Answers	
1. javac helps in compiling the java program and creates the .class files	
2. java runs the programs using the bytecode in .class files	

1. Identify the incorrect statement about compilation and execution of java programs

3. java runs the programs using the source code in .java files

4. javac is in the JDK package and java is in the JRE package

	What	command	is	used	to	save	the	standard	output	in	a fi	ile,	as 1	well	as	display	it	on 1	the	terminal?
r	iswe	´S																		
	tee																			
	grep																			

3. cat

4. more

Answers		
1. ctty		
2. ptty		
3. stty		

3. Which command is used to change the I/O characteristics of the terminal?

4. tty

```
4. Which Linux command list the content of all sub directory?
Answers
1. ls ~
2. ls * /
3. ls /
4. ls ../
```

```
5. What will be the output of the following Java code?
     class array_output
2.
3.
         public static void main(String args[])
4.
5.
           int array_variable[][] = {{ 1, 2, 3}, { 4 , 5, 6}, { 7, 8, 9}};
6.
             int sum = 0;
7.
             for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
                 for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
8.
9.
                     sum = sum + array_variable[i][j];
10.
              System.out.print(sum / 5);
11.
12.
Answers
1.8
2. 9
3. 10
4. 11
```

6. How many constructors in the String class?										
Answers										
1. 1										
2. 2										
3. 13										

4. 11

```
7. What will be the output of below statements?
String s = "Java String Quiz"; System.out.println(s.charAt(s.toUpperCase().length()));
Answers
1. Convert "Z" to int 90 and prints "90"
Runtime Exception
3. Prints "z"
4. Prints "Z"
```

```
8. What will be the output of the following class?
class C
public static void main(String[] args)
 String s1 = "Hello";
String s2="India";
 String s3=s1+s2;
String s4=s1.concat(s2);
System.out.println(s3==s4);
System.out.println(s3.equals(s4));
Answers
1. true, true
2. true, false
3. false, true
4. false, false
```

9. Which component is responsible for optimizing byte-codes?										
Answers										
1. JVM										
2. JDK										
3. JIT										
4. JRE										

Answers		
1. class		
2. object		
3. variable		

10. Which of these cannot be declared static?

4. method

11. Which of the following statements are incorrect?

Answers

1. static methods can call other static methods only

2. static methods must only access static data

3. static methods can not refer to this or super in any way

4. when object of class is declared, each object contains its own copy of static variables

```
12. What will be the output of the following Java program?
     class access
1.
2.
3.
         public int x;
          static int y;
4.
         void cal(int a, int b)
5.
6.
7.
             x += a;
             y += b;
8.
9.
10.
11.
      class static_specifier
12.
13.
          public static void main(String args[])
14.
              access obj1 = new access();
15.
16.
              access obj2 = new access();
17.
              obj1.x = 0;
18.
              obj1.y = 0;
19.
              obj1.cal(1, 2);
20.
              obj2.x = 0;
21.
              obj2.cal(2, 3);
              System.out.println(obj1.x + " " + obj2.y);
22.
23.
24. }
Answers
1. 1 2
2. 2 3
3.32
```

4. 1 5

10. Wilding a motified with an object anyament, 10 passed.
Answers
1. Athe contents of the object
2. a copy of the object
3. the reference of the object
3. the reference of the object

is passed.

13. When invoking a method with an object argument

4. the object is copied, then the reference of the copied object

14. Choose the correct answer.

Answers

- Recursion is always better than iteration.
- 2. Recursion uses more memory compared to iteration.
- 3. Recursion uses less memory compared to iteration.
- 4. Iterative function is always better and simpler to write than recursion.

```
15. What will be the output of the following program?
class RecursiveFor
   public static void main(String[] args)
       int out = 15;
       for (int i = 4; i < 6; i++)
           for (int j = 7; j >= 5; j--)
               if (i == j) continue;
               if (i > j)
                   out += main(i, j);
               else
                   out += main(j, i);
       System.out.println("out = " + out);
   private static int main(int a, int b)
       if (a + b == 0)
           return 2;
       return a + main(a - 1, b);
Answers
1. out = 78
2. out = 100
```

