_\_
2. Where money is made \_\_\_\_\_
3. Where clothes are washed and pressed \_\_\_\_\_
4. Where refreshments are sold \_\_\_\_\_
5. Workroom of a painter or photographer \_\_\_\_\_
6. The main church of a diocese \_\_\_\_\_
7. Where government records are kept \_\_\_\_\_
8. Where bees are kept \_\_\_\_\_
9. A building for soldiers or police to live \_\_\_\_\_
10. Where dead people are buried \_\_\_\_\_
11. Where films are shown \_\_\_\_\_
12. Where aeroplanes are kept \_\_\_\_\_
13. Where ships are protected from open sea \_\_\_\_\_
14. Where books are kept for reading or lending out \_\_\_\_\_
15. Where wild animals are kept \_\_\_\_\_

dock, laundry, studio, archive, barracks, cinema, harbour, mint, restaurant, cathedral, apiary, cemetery, hangar, library, zoo.



# Tools

B. What are the following called?



**Example:**

A tool that picks up sound for sending out again  
**microphone**

1. An instrument which enlarges tiny objects. \_\_\_\_\_
2. A metal that attracts iron. \_\_\_\_\_
3. An instrument that forecasts the weather. \_\_\_\_\_
4. An apparatus for taking photographs. \_\_\_\_\_
5. An instrument that measure heat and cold. \_\_\_\_\_
6. An instrument for telling the time. \_\_\_\_\_
7. A system of sending sound by wire. \_\_\_\_\_
8. An instruments used by doctors for listening to the heart beat.  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. A device for finding direction. \_\_\_\_\_
10. The process of sending out programmes for people to watch on their TV sets. \_\_\_\_\_

**microscope, magnet, telephone, barometer, thermometer,  
stethoscope, camera, watch, compass, television.**



NEW EDITION

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

## Exercise 33

a b D C e F g H V 

Date:

A. Add any letter to make a word. First letter:

Example:



take

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| 1. __ake | 5. __ake |
| 2. __ake | 6. __ake |
| 3. __ake | 7. __ake |
| 4. __ake | 8. __ake |

B. Add any letter to make another word. Last letter:

Example:



bar - bark;

rat - rate

- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| 9. see _____  | 14. rat _____ |
| 10. win _____ | 15. for _____ |
| 11. mad _____ | 16. pin _____ |
| 12. she _____ | 17. pan _____ |
| 13. car _____ | 18. far _____ |



## Exercise 34

abDGeFGhI

Date:

**Make your own words by using the first letter and the last two letters of these words:**

**Example:**



**borrow** - bow;      **narrow** - now

- |            |       |             |       |
|------------|-------|-------------|-------|
| 1. banged  | _____ | 11. blanket | _____ |
| 2. parrot  | _____ | 12. clean   | _____ |
| 3. carrot  | _____ | 13. bleat   | _____ |
| 4. cutlery | _____ | 14. market  | _____ |
| 5. puppet  | _____ | 15. load    | _____ |
| 6. sorrow  | _____ | 16. barrow  | _____ |
| 7. basket  | _____ | 17. gullet  | _____ |
| 8. fear    | _____ | 18. narrow  | _____ |
| 9. peal    | _____ | 19. pagan   | _____ |
| 10. head   | _____ | 20. jacket  | _____ |



NEW EDITION

Score: \_\_\_\_\_



Date:

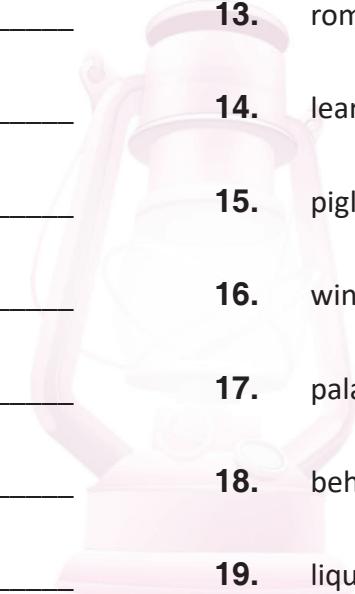
**Now use the first two letters and the last two letters:**

**Example:**

something - song



- |                   |       |             |       |
|-------------------|-------|-------------|-------|
| 1. <u>eastern</u> | earn  | 11. clean   | _____ |
| 2. reload         | _____ | 12. bleed   | _____ |
| 3. collide        | _____ | 13. roman   | _____ |
| 4. several        | _____ | 14. learnt  | _____ |
| 5. herald         | _____ | 15. piglets | _____ |
| 6. costume        | _____ | 16. winding | _____ |
| 7. portable       | _____ | 17. palace  | _____ |
| 8. deadlock       | _____ | 18. behind  | _____ |
| 9. bloodshot      | _____ | 19. liquids | _____ |
| 10. canine        | _____ | 20. dishes  | _____ |



## Exercise 36

a b D C e F g H V 

Date:

Use the first three letters and the last letter:

Example:



heroine

here

- |                |       |               |       |
|----------------|-------|---------------|-------|
| 1. capture     | _____ | 11. miserable | _____ |
| 2. palace      | _____ | 12. purchase  | _____ |
| 3. theory      | _____ | 13. commerce  | _____ |
| 4. cornerstone | _____ | 14. warrant   | _____ |
| 5. reader      | _____ | 15. savage    | _____ |
| 6. shortage    | _____ | 16. resent    | _____ |
| 7. concave     | _____ | 17. complete  | _____ |
| 8. deficiency  | _____ | 18. conceals  | _____ |
| 9. forsake     | _____ | 19. piglets   | _____ |
| 10. positive   | _____ | 20. flippant  | _____ |



NEW EDITION

Score:



**Now use same letters that end the first words to begin the second ones.**

**Use letters from the patch below:**

**Example:**



**goat (t)urn - goat: turn**

- |                             |                            |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. wron (g) un-wrong : gun  | 11. floo( ) anfloo-:-an    |
| 2. lorr( )am lorr-:-am      | 12. lio( ) et lio-: -et    |
| 3. dro( ) ush dro-:-ush     | 13. lon( ) oat lon-: -oat  |
| 4. cos( ) in cos-:-in       | 14. ves ( ) ime ves-:- ime |
| 5. rus( ) and rus-:-and     | 15. ric( ) ar ric- : -ar   |
| 6. plan( ) ail plan-:-ail   | 16. pas( ) en pas-:-en     |
| 7. teac( ) eart teac-:-eart | 17. pe( ) ose pe-:-ose     |
| 8. rocke( ) op rock-:-op    | 18. sal( ) ar sal-:-ar     |
| 9. basi( )ow basi-:-ow      | 19. gras( ) it gras-:-it   |
| 10. shoc( )eep shoc:-:eep   | 20. faul( )ip faul-:-ip    |

n	n	e	g	r	s	s	p	y	t
t	t	k	h	h	n	t	s	t	



## Exercise 38

Date:

a b D C e F g H V



**Write inside the brackets the two letters that will end the first words  
and begin the second words:**

**Choose from the patch below.**

**Example:**



tak (en) ter- taken: enter

- |  |                                      |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1. ha(- -)il                           | 11. fe(- -)e - fe- - : - - e         |
| 2. pa(- -)one- pa- - : - - one         | 12. sto (- -) e - sto- - : - - e     |
| 3. fi(- -)op - fi- - : - - op          | 13. sev(- -)ter- sev- - : - - ter    |
| 4. pat(- -)air- pat- - : - - air       | 14. mo(- -)ay- mo- - : - - ay        |
| 5. shad(- -)l- shad- - : - - l         | 15. maj( - -)e - maj - - : - - e     |
| 6. met(- -)low- met- - : - - low       | 16. ca(- -)ttle - ca- - : - - ttle   |
| 7. ga( - -)ment ga- - : - - ment       | 17. bru(- -)ape bru- - : - - ape     |
| 8. litt(- -)ap litt- - : - - ap        | 18. ga(- -)rb ga- - : - - rb         |
| 9. wind (- -)l wind- - : - - l         | 19. cl(- -)ple cl- - : - - ple       |
| 10. feath(- -)aser feath- - : - - aser | 20. capit(- -)low capit- - : - - low |

ke	st	sh	ve	ch	ar	ne	sh	le	ne
st	ow	ve	al	or	er	ow	ap	la	al



NEW EDITION

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

## Exercise 39 Rhyming Words

Date:



Rhyming words are words that sound alike at the end.

Choose from the patch below.

