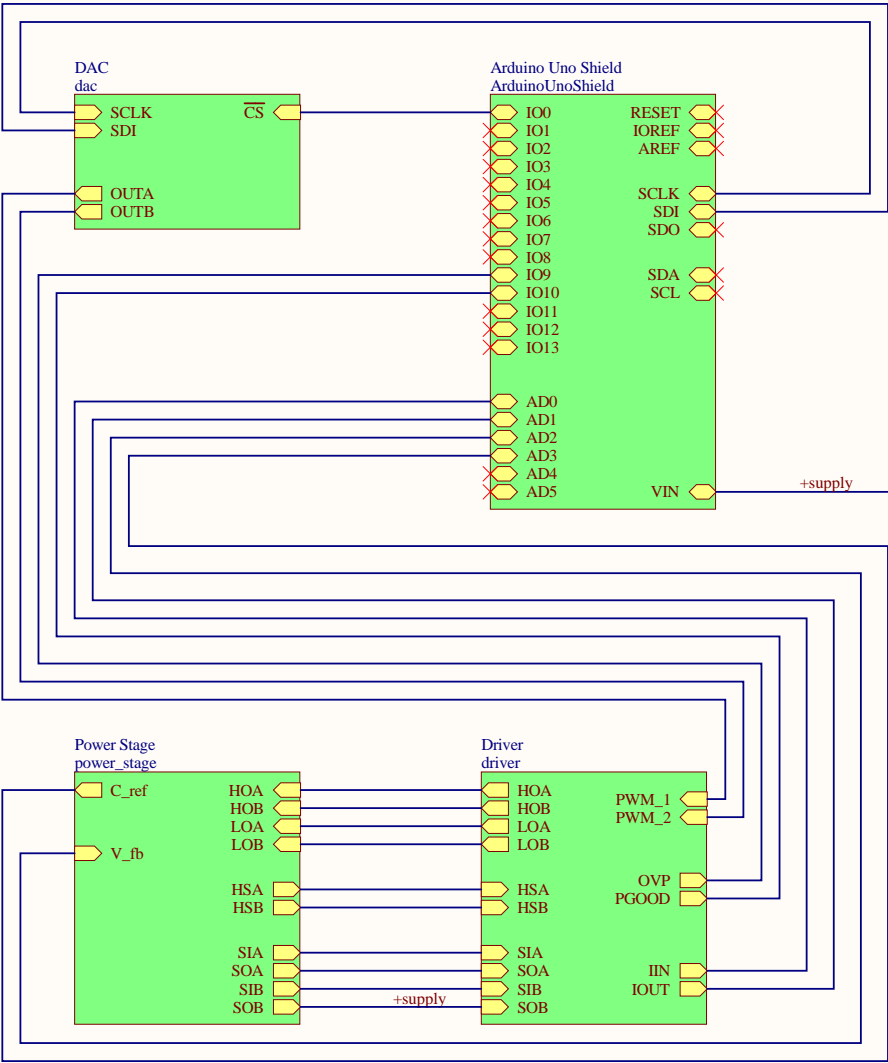


Digital Power

Description:

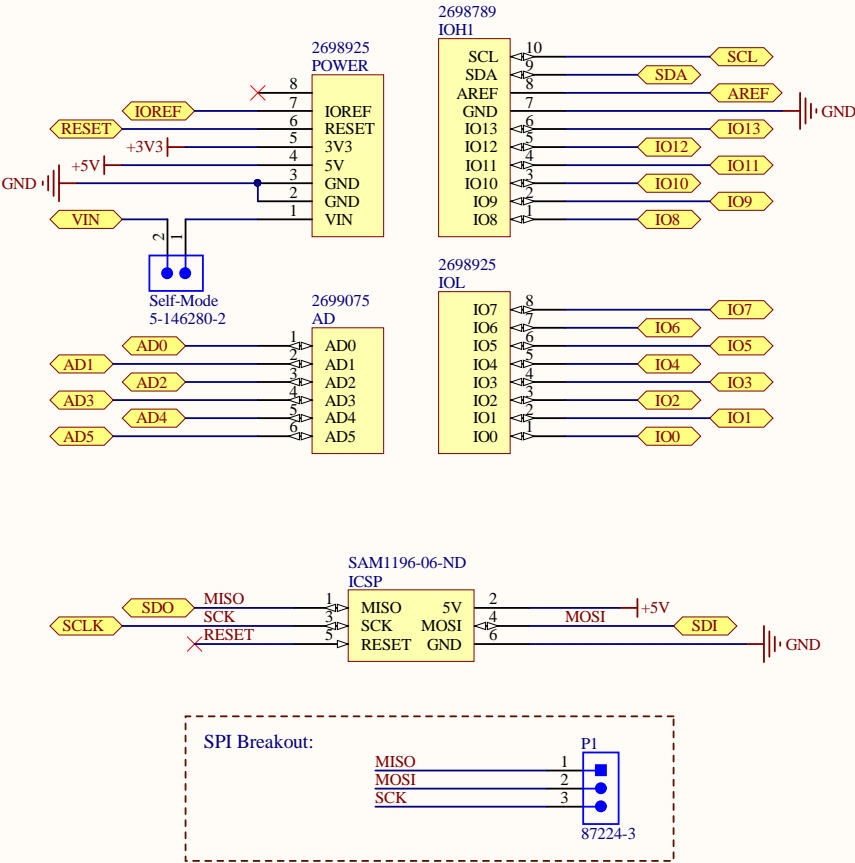
This sheet shows all the appropriate sub-systems involved in creating a digital-controller for power electronics.



