

Problem

- ▶ Exascale nodes expected to have complex, heterogeneous memory systems
- ▶ Users won't want to learn low-level technical details
- ▶ Heterogeneity is the enemy of portability
- ▶ Middleware requires unified low-level abstraction

Proposed Solution

Two-level library:

- ▶ Low-level interface:
 - ▶ Homogeneous abstraction over different memory devices
 - ▶ Classifies devices according to designer intent
 - ▶ Unified method of querying, allocating, and freeing
 - ▶ Intended for advanced users or middleware developers
- ▶ High-level interfaces:
 - ▶ Expose memory systems in intentional terms, rather than technical
 - ▶ Choose where to allocate, when to migrate
 - ▶ Many possible implementations
 - ▶ Basis for other research into memory management

Project Team

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Preliminary Results

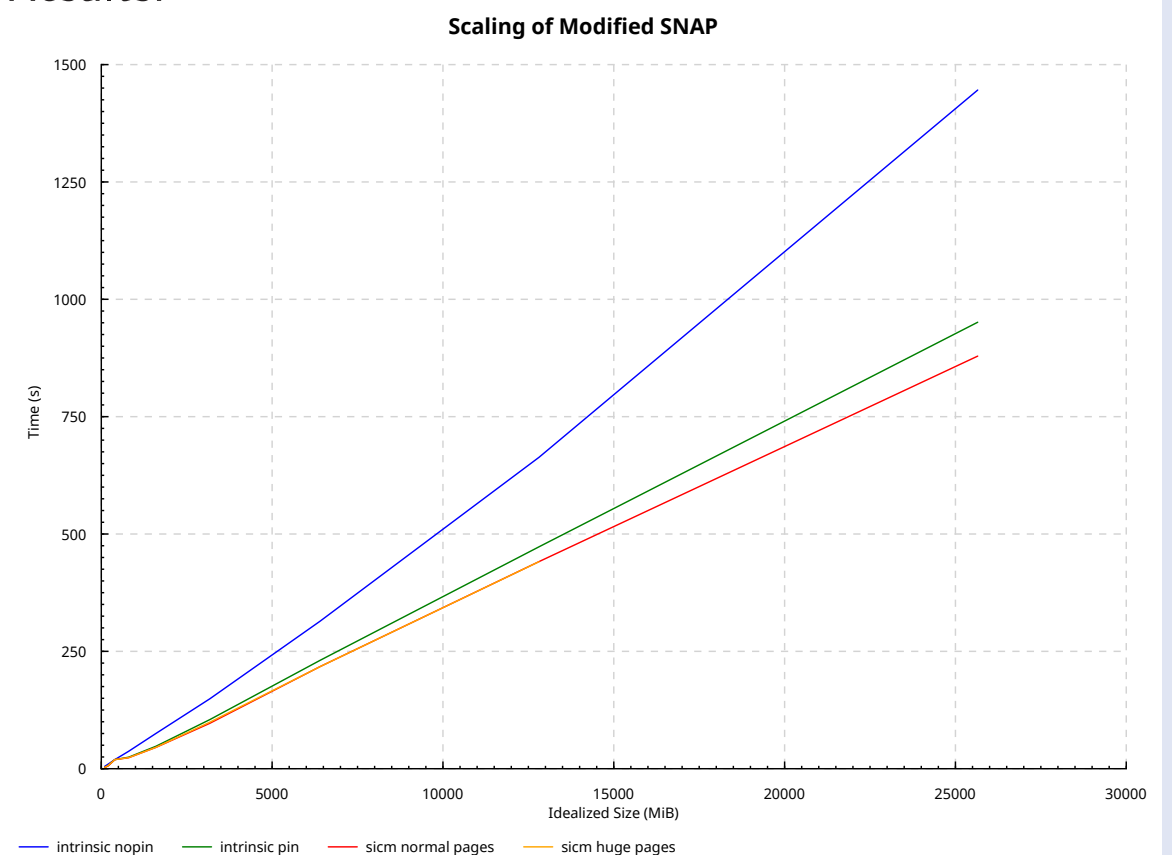
Early low-level interface:

- ▶ Currently provides abstraction over NUMA nodes, page size, and Intel Knights Landing high-bandwidth memory
- ▶ Written in C, with FORTRAN bindings

Added support to a proxy application:

- ▶ We use SNAP, a proxy particle transport simulation
- ▶ Tested NUMA pinning and huge pages

Results:



- ▶ Normal run, allocations with FORTRAN ALLOCATE
- ▶ Pin to single NUMA node, uses ALLOCATE
- ▶ Pin to single NUMA node, uses SICM
- ▶ Pin to single NUMA node, huge pages with SICM

Repository

<https://github.com/lanl/SICM>