Example:



**rust - fine grains of sand dust**

1. push: to run over \_\_\_\_\_
2. clean: to be thin \_\_\_\_\_
3. narrow: a weapon used with a bow \_\_\_\_\_
4. black: not in front of \_\_\_\_\_
5. rocket: used for electrical plug \_\_\_\_\_
6. beat: sit on \_\_\_\_\_
7. feet: to get together \_\_\_\_\_
8. curse: where you put money \_\_\_\_\_
9. seal: type of food served \_\_\_\_\_
10. sail: to post a letter \_\_\_\_\_
11. riddle: to be in between \_\_\_\_\_
12. pay: a month of the year \_\_\_\_\_

May  
arrow  
socket

purse  
mail  
crush

back  
seat  
middle

lean  
meet  
meal



## Exercise 40

Date:



**Choose words from the patch:**

1. floor: entrance or exit out or into \_\_\_\_\_
2. frozen: a set of twelve \_\_\_\_\_
3. hole: a long straight rod \_\_\_\_\_
4. pale: a boy or man \_\_\_\_\_
5. sin: to succeed \_\_\_\_\_
6. mind: to crush to powder \_\_\_\_\_
7. mouse: a place to live in \_\_\_\_\_
8. box: a bushy tailed animal \_\_\_\_\_
9. nose: a type of flower \_\_\_\_\_
10. past: to move quickly \_\_\_\_\_
11. flew: past tense of blow \_\_\_\_\_
12. seat: to hit with a stick \_\_\_\_\_
13. tin: to start \_\_\_\_\_
14. fix: to put together \_\_\_\_\_
15. build: to make full \_\_\_\_\_
16. try: to move through the air \_\_\_\_\_
17. sew: to be aware of \_\_\_\_\_
18. post: to praise oneself \_\_\_\_\_
19. soup: a number of people \_\_\_\_\_
20. sum: a musical instrument \_\_\_\_\_

drum  
fast  
house  
grind  
dozen  
beat  
rose  
win  
pole  
door  
blew  
boast  
male  
mix  
fly  
begin  
fox  
know  
filled  
group



NEW EDITION

Score:



Simile is a phrase in which two things are compared.

**Examples:**



1. as agile as a monkey / cat.
2. as black as coal.
3. as beautiful as the rainbow.
4. as fast as deer.
5. as crafty as a fox.

A. Complete each of the following similes by choosing the correct answer to each one from the patch below:

1. As wise as \_\_\_\_\_
2. As white as \_\_\_\_\_
3. As tall as \_\_\_\_\_
4. As smooth as \_\_\_\_\_
5. As slow as \_\_\_\_\_
6. As simple as \_\_\_\_\_
7. As proud as \_\_\_\_\_
8. As patient as \_\_\_\_\_
9. As light as \_\_\_\_\_
10. As hot as \_\_\_\_\_



Snow,	giant,	ABC,	fire,	job,
solomon,	glass,	peacock,	snail,	feather.



**B. Complete the following.**

1. Tha paint is as black as \_\_\_\_\_
2. Her face is as white as \_\_\_\_\_
3. The monitor is as sharp as \_\_\_\_\_
4. The prisoners were as quiet as \_\_\_\_\_
5. The boxer is as strong as \_\_\_\_\_
6. The patient is as thin as \_\_\_\_\_
7. The boy is as deaf as \_\_\_\_\_
8. Her gown is as green as \_\_\_\_\_
9. Olu is as happy as \_\_\_\_\_
10. The river is as clear as \_\_\_\_\_

door post,	snow,	rake,	coal,	grave,
grass,	razor,	horse,	cystal,	king.





A suffix is a letter or group of letters added at the end of a word to form another word.

### A. Example:



Quick	=	<u>Quickly</u>
Walk	=	<u>Walking</u>

### A. Now underline the correct suffix for the words below.

1. complete ( less, ly)
2. help ( less, ly)
3. use ( ful, dis)
4. talk ( mis, ing)
5. care ( come, less)

A prefix is added to the beginning of a word. Adding certain prefixes to words makes the words mean the opposite of their original meaning.

### B. Example:



like	=	<u>dislike</u>
happy	=	<u>unhappy</u>

### B. Now underline the correct prefix that will make the words below opposite in meaning.

6. obey (Dis, Ac)
7. possible ( My , Im)
8. tie ( Un, In)
9. visible ( Dis, In)
10. appear ( Un, Dis)



**C. Make new words by using these suffixes to complete the words below:**

**er, ful, hood, ing, ish, let, ly, ment, ness, ship**

- |                |                 |                  |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. enjoy _____ | 6. hope _____   | 11. hunt _____   |
| 2. agree _____ | 7. mind _____   | 12. thank _____  |
| 3. boy _____   | 8. friend _____ | 13. small _____  |
| 4. like _____  | 9. friend _____ | 14. fool _____   |
| 5. like _____  | 10. book _____  | 15. bright _____ |

**D. Make new words by using these prefixes to complete the words below.**

**bi, dis, fore, im, mis, over, re, sub, tele, tri, un**

- |                |                     |                  |
|----------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. _____ take  | 6. _____ kind       | 11. _____ angle  |
| 2. _____ write | 7. _____ appear     | 12. _____ cycle  |
| 3. _____ wrap  | 8. _____ possible   | 13. _____ polite |
| 4. _____ loyal | 9. _____ understand | 14. _____ vision |
| 5. _____ pay   | 10. _____ able      | 15. _____ agree  |



## Exercise 43

## Antonyms

Date:



Antonyms are words that are opposite in meaning.

### Example:

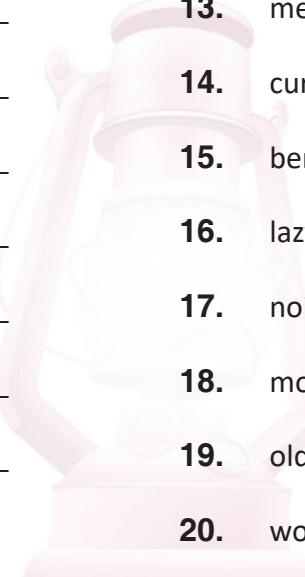


up - down;

thin - fat.

Now do these: Choose from the patch below.

- |                   |                     |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1. high _____     | 11. beautiful _____ |
| 2. good _____     | 12. far _____       |
| 3. take _____     | 13. mend _____      |
| 4. lead _____     | 14. cure _____      |
| 5. costly _____   | 15. bent _____      |
| 6. enemy _____    | 16. lazy _____      |
| 7. long _____     | 17. noise _____     |
| 8. under _____    | 18. move _____      |
| 9. divide _____   | 19. old _____       |
| 10. conceal _____ | 20. won _____       |



lost	show	new	unite	above
silence	short	active	friend	straight
cheap	give	poison	follow	break
low	near	bad	ugly	stop



## Exercise 44

## Antonyms

Date:

Antonyms are words that are opposite in meaning.

**Example:**



high is to low as smart is to stupid

Now complete the following choose from the patch below.

1. Clumsy is to graceful as wise is to \_\_\_\_\_
2. Hard is to soft as weak is to \_\_\_\_\_
3. Plenty is to few as timid is to \_\_\_\_\_
4. Love is to hate as quiet is to \_\_\_\_\_
5. Take is to give as new is to \_\_\_\_\_
6. Laugh is to cry as pass is to \_\_\_\_\_
7. Buy is to sell as move is to \_\_\_\_\_
8. Mend to break as literate is to \_\_\_\_\_
9. Thin is to fat as harvest is to \_\_\_\_\_
10. Open is to close as dark is to \_\_\_\_\_

**stop**

**noisy**

**sow**

**light**

**foolish**

**strong**

**illiterate**

**bold**

**old**

**fail**



NEW EDITION

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

## Exercise 45

abDCEFGH



Date:

Choose from the list two words of opposite meanings: (circle)

Example:



above

up

below

level

1.	gentle	hard	violent	straight	rough
2.	beautiful	pretty	noisy	ugly	wise
3.	give	take	deceive	ask	agree
4.	come	look	go	here	take
5.	tame	calm	wild	excited	angry
6.	divide	share	unite	spray	give
7.	far	near	unite	spray	give
8.	help	happy	prevent	angry	assist
9.	make	build	destroy	fix	aid
10.	fear	courage	terror	anger	cry
11.	sharp	wet	blunt	sweet	dust
12.	fat	peace	big	large	war
13.	right	fair	correct	unfair	good
14.	quick	up	low	high	tall
15.	untidy	tidy	under	clean	clear
16.	silence	quick	rush	noise	move
17.	where	see	here	come	there
18.	attain	money	rich	profit	loss
19.	young	child	big	old	large
20.	never	maybe	sometimes	seldom	always



## Exercise 46

Date:

a b D C e F g H V



Fill in the space with words opposite in meaning to the words in heavy print:

Example:



Ola is **fat** but Nze is **thin**.