# Arduino Uno Shield

Description:

This sheet shows Arduino Uno Shield connectors and their associated pin name.

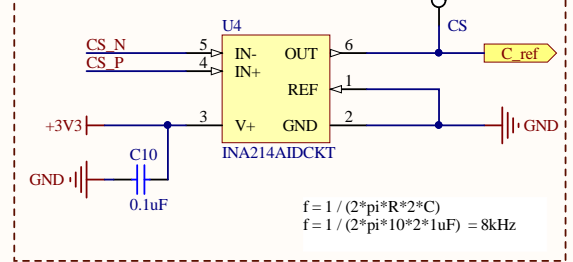


## Power Stage

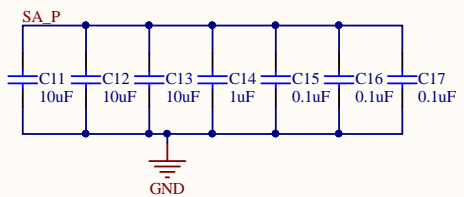
Description:

This sheet shows all the power components (switches and inductors) necessary to create a buck or boost converter. This sheet also includes the input and output filtering and sense points to create a closed loop system.

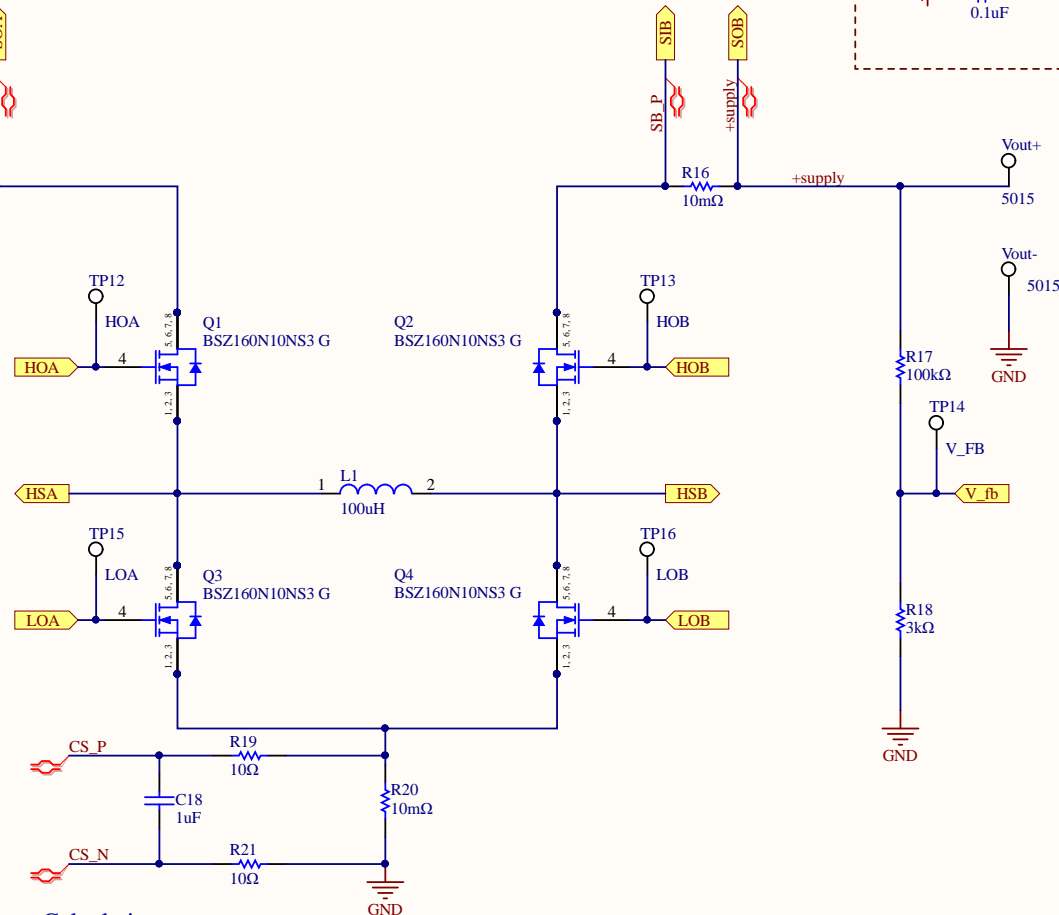
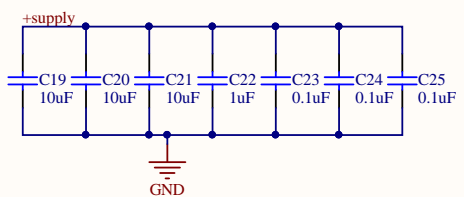
### CURRENT SENSE AMPLIFIER



