

Linear Regression

X (Independent)	Y (Dependent)	X - X_Bar	Y - Y_Bar	(X-X_Bar)^2	(X - X_Bar) * (Y - Y_Bar)	Yp	(Yp - Y_Bar)	(Yp - Y_Bar) ^ 2	(Y - Y_Bar)^2
1	3	-2	-0.6	4	1.2	2.8	-0.8	0.64	0.36
2	4	-1	0.4	1	-0.4	3.2	-0.4	0.16	0.16
3	2	0	-1.6	0	0	3.6	0	0	2.56
4	4	1	0.4	1	0.4	4.0	0.4	0.16	0.16
5	5	2	1.4	4	2.8	4.4	0.8	0.64	1.96
X_Bar 3	Y_Bar. 3.6			Sum = 10	Sum = 4.0			Sum = 1.6	Sum = 5.2

Equation of line : $Y = mX + C$

Y Dependent Variable
X Independent Variable
m Slope of line
c Y intercept of line

$$m = \frac{\sum (X - X_{\text{Bar}})(Y - Y_{\text{Bar}})}{\sum (X - X_{\text{Bar}})^2}$$

$$m = 4/10$$

m = 0.4

$$Y = mX + C$$

$$3.6 = 0.4 * 3 + C$$

$$3.6 = 1.2 + C$$

$$C = 3.6 - 1.2$$

$$C = 2.4$$

R Square method

Distance (predicted - mean)
VS

Distance (actual - mean)

R_Square formula

$$\frac{\sum (Yp - Y_{\text{Bar}})^2}{\sum (Y - Y_{\text{Bar}})^2}$$

$$R^2 = 1.6 / 5.2$$

R^2 = 0.3

$$Yp = 0.4 * X + 2.4$$