1. This knife is **blunt** but that is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. My coat is **big** but yours is \_\_\_\_\_.
3. This meat is **soft** but his is \_\_\_\_\_.
4. This apple is **sweet** but yours is \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The lady **smiles** but the man \_\_\_\_\_.
6. This dress is **new** but that one is \_\_\_\_\_.
7. It is better to be **active** than \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Your cap is **dirty** but hers is \_\_\_\_\_.
9. The young man is **guilty** but the old man is \_\_\_\_\_.
10. **More** haste may end in \_\_\_\_\_ speed.
11. The **blunt** knife cannot cut the meat, use the \_\_\_\_\_ one.
12. Put the **wet** clothes out to \_\_\_\_\_.
13. Honey is **sweet**, but lime is \_\_\_\_\_.
14. People came from **far** and \_\_\_\_\_ to the carnival.
15. The **empty** glass is now \_\_\_\_\_ of water.
16. Farmers worked in the farm from **early** in the morning till \_\_\_\_\_ in the evening.
17. In the market there are people **buying** and \_\_\_\_\_.
18. As soon as Olu was given a bar of chocolate, she stopped **crying** and started \_\_\_\_\_.
19. The sun **sets** in the east and \_\_\_\_\_ in the west.
20. After the **bend**, we came to a \_\_\_\_\_ road.



NEW EDITION

Score: \_\_\_\_\_



**Rewrite these sentences. The first word in each number is in the right place:**

**Example:**



See boats the. See the boats.

1. Come to mummy home.

2. The mango climbed the boy tree.

3. Here train comes the.

4. We going are school to.

5. My table on the book is.

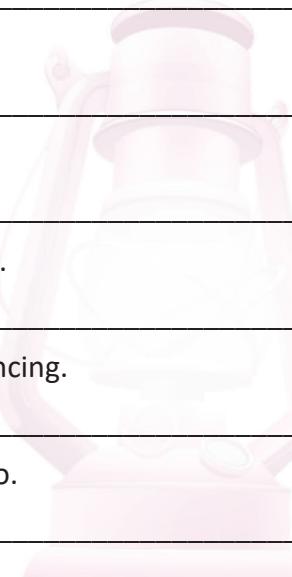
6. Look children at the dancing.

7. Please song a sing me to.

8. Where my rabbits are?

9. There on the apples tree are.

10. The sing sweetly birds.



11. We going are home.

---

12. The barks loudly dog.

---

13. The class are children in the.

---

14. She dance likes to.

---

15. Bring glasses my.

---

16. Clean kitchen the.

---

17. The tidy is room.

---

18. Everyone happy is.

---

19. Please the car carefully drive.

---

20. He going school to is.

---



## Exercise 48

abDCEFGHI

Date:



Two words in each sentence below ought to change places to make sense.

***Write the sentences out as they should be:***

1. Where all you been have this time?

---

2. Ice is than colder water?

---

3. Carrots eat donkeys.

---

4. Everyday the east rises in the sun.

---

5. Milk sometimes swallows Mary.

---

6. Kettle makes tea with water she boils in a mother.

---

7. Matter is the what?

---

8. My room is in a bed upstairs.

---

9. Say did you what about John?

---



10. Comes Dele the garden into.

---

11. Thicker than blood water is.

---

12. It loud say.

---

13. Your what name is.

---

14. Tomorrow come home.

---

15. Clean go room and your.

---

16. Hardworking Dele is.

---

17. Television likes to watch he.

---

18. Home shade is back.

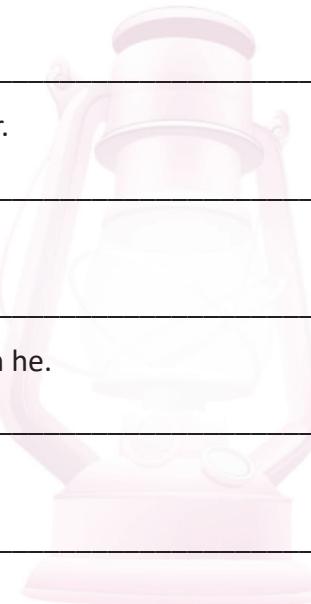
---

19. Door who at is the.

---

20. Do assignment your go and.

---





Homonyms are words of the same sound but different meaning.

**Example:**


in - inn;

hot - hut

not - knot

*Do the following. Choose from the patch below:*

full	duck	caught	brake	burn
aunt	dye	beat	harm	flower
dear	bought	bare	eight	fair
blue	be	boss	back	made

- |          |       |           |       |
|----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 1. maid  | _____ | 11. court | _____ |
| 2. arm   | _____ | 12. deer  | _____ |
| 3. bark  | _____ | 13. die   | _____ |
| 4. ate   | _____ | 14. bee   | _____ |
| 5. bear  | _____ | 15. blew  | _____ |
| 6. born  | _____ | 16. ant   | _____ |
| 7. break | _____ | 17. dock  | _____ |
| 8. bus   | _____ | 18. fare  | _____ |
| 9. but   | _____ | 19. flour | _____ |
| 10. bit  | _____ | 20. fool  | _____ |



## Exercise 50

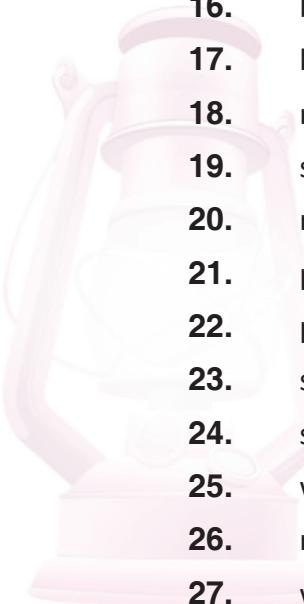
abDCEFGH  
Date:



**Choose words from the patch below:**

shot	tied	nose	one	son
not	loan	saw	work	wrong
new	rode	bred	wore	two
pear	steel	sail	raise	male
meet	which	pray	live	luck
read	week	waste	pot	dew

- |           |       |           |       |
|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 1. leave  | _____ | 16. bread | _____ |
| 2. lock   | _____ | 17. lone  | _____ |
| 3. due    | _____ | 18. red   | _____ |
| 4. knows  | _____ | 19. sale  | _____ |
| 5. knot   | _____ | 20. road  | _____ |
| 6. knew   | _____ | 21. port  | _____ |
| 7. pair   | _____ | 22. prey  | _____ |
| 8. meat   | _____ | 23. steal | _____ |
| 9. mail   | _____ | 24. sun   | _____ |
| 10. raze  | _____ | 25. waist | _____ |
| 11. witch | _____ | 26. rung  | _____ |
| 12. won   | _____ | 27. weak  | _____ |
| 13. too   | _____ | 28. walk  | _____ |
| 14. tide  | _____ | 29. war   | _____ |
| 15. sore  | _____ | 30. shut  | _____ |





**Complete with the most suitable word. Underline the correct answer:**

1. The farmer (bought, but) some materials.
2. Come over here and have a (Luke, look).
3. Can you (brake, break) the lock?
4. Put the (pot, port) on the fire.
5. Please pay your (fair, fare) to the conductor.
6. Did you (meet, meat) at the station?
7. Sola was (born, burn) in August.
8. I gave my (blew, blue) dress to Bola.
9. Did the dog (back, bark) at you?
10. Could I have (harm, ham) on my bread please?
11. The (rode, road) to school was very rough.
12. (Witch, Which) one of you won the race?
13. (Raise, Raze) your hand.
14. The ship sailed from the (dock, duck).
15. The postman brought the (male, mail).
16. There was a great big (bear, bare) in the zoo.
17. Let us (prey, pray).
18. Have you (red, read) the passage?
19. Do not (waist, waste) the food.
20. The bell was (wrong, rung) twice.