#### Input Capacitance:



#### Output Capacitance:



#### Calculations:

$V_{out} = V_{in} (R_2 / (R_2 + R_1))$ , where  $V_{in} = 10V$   
 $V_{out} = 10V (3k\Omega / (3k\Omega + 100k\Omega)) = 0.2913V$

Title: **power\_stage.SchDoc**

Size: **A4**

Number: **4.**

Revision:

Date: **1/25/2020** Time: **11:11:06 AM** Sheet **4** of **8**

File: **C:\Users\Public\Documents\Altium\Projects\digital\_power\power\_stage.SchDoc**

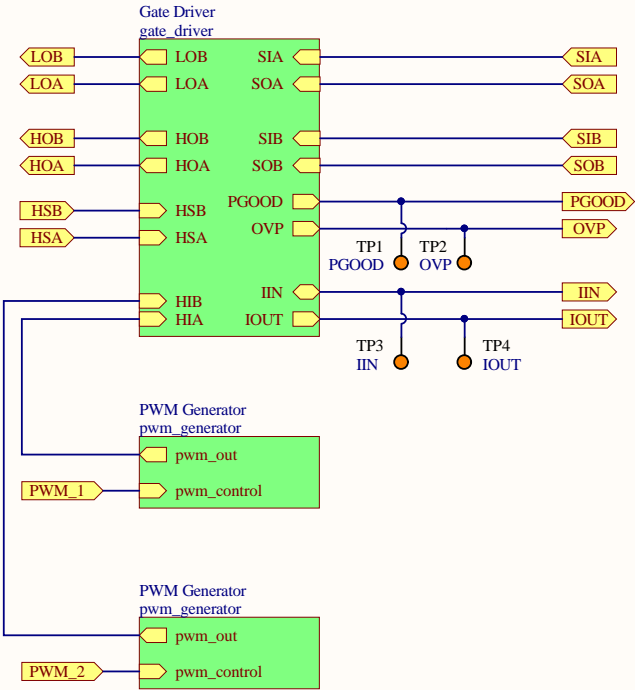
Omri Nissan  
San Luis Obispo  
California, 93401  
United States



Driver

Description:

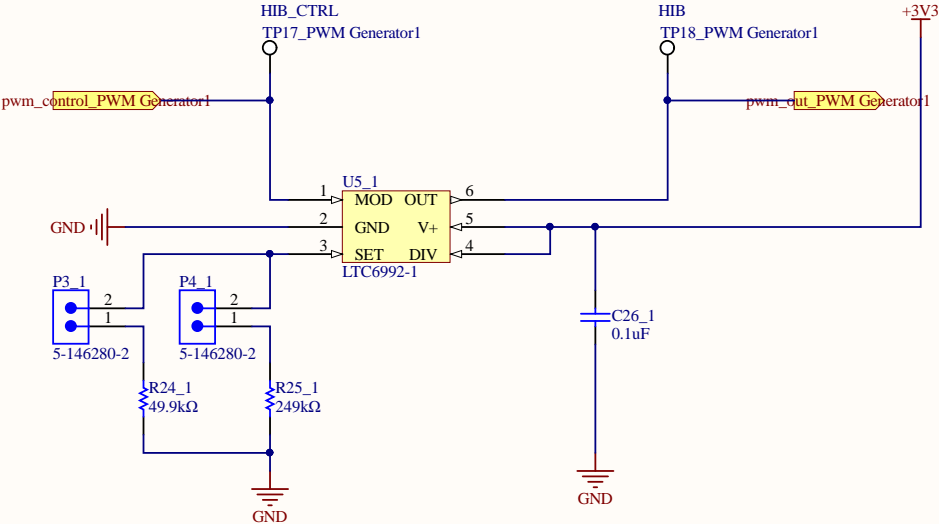
This sheet shows all the drivers for the power stage. The PWM generators are necessary due to the Arduinos inability to generate high frequency PWM signals. Since the low side switches are the inverted version of the high side switches, only 2 pwm generators are necessary.