## Exercise 52

abDCEFGHI



Date:

**What is the word for the class to which all the items belong?**

**Choose from the patch below.**

headwear

males

languages

reptiles

emotions

poultry

winds

vermin

foot wear

fuel

**Example:**



**THE PARTICULAR ITEMS**

sage, parsley, mint, thyme

**THE CLASS NAME**

herbs

1. coal, gas, oil, wood
2. slippers, boots, shoes
3. boy, man, bull, gander
4. duck, chicken, goose, turkey
5. cyclone, breeze, hurricane
6. turban, fez, bowler, cap
7. mice, rats, bugs, lice
8. fear, anger, hatred, joy
9. snake, crocodile, lizard
10. Spanish, Arabic, English, Hindu

→ \_\_\_\_\_

→ \_\_\_\_\_

→ \_\_\_\_\_

→ \_\_\_\_\_

→ \_\_\_\_\_

→ \_\_\_\_\_

→ \_\_\_\_\_

→ \_\_\_\_\_

→ \_\_\_\_\_

→ \_\_\_\_\_



NEW EDITION

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

**Read these sentences carefully and rearrange in the proper order.**

**Put 1, 2, 3, 4, in bracket:**

- A 1. He went into the shop. (\_\_\_\_\_)
2. Olu has ₦10 to spend. (\_\_\_\_\_)
3. At last he bought a biro. (\_\_\_\_\_)
4. He did not know what to buy. (\_\_\_\_\_)
- B 1. I fell into the mud. (\_\_\_\_\_)
2. Mother gave me dry clothes. (\_\_\_\_\_)
3. I was riding my bicycle. (\_\_\_\_\_)
4. The tyre went flat. (\_\_\_\_\_)
- C 1. Rose had a new dress. (\_\_\_\_\_)
2. She wore it to a party. (\_\_\_\_\_)
3. She was very happy after the party. (\_\_\_\_\_)
4. She danced all night. (\_\_\_\_\_)



D. 1. There was a very rich man. (\_\_\_\_\_)

2. Thieves tried to get into his house. (\_\_\_\_\_)

3. His dogs attacked them. (\_\_\_\_\_)

4. They were all wounded by his dogs. (\_\_\_\_\_)

E. 1. Trees fell and blocked the road. (\_\_\_\_\_)

2. There was a heavy rain. (\_\_\_\_\_)

3. Cars and lorries could not go over them. (\_\_\_\_\_)

F. 1. Mother took me to Jos. (\_\_\_\_\_)

2. There was harmattan. (\_\_\_\_\_)

3. I was very cold. (\_\_\_\_\_)

G. 1. Obi passed his examination. (\_\_\_\_\_)

2. He was called for interview. (\_\_\_\_\_)

3. Obi has worked very hard in school. (\_\_\_\_\_)

### Did you know?

Crossword puzzle was invented by an American called Arthur Wynne in 1913.

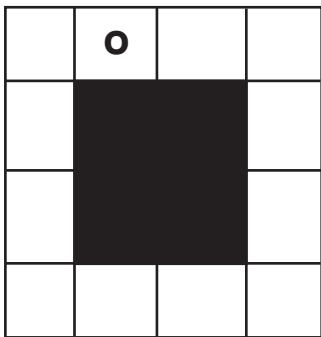


**H. Crossword Puzzles**

**Fill in the crosswords so that all the missing words are included.**

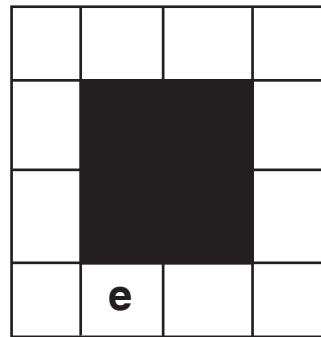
**One letter from a word has been given to you as a clue in each crossword.**

1.



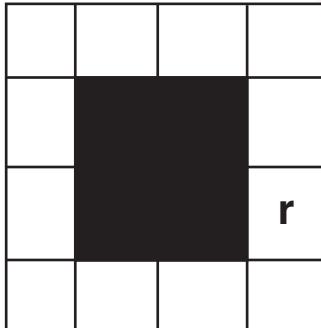
tell, jolt, jell, lull

2.



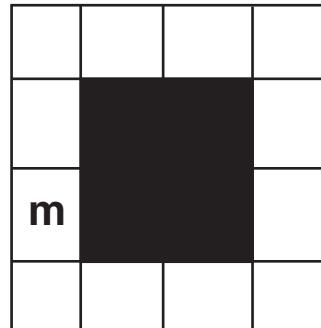
meat, help, harm, pint

3.



earn, torn, cart, cage

4.



meal, earl, farm, fame



**A. Find out words that are related to or parts of an object mentioned.**

**Example:**

**Coat -**

Sleeve, belt, shoe, collar, Pant



**Underline two words associated with the word in bold letters.**

1. <b>Baby</b>	Cot	feeding	bed	Cat	radio
2. <b>Farmer</b>	tailor	butcher	hoe	teacher	weeding
3. <b>House</b>	Furniture	factory school	hospital	kitchen	
4. <b>Football</b>	relay	match	umpire	referee	athlete
5. <b>Aeroplane</b>	row	paddle	propeller	funnel	aviation
6. <b>School</b>	bursar	shopkeeper	pupil	bell	farm
7. <b>Mouth</b>	pushed	watered	tasted	sweet	shallow
8. <b>Door</b>	window	lock	doctor	drawer	hinges
9. <b>Motorcar</b>	anvil	engine	road	tyres	map
10. <b>Window</b>	glass	knife	mattress	curtains	cutlass
11. <b>Bed</b>	carpet	mattress	blanket	blouse	cap
12. <b>Sweet</b>	ugly	cool	sugar	meat	honey



**B. Underline two words that are related on each list.**

1. Orange	Kidney	Apple	Sunset
2. Tree	Aid	Produce	Leaf
3. Glad	sad	happy	size
4. Paddle	swim	boat	measure
5. Coal	block	fuel	gold



## Exercise 55

## Collective Nouns

Date:



An army of soldiers	A bouquet of flowers
A band of musicians	A bunch of bananas
A board of Directors	A bunch of keys
A class of pupils	A collection of pictures
A congregation of people	A flight of aeroplanes
A crew of sailors	A forest of trees
A crowd of people	A galaxy of stars
A gang of labourers	A library of books
A staff of teachers	A loaf of bread
A team of players	A pair of shoes
A flock of birds	A sum of money
A flock of sheep	A cup of tea
A herd of cattle	A drop of rain
A litter of pigs	A period of time
A nest of ants	A piece of advice
A nest of mice	A pinch of salt
A pride of lions	A sip of drink
A shoal of fish	A slice of bread
A swarm of bees	A splinter of glass
A team of oxen	A spoonful of sugar
A troop of monkeys	



**A. What group words will you use to complete the following.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ of trees
2. \_\_\_\_\_ of books
3. \_\_\_\_\_ of flowers
4. \_\_\_\_\_ of soldiers
5. \_\_\_\_\_ of sheep
6. \_\_\_\_\_ of advice
7. \_\_\_\_\_ of sugar
8. \_\_\_\_\_ of banana
9. \_\_\_\_\_ of bird
10. \_\_\_\_\_ of fish

**What words would you use to complete the following?**

- |                       |                          |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. A library of _____ | 6. A forest of _____     |
| 2. A bunch of _____   | 7. A slice of _____      |
| 3. A litter of _____  | 8. A collection of _____ |
| 4. A flight of _____  | 9. A nest of _____       |
| 5. A staff of _____   | 5. A team of _____       |





- A.** *Underline two words, one from each group, that go together to form a new word. The word in the first group always comes first.*

**Example:**



(rain, tap, over)

(storm, form, go)

1. (seed, under, cute) (come, wear, shark)
2. ( roof, mall, cap) (top, big, peel)
3. ( cover, string, sail) (late, clue, boat)
4. ( mount, hand, mind) ( mill, shake, group)
5. ( foot, belly, buckle) (ball, sink, sand)

- B.** *Arrange these words in alphabetical order:*

- |         |        |       |       |
|---------|--------|-------|-------|
| 6. cage | runway | beach | meat  |
| _____   | _____  | _____ | _____ |
| 7. read | road   | run   | rail  |
| _____   | _____  | _____ | _____ |
| 8. bill | bird   | bible | big   |
| _____   | _____  | _____ | _____ |

- C.** *Write the word that would come second when written in alphabetical order:*

- |          |      |      |       |         |
|----------|------|------|-------|---------|
| 9. shall | shoe | ship | shell | (_____) |
| 10. tree | test | tame | time  | (_____) |



**D. Rewrite to form another word.**

11. strap tr \_\_\_ s \_\_\_\_\_
12. worse sw \_\_\_ e \_\_\_\_\_
13. break bak \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_
14. sport p \_\_\_ rts \_\_\_\_\_
15. stone t \_\_\_ n \_\_\_ s \_\_\_\_\_

**E. Write out the word that includes all the others.****Example:**dog lion cat animals. **animals**

16. mother family father brother \_\_\_\_\_
17. chair furniture table cupboard \_\_\_\_\_
18. games football tennis netball \_\_\_\_\_
19. van bus taxi vehicles \_\_\_\_\_
20. market meat fish tomatoes \_\_\_\_\_
21. If guns = 1234 : sung = \_\_\_\_\_
22. If stones = 421734 tone = \_\_\_\_\_
23. If nips = 2134 : pins = \_\_\_\_\_
24. If worse = 34567: swore = \_\_\_\_\_
25. If steam = 65432 mates = \_\_\_\_\_





**A. Put in the brackets the letter that will end the first word and begin the second:**

- |                     |                    |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. lam ( ) an _____ | 4. pe ( ) ut _____ |
| 2. ra ( ) en _____  | 5. ca ( ) am _____ |
| 3. fa ( ) et _____  |                    |

**B. Add a letter to make another word:**

**Example:**



tan                    tank

- |              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 6. She _____ | 8. far _____ | 10. we _____ |
| 7. win _____ | 9. bee _____ |              |

**C. Find words that rhyme with:**

- |                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 11. Gate _____                     |  |
| 12. Box _____                      |  |
| 13. Pet _____                      |  |
| 14. Rose: a part of the face _____ |  |
| 15. Gin: to succeed _____          |  |

**D. The following have been paired according to a certain relationship between them.**

**Example:**



Jay-jay Okocha: Football (Volleyball, Polo, Football)

- |                             |                                   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 16. Tiger woods: _____      | (Golf, Handball, Boxing)          |
| 17. Serena Williams: _____  | (Fencing, Lawn tennis, Athletics) |
| 18. Babatunde Fasola: _____ | (Senator, Speaker, Governor)      |
| 19. Michael Jackson: _____  | (Musician, Politician, Pilot)     |
| 20. Basket Mouth: _____     | (Boxer, Comedian, Dentist)        |





## A. Complete with Homonyms.

**Example:****be - bee**

1. not and \_\_\_\_\_
2. lock and \_\_\_\_\_
3. reed and \_\_\_\_\_
4. Tall is to short as fat is to \_\_\_\_\_
5. Sew is to needle as dig is to \_\_\_\_\_
6. House is to man as hive is to \_\_\_\_\_
7. Scale is to fish as feather is to \_\_\_\_\_
8. Eating is to eat as drinking is to \_\_\_\_\_
9. port and \_\_\_\_\_
10. sale and \_\_\_\_\_

## B. Study the examples and complete the following:

**Example:****win - wink;****bar - bark**

- |          |   |        |      |   |             |              |
|----------|---|--------|------|---|-------------|--------------|
| 11. for  | - | form;  | sea  | - | seam; real, | _____        |
| 12. our  | - | four;  | lee  | - | flee;       | rank, _____  |
| 13. she  | - | shed;  | car  | - | card;       | fin, _____   |
| 14. hake | - | shake; | well | - | swell;      | train, _____ |
| 15. mad  | - | made;  | pin  | - | pine;       | slop, _____  |



C. *The doors on one side of a hostel are numbered 1 - 20. On the other side they are numbered 21 to 40. If 1 is opposite 21:*

16. What number is opposite 5? \_\_\_\_\_
17. What number is opposite 11? \_\_\_\_\_
18. What number is opposite 15? \_\_\_\_\_
19. What number is opposite 19? \_\_\_\_\_
20. What number is opposite 2? \_\_\_\_\_

D. *Rewrite these sentences to make sense:*

21. I exam my passed.  
\_\_\_\_\_
22. Song for me a sing.  
\_\_\_\_\_
23. What name is your?  
\_\_\_\_\_
24. Your food come for.  
\_\_\_\_\_
25. Pen give my me.  
\_\_\_\_\_



- A. *Underline two words, one from each group, that go together to form a new word. The word in the first group always comes first.*

## Example:



(rain, sun, day)      (part, arch, bow)

- |                         |                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. (dark, sun, wet)     | (row, take, light) |
| 2. (head, feet, hand)   | (ball, mat, led)   |
| 3. (back, reel, come)   | (sea, ward, bow)   |
| 4. (soil, ground, pest) | (nut, not, knit)   |
| 5. (mind, cloud, head)  | (art, ache, hot)   |

- B.** *Find the three letter word which can be added to the letters in capitals to make a new word. The new word will complete the sentence sensibly.*

## Example:



**My SER is five years older than I am.**

# SISTER

6. I BH my teeth every day. \_\_\_\_\_

7. I like licking HY. \_\_\_\_\_

8. Lend me your NOTOK. \_\_\_\_\_

9. My brother is in BC two. \_\_\_\_\_

10. Emeka is TAR than I am. \_\_\_\_\_



**C. Study the pattern and complete:**

11. BA DC FE HG JI \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
 12. GH IJ KL MN OP \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
 13. A BCD E FGH I \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
 14. WD VE UF TG SH \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
 15. AC BD CE DF EG \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

**D. Rewrite to form another word:**

16. steam m \_\_ tes \_\_\_\_\_  
 17. spelt sl \_\_ pt \_\_\_\_\_  
 18. nails sn \_\_ \_\_ l \_\_\_\_\_  
 19. arts r \_\_ ts \_\_\_\_\_  
 20. sown ow \_\_ \_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

**E. Find the hidden word in the matrix. Draw a line to join the letters.  
The sentence beside the matrix will guide you.****Example:**

 b o w  
 i a u  
 g r t

Used for playing table tennis.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 21. / c o e<br>sad<br>/ o t i      Opposite of happy      | 24. / h i m<br>a u o<br>/ m e t      Short word for mother |
| 22. / s a t<br>t o e<br>/ i l n      Number before eleven | 25. / r e c<br>i m o<br>/ f a t      Opposite of thin      |
| 23. / n o m<br>e a r<br>/ t u w      Used for fishing     |  |



26. / h e d /  
 m o w  
 c m e A farm equipment

32. / m a y /  
 f o r Another word for  
 c a c weep

27. / i f s /  
 d a e  
 a r t Not near

33. / s o r /  
 a d e  
 w e e Past of see

28. / d a o /  
 c w e  
 t o e Number before three

34. / p t r /  
 f o r  
 m e x Part of a leg

29. / o f m /  
 r e d  
 d e n One of the colours

35. / c e m /  
 o a r  
 e m r Vehicle

30. / s e e /  
 a m t  
 t o e Past tense of sit

36. / a d d /  
 c a m  
 o d e Short for daddy

31. / e e l /  
 x e a Used to join two  
 a n d sentences

37. / t e a /  
 f i p Belongs to the gorilla  
 m a e family

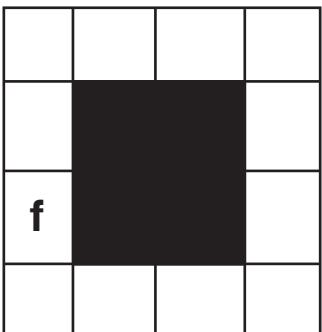




Date:

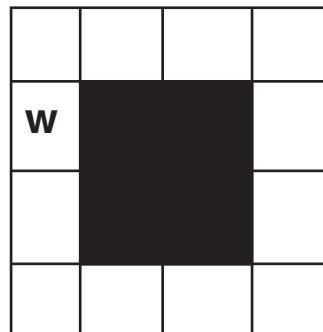
- A. Fill in the crosswords so that all the missing words are included.  
You have been given one letter from a word as a clue in each crossword.

1.



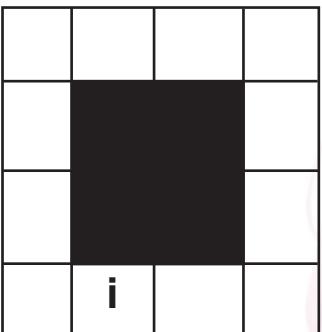
band, cuff, club, find

4.



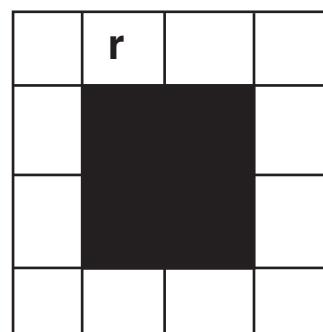
mode, swim, mime, slam

2.