# PWM Generator


## Description:

This sheet shows an analog input 0V-1V that is translated to a PWM duty cycle at higher frequency of choice. Since the Arduino cannot output high switching frequencies this stage is necessary to drive the MOSFETs.



## Calculations:

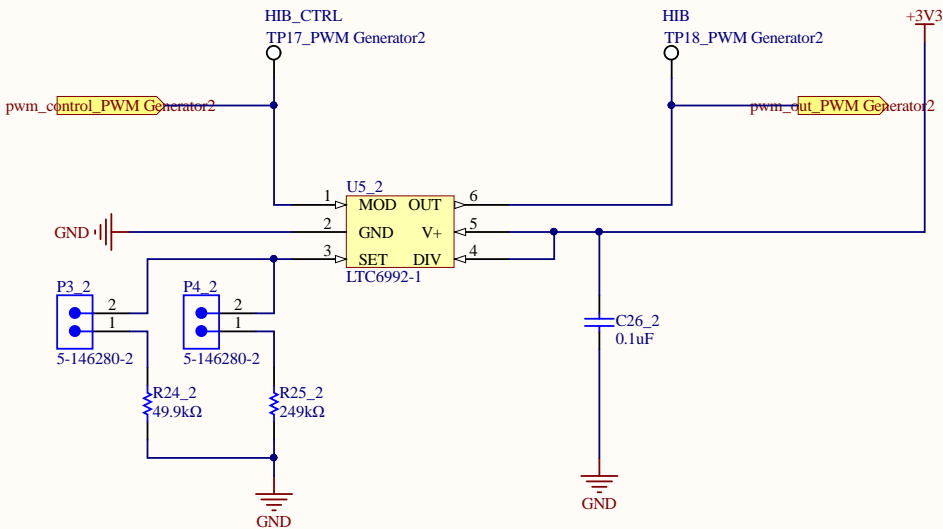
PWM Frequency:  $f_{master} = (1MHz * 50k\Omega) / R_{set}$   
Option 1, 1MHz:  $R_{set} = 50k\Omega \rightarrow R_{set} = 49.9k\Omega$   
Option 2, 1MHz:  $R_{set} = 250k\Omega \rightarrow R_{set} = 249k\Omega$

Title <b><i>pwm_generator.SchDoc</i></b>			Omri Nissan	
Size: <b>A4</b>	Number:6.1	Revision:	-	
Date: 1/25/2020	Time: 11:11:07 AM	Sheet 6.1 of 8	San Luis Obispo California, 93401	
File: C:\Users\Public\Documents\Altium\Projects\digital_power\pwm_generator.SchDoc			United States	

# PWM Generator


## Description:

This sheet shows an analog input 0V-1V that is translated to a PWM duty cycle at higher frequency of choice. Since the Arduino cannot output high switching frequencies this stage is necessary to drive the MOSFETs.



## Calculations:

PWM Frequency:  $f_{master} = (1MHz * 50k\Omega) / R_{set}$   
Option 1, 1MHz:  $R_{set} = 50k\Omega \rightarrow R_{set} = 49.9k\Omega$   
Option 2, 1MHz:  $R_{set} = 250k\Omega \rightarrow R_{set} = 249k\Omega$

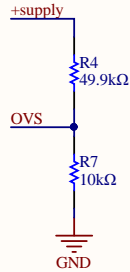
Title <b>pwm_generator.SchDoc</b>			Omri Nissan	
Size: <b>A4</b>	Number: <b>6.2</b>	Revision:	-	
Date: <b>1/25/2020</b>	Time: <b>11:11:07 AM</b>	Sheet <b>6.2</b> of <b>8</b>	San Luis Obispo California, 93401	
File: <b>C:\Users\Public\Documents\Altium\Projects\digital_power\pwm_generator.SchDoc</b>			United States	

## Gate Drive

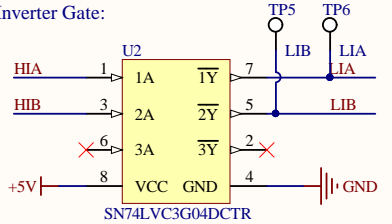
Description:

This sheet shows the gate driver circuitry and any external circuitry to operate it. The SM72295 has all the logic to drive a 4-switch Buck-Boost. Since the low switch is always the reciprocal as the high side switch, an inverter is

### Overvoltage Voltage Set:



### Inverter Gate:



### Calculations:

$$R_{gate} = V_{ref} / I_{gate(max)}$$

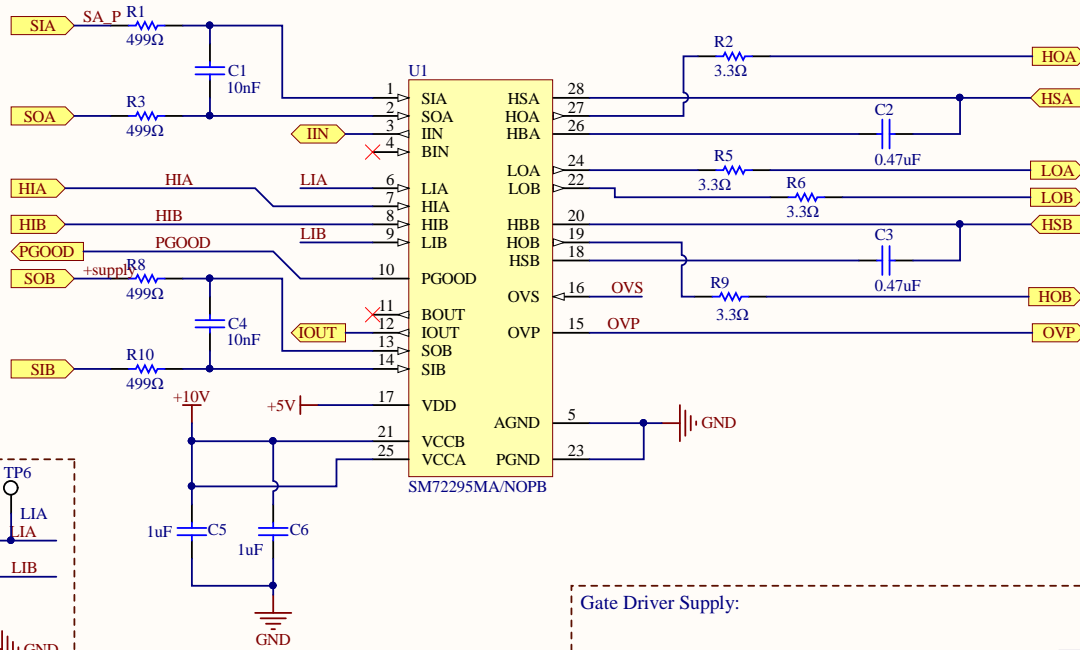
$$R_{gate} = 10V / 3A = 3.33\Omega \rightarrow R_{gate} = 3.3\Omega$$

$$V_{out} = V_{ref} (1 + (R_1/R_2)), \text{ where } V_{ref}=1.24V$$

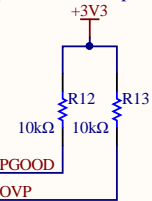
$$V_{out} = 1.24V (1 + (169k\Omega/24k\Omega)) = 9.972V$$

$$V_{ovs} = V_{dd} (1 + (R_1/R_2)), \text{ where } V_{dd}=5V, V_{out}\approx 30V$$

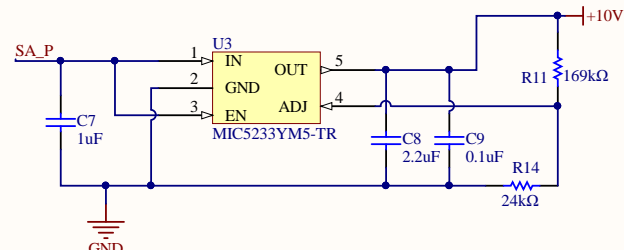
$$V_{ovs} = 5V (1 + (49.9k\Omega/10k\Omega)) = 29.95V$$



### Open-Drain Pullups:



### Gate Driver Supply:



Title **gate\_driver.SchDoc**

Size: **A4**

Number: **7.**

Revision:

Date: **1/25/2020**

Time: **11:11:07 AM** Sheet **7** of **8**

File: **C:\Users\Public\Documents\Altium\Projects\digital\_power\gate\_driver.SchDoc**

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-  
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California, 93401  
United States



# Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC)

Description:

This sheet shows interface between the Arduino and PWM generator using a DAC. The DAC is 12-bit with either internal or external reference.