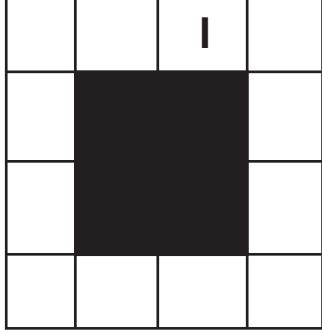
deed, boat, tied, bend

5.



mute, lame, tall, trim

3.



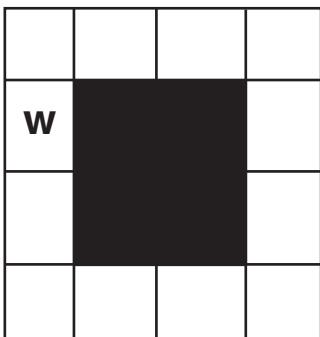
trip, meet, keep, milk



NEW EDITION

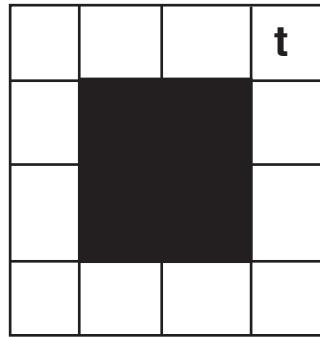
Score: \_\_\_\_\_

6.



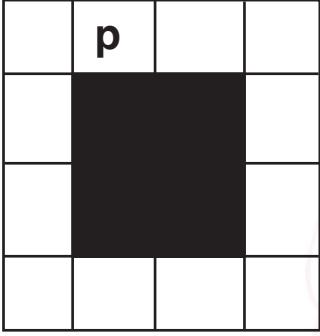
step, pest, swim, mist

9.



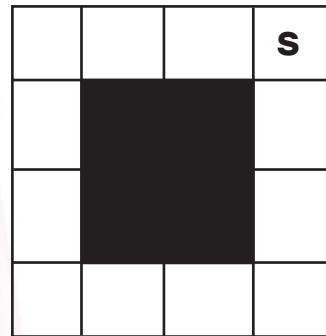
some, moms, tree, meet

7.



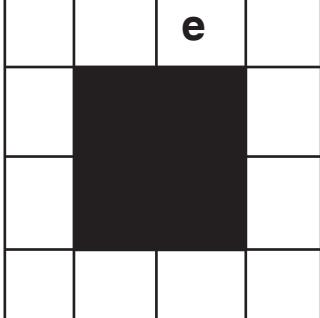
open, oven, nest, next

10.



wins, seen, will, loan

8.



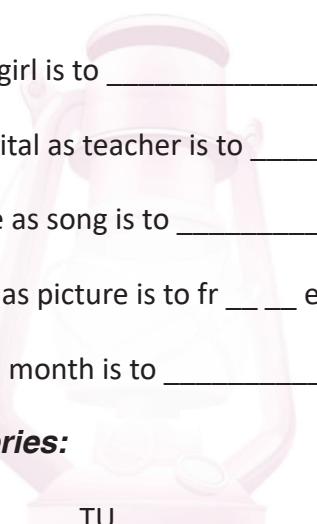
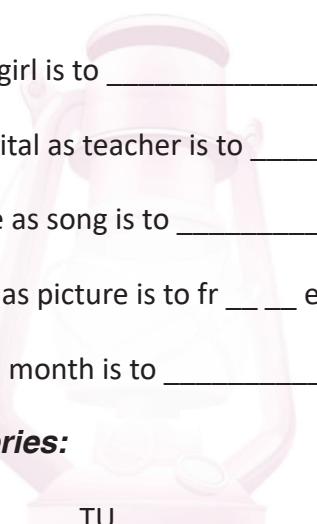
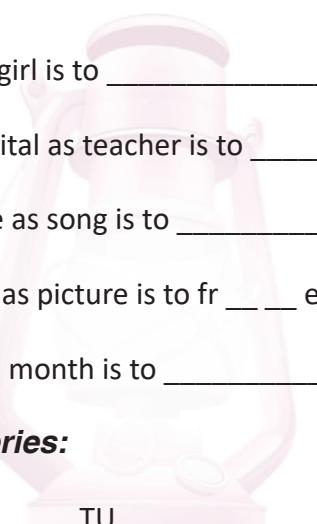
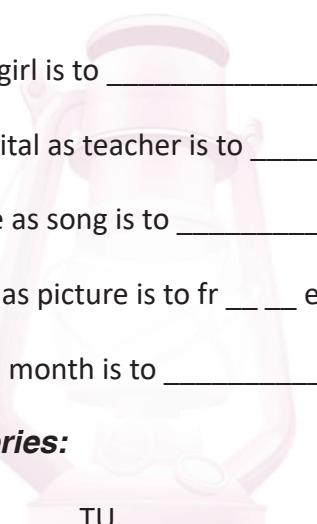
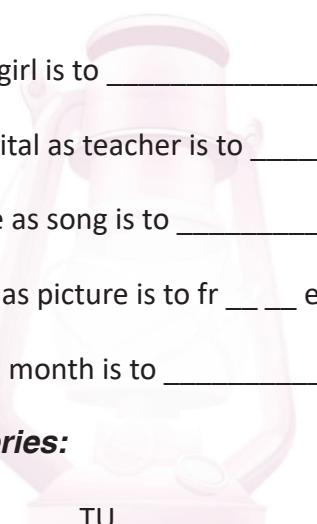
fish, dice, hose, feed



**B. Put the rhyming words:**

11. seek: week, bell: \_\_\_\_\_
12. must: just, seat: \_\_\_\_\_
13. Rose: a part of the face \_\_\_\_\_
14. seat: to hit with a stick \_\_\_\_\_
15. Hunger: ranger, block: \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Complete these:**

16. Boy is to man as girl is to \_\_\_\_\_. 
17. Doctor is to hospital as teacher is to \_\_\_\_\_. 
18. Music is to dance as song is to \_\_\_\_\_. 
19. Flower is to vase as picture is to fr \_\_\_ e. 
20. Day is to week as month is to \_\_\_\_\_. 

**D. Complete the letter series:**

21. NO PQ RS TU \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
22. A C E G \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
23. LM OP RS \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
24. AA BB CC DD \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
25. CDD EFF GHH \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_



**A. Complete with a synonym:**

1. lean - The boy is th \_\_\_
2. level - The dough is fl \_\_\_
3. space - Fill in the ga \_\_\_
4. fall - I can see the ball dr \_\_\_
5. bold - The boy is very br \_\_\_

**B. Write the homonyms of these words:**

6. wore and \_\_\_\_\_
7. meet and \_\_\_\_\_
8. pair and \_\_\_\_\_
9. shut and \_\_\_\_\_
10. male and \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Complete these:**

11. Up is to down as high is to \_\_\_\_\_.
12. Food is to eat as water is to \_\_\_\_\_.
13. Bed is to sleep as chair is to \_\_\_\_\_.



14. Boys are to men as girls are to \_\_\_\_\_.
15. Dog is to puppy as cat is to \_\_\_\_\_.
16. lean, clean; hill, chill; rest, \_\_\_\_\_
17. boat, beat; roar, rear; moan, \_\_\_\_\_
18. hid, him; road, roam; dread, \_\_\_\_\_
19. sake, make; seat, meat; south, \_\_\_\_\_
20. mad, made; pin, pine; slop, \_\_\_\_\_

D. **The word VEGETABLE in code is !@ = @ \$ N & + @**

**Write the following words in the same code.**

21. TABLE \_\_\_\_\_

22. LATE \_\_\_\_\_

23. BLEAT \_\_\_\_\_

24. GATE \_\_\_\_\_

25. BAG \_\_\_\_\_



**E. Read these sentences carefully and rearrange in the proper order. Write a, b, c, d in the bracket.**

**1a.** I fell into a gutter ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**b.** Mummy washed my dirty uniform ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**c.** On my way from school ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**d.** My uniform was stained ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**2a.** Ada was riding her bicycle ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**b.** She hit Amina with her bicycle ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**c.** She was looking back at her friend Ronke ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**d.** They both fell down ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**3a.** He ate his breakfast ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**b.** He had his bath ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**c.** He left for school at 7am ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**d.** Segun woke up at 6am ( \_\_\_\_\_ )



**A. Rewrite to form another word:**

1. tens = n \_\_\_\_\_

2. live = v \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Write the word that includes all the other words:**

3. School, Shop, Places, Lagos \_\_\_\_\_

4. Sunday, Friday, Days, Monday \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Underline the odd words:**

5. fish              pork              bread              meat

6. pen              pin              eraser              ruler

**D. Complete with synonyms:**

7. quiet            - The sea is c \_\_\_\_\_

8. odour           - The sm \_\_\_\_\_ is very strong.

**E. Write the homonyms of:**

9. tale and \_\_\_\_\_

10. two and \_\_\_\_\_

11. Father is to son as mother is to \_\_\_\_\_.

12. Picture is to see as music is to \_\_\_\_\_.



**F. Below are some television programmes.**

- 15:00 Tom and Jerry  
 15:30 Young Brains  
 16:00 News in Brief  
 16:15 Schools Debate  
 16:45 Interlude  
 17:00 Tales by Moonlight

**How many minutes do these programmes last?**

13. Tom and Jerry \_\_\_\_\_ mins  
 14. Young Brains \_\_\_\_\_ mins  
 15. News in Brief \_\_\_\_\_ mins  
 16. Schools Debate \_\_\_\_\_ mins  
 17. Tales by Moonlight \_\_\_\_\_ mins

**G. Write the next two series:**

18. A D G J \_\_\_\_\_  
 19. If burst is 53421: rust is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 20. Underline the word which does not fit.  
     rain      thunder      space      storm  
 21. Complete: Paw is to Dog as \_\_\_\_\_ is to Horse.  
 22. Rearrange these letters to make a word M A L P- \_\_\_\_\_.  
 23. How many vowels are in the word RESCUE ? \_\_\_\_\_.  
 24. Rewrite to form another word SALT - \_\_\_\_\_.  
 25. Study the pattern and complete:  
     ore, sore: peak, speak: lap, \_\_\_\_\_



**A. Circle the number that completes each sequence.**

1. 2 is to 8 as 5 is to (10, 20, 30)
2. 24 is to 12 as 30 is to (15, 10, 5)
3. 3 is to 9 as 4 is to (11, 16, 20)
4. 80 is to 120 as 100 is to (60, 160, 140)
5. 8 is to 2 as 27 is to (3, 6, 9)

**B. Add a letter to make another word:****Example:**

jet - jest



6. Fat = \_\_\_\_\_
7. Pet = \_\_\_\_\_
8. R O C K E T rhymes with \_\_\_\_\_
9. Complete with the synonym of tough - The meat is  
\_\_\_\_\_

**C. Complete these:**

10. LK JI HG FE \_\_\_\_\_
11. How many more consonants than vowels are there in the word  
BICYCLE? \_\_\_\_\_



**D. Underline one word from each set of brackets so that the sentence makes sense.**

**Example:**



Let us (come, went, go) to the cinema to (saw, watch) the latest (movie, scene, train)

12. Malik is the (taller, bigger, tallest) pupil in our (class, space, suit).
13. We (run, ran, rain) all the way home (to, for, from) school.
14. Ayo (lost, hissed, missed) her school bus, so (he, she, her) had to (go, will, trek) to school.
15. Emeka saw the (thief, tank, limp) jump (in, for, over) the fence.
16. Uko (wan, win, won) the first (prize, price, prike) at the competition.

**E. Underline the pair of words that are opposite in meaning.**

**Example:**



Shut, open

pen, hold

sleep, run

- |                   |              |             |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------|
| 17. hot, fill     | noisy, quiet | hold, claim |
| 18. sun, light    | wet, cold    | dirty, tidy |
| 19. hard, soft    | leave, go    | plot, come  |
| 20. ship, harbour | cold, hot    | begin, up   |



**A. Do the following:**

schools 1 and 2 have brown doors

schools 2 and 3 have white windows

schools 1 and 4 have green windows

schools 4 and 3 have pink doors

**Which school has:**

1. a brown door and green windows? \_\_\_\_\_

2. a pink door and white windows? \_\_\_\_\_

3. a brown door and white windows? \_\_\_\_\_

4. a pink door and green windows? \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Underline the word in the brackets closest in meaning to the word in capitals.****Example:**

SAD (tired, unhappy, daddy, bright)

5. TAKE (give, award, reserve, receive)
6. HOT (warm, cold, boiling, salient)
7. FALSE (untrue, truth, see, told)
8. LOUD (quiet, talk, noisy, calm)
9. BEGIN (start, end, rewind, hold)
10. CAP (head, cape, hat, brawl)



- C. 11. If CAPTAIN is written as DXLRXOS then PAIN will be \_\_\_\_\_.

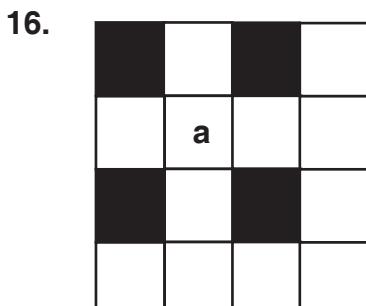
12. Complete: DD E FF G HH I

13. ZAB YCD XEF \_\_\_\_\_

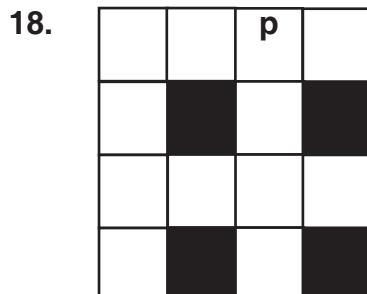
14. Complete: aid and help: finish and \_\_\_\_\_

15. Complete: often and always: begin and \_\_\_\_\_

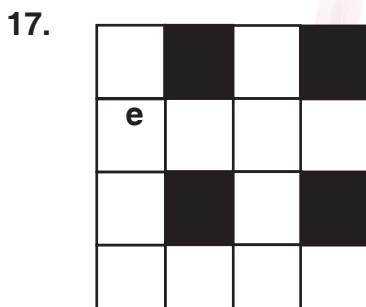
- D. ***Fill in the crosswords so that all the missing words are included. You have been given one letter from a word as a clue in each crossword.***



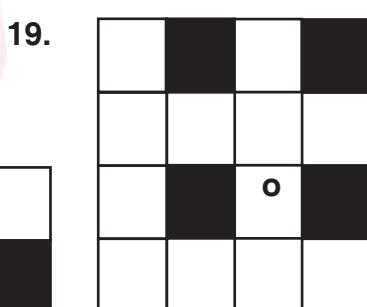
emit, fake, feet, farm



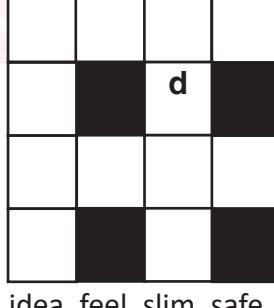
like, poke, hall, hope



grin, earn, dint, send



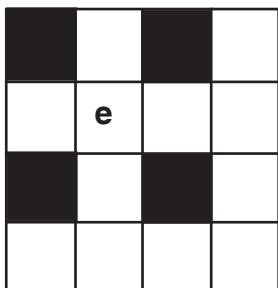
rare, pope, crop, trap



idea, feel, slim, safe

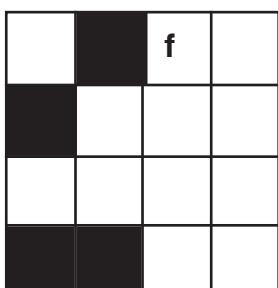


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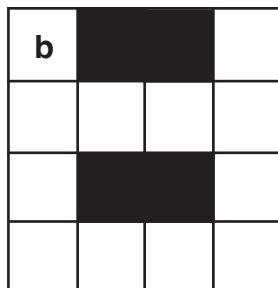
stop, flop, feel, meet

22.



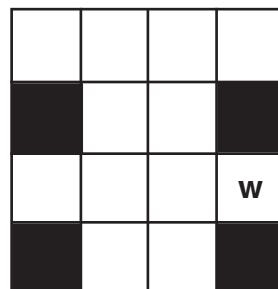
farm, made, card, care

23.



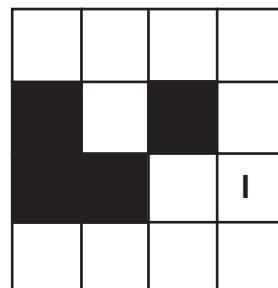
even, blue, lent, stun

24.



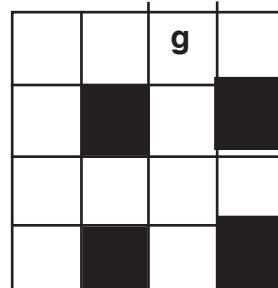
ache, reel, chew, mark

25.



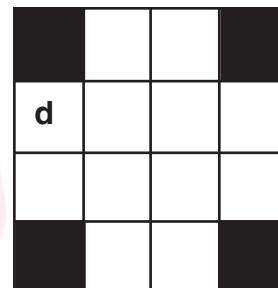
seek, slim, silk, milk

26.



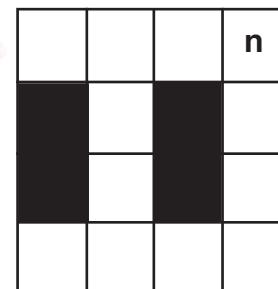
cane, cage, nuts, guts

27.



dear, pain, fair, pear

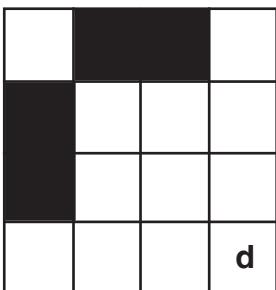
28.



isle, nile, rain, apes

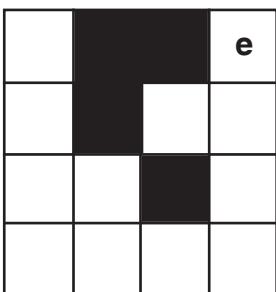


29.



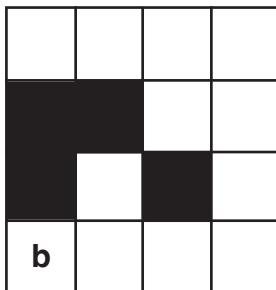
wind, worm, mild, draw

30.



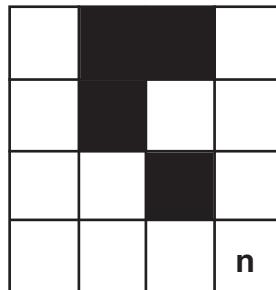
rope, eggs, raid, rags

31.



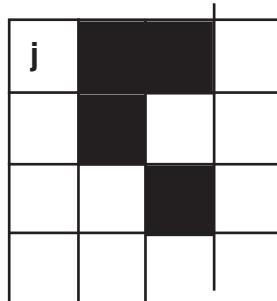
bear, gear, reap, burp

32.



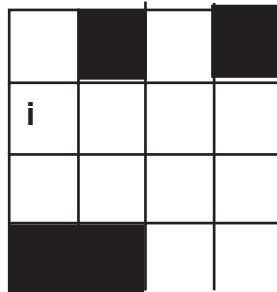
hymn, hear, hose, nose

33.



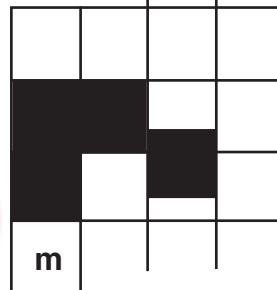
pine, knee, pink, jump

34.



ills, swim, slip, mill

35.



plum, meal, limp, peel



**A. Rewrite to form another word:**

1. golf = f \_\_\_\_\_

2. grin = r \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Write the word that includes all the other words:**

3. Spain, Russia, Countries, Nigeria \_\_\_\_\_

4. clothes, shirt, skirt, trousers \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Underline the odd words:**

5. fork knife fish spoon

6. book paper blackboard bed

**D. Complete with synonyms:**

7. sad - The girl was u\_\_\_\_\_

8. slender - I am s\_\_\_\_\_



**E. Write the homonyms of:**

9. sail and \_\_\_\_\_

10. fill and \_\_\_\_\_

**F. Complete these:**

11. Ear is to hear as mouth is to \_\_\_\_\_.

12. Smile is to happy as frown is to \_\_\_\_\_.

13. Water is to drink as book is to \_\_\_\_\_.

14. Sunday is to weekend as Monday is to \_\_\_\_\_.

15. School is to learn as office is to \_\_\_\_\_.

**G. Add a letter to make another word:****Example:****mat - meat**

16. fit = \_\_\_\_\_

17. lot = \_\_\_\_\_

18. low = \_\_\_\_\_

19. son = \_\_\_\_\_

20. owl = \_\_\_\_\_



**A. Circle the number that completes each sequence.**

1. 2 is to 8 as 5 is to (10, 20, 30)

2. 24 is to 12 as 30 is to (15, 10, 5)

3. 3 is to 9 as 4 is to (12, 16, 20)

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6. Fat = \_\_\_\_\_

7. Pet = \_\_\_\_\_

8. R O C K E T rhymes with \_\_\_\_\_

9. Complete with the synonym of tough - The meat is \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Complete these:**

10. LK JI HG FE \_\_\_\_\_

11. How many more consonants than vowels are there in the word

BICYCLE? \_\_\_\_\_



D. Underline one word from each set of brackets so that the sentence makes sense.

**Example:**



Let us (come, went, go) to the cinema to (saw, watch) the latest (movie, scene, train)

12. Malik is the (taller, bigger, tallest) pupil in our (class, space, suit).
13. We (run, ran, rain) all the way home (to, for, from) school.
14. Ayo (lost, hissed, missed) her school bus, so (he, she, her) had to (go, will, trek) to school.
15. Emeka saw the (thief, tank, limp) jump (in, for, over) the fence.
16. Uko (wan, win, won) the first (prize, price, pike) at the competition.

E. In each question below, there are two groups of words. Circle two words, one from each groups, that have opposite meanings.

**Example:**



club / come / sit

go / form / laugh

**Now do these**

- |  |                                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| 17. <u>high</u> / floor / movie        | slap / flow / <u>low</u>          |
| 18. floppy / handle / <u>dangerous</u> | <u>harmless</u> / hazardous / sly |
| 19. <u>dusk</u> / dusk / musk          | flask / deep / <u>dawn</u>        |
| 20. gallant / common / <u>scatter</u>  | gather / man / cheap              |
| 21. gaudy / mail / <u>rude</u>         | rough / demon / <u>polite</u>     |





# STEPS TO VERBAL REASONING

## For Primary Schools

# 4

Ore Olunloyo

Word Patterns  
Alphabetical Order  
Letters & Pictures

Lantern books

LITERAMED PUBLICATIONS (NIG) LTD

First Published, 1990

Revised 1999, 2002, 2005, 2008, 2009, 2011, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2022

Replanned 2006, 2014, 2025

Reprinted 2003, 2004, 2012, 2025

by

**Lantern books**



a division of

**Literamed Publications Nigeria Limited**

No 1, Plot 45, Morrison Crescent,

Alausa Bus-Stop Oregun Road

P. M. B. 21068,

Ikeja, Lagos,

Nigeria.

Tel: +234(0)1-790 1129, +234(0)1-790 1130

Email: information@literamed.com

Website: www.lantern-books.com

**Frontline - 08079043333, 08107000072**

**Whatsapp - 09062022003, 08063367604**

**Literamed Publications (Ghana) Limited**

Plot 2, 7th Street, South Odorkor Esatake,

Sakaman (Opposite Enso Nyame Ye Spot)

P. O. Box DS 583,

Dansoman, Accra,

Ghana.

Tel: +233-244-779853

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ISBN 978-978-100-951-8

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Designed and Printed by

**Literamed Publications Nigeria Limited**

Printing Press Division,

Ikeja, Lagos.

**Alphabetical Order  
Letter Codes STORIES**

# Preface



Steps to Verbal Reasoning is a collection of carefully graded books designed to put pupils through the skills needed for verbal reasoning.

It is hoped that at the end of the series, pupils who use it would have a basic understanding in tackling any past question paper on Verbal Aptitude, and that it would guide the children step-by-step to a brilliant performance in the common entrance examination, Universal Basic Education examination and similar intelligence tests. Since solutions to problems in the books demand careful attention and reasoning, the series gradually impacts, these skills to children.

It is however very important for the teacher to structure the learning process even though the exercises are self-explanatory. Remember, we learn by doing, but we learn best of all by doing correctly.

In each of the books, the exercises and tests become progressively difficult. The books can be used at home and in school. There is an answer book for the series.

In this revised edition, more exercises have been included to expand further the pupils' activities and to prepare them for Universal Basic Education examinations.

Steps to Verbal Reasoning has a companion series called Steps to Quantitative Reasoning.

Ore Olunloyo

**Word Patterns  
Alphabetical Order  
Letter Codes** **SMILES**

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