3. out = 80

4. Compilation Error

```
public class BitwiseNotOperator{
   public static void main(String[] args)
      int i = 50;
      System.out.print(~i);
      System.out.print(",");
      System.out.print(~--i);
      System.out.print(",");
      System.out.print(~++i);
Answers
1. -50, -49, -50
2. -51, -51, -52
3. -49, -50, -51
4. -51, -50, -51
```

16. What is the right output of this program ?

17. The operating system and the other processes are protected from being modified by an already running process because	
Answers	
1. They are in different memory spaces	

4. Every address generated by the CPU is being checked against the relocation and limit registers

2. They are in different logical addresses

3. They have a protection algorithm

8.	Where	are	placed	the	list	of	processes	that	are	prepared	to	be	executed	and	waiting?	
'n	swers															
	Job qu	eue														

2. Ready queue

Execution queue

4. Process queue

Answers			
1. \$1			
2. \$3			
3. \$\$			

19. By shell into the parameter, __ reads the first argument

4. 1\$

0. The program is interrupted by command in appropriate way.									
nswers									
kill									
SIGKILL									
trap									
INT									

1. Which system call can be used by a parent process to determine the termination of child process?								
Answers								
1. wait()								
2. exit()								
3. fork()								
4. get()								

22. The entry of all the PCBs of the current processes is in	
Answers	
1. Process Register	
2. Program Counter	
3. Process Table	

4. Process Unit

Ans	wers
1. 0	ther threads in the another process can also read from that file
2. 0	ther threads in the same process can also read from that file
3. a	ny other thread can not read from that file

23. If one thread opens a file with read privileges then:

4. all of the mentioned

25.	In Process Address Space, The variable names, constants, and instruction labels are the basic elements of
Ans	swers
1.	Symbolic addresses
2.	Relative addresses
3.	Physical addresses
4.	None of the above

26. In which type of Fragmentation, Me	mory block assigned to process is	is bigger. Some portion of memory is l	eft unused, as it cannot be used by another process.
Answers			
1. External fragmentation			
2. Internal fragmentation			

3. Both of the above

4. None of the above

27. A swapper manipulates whereas the pager is concerned with individual of a process.
Answers
1. the entire process, parts
2. all the pages of a process, segments
3. the entire process, pages
4. none of the mentioned

28. Segment replacement algorithms are more complex than page replacement algorithms because
Answers
1. Segments are better than pages
2. Pages are better than segments

3. Segments have variable sizes

4. Segments have fixed sizes

Answers
1. ipcs
2. ipcs -mS

29. Command used to check shared memory is

3. ipcs -s

4. ipcs -q

```
31. Which of the following are the major disadvantages of requesting all resources while preventing deadlock?
i) delay process initiation
ii) future resources requirements must be known
iii) subject to cyclic restart
Answers
1. i and ii only
2. ii and iii only
3. i and iii only
4. i, ii and iii
```

32. Which of the following are the thread synchronization primitives supported by Solaris i) Mutual exclusion	
ii) Semaphores	
iii) Signals iv) Condition variables	

Answers

33. In which of the following Algorithm where the reference bit is used to determine whether a page has been recently referenced, and some page that has not been recently

- 1. LRU Page replacement Algorithm
- 2. FIFO page replacement Algorithm
- 3. Optimal page replacement algorithm
- 4. NRU Page replacement algorithm

Answers

1. LRU Page replacement Algorithm

2. FIFO page replacement Algorithm

34. In which of the following Page replacement Policy, at every page fault the page replacement policy replaces the page that was loaded into memory earlier than any other

4. NRU Page replacement algorithm

3. Optimal page replacement algorithm

35. In UNIX, the set of masked signals can be set or cleared using the function.	
Answers	
1. sigprocmask	
2. sigmask	
3. sigmaskproc	
4. sigproc	

In most	cases,	if	а	process	is	sent	а	signal	while	it	is	executing	а	system	call	:	
swers																	

1. the system call will continue execution and the signal will be ignored completely

- 2. the system call is interrupted by the signal, and the signal handler comes in
- 3. the signal has no effect until the system call completes
- 4. none of the mentioned

An

37. Both processes (the parent and the child) continue execution at the instruction after the fork(), with one difference: the return code for the fork() is for	or th
	-
Answers	
1. Negative integer, Zero	
2. Zero, Negative integer	
3. Nonzero integer, Zero	
4. Zero, nonzero integer	

38. When the operating system has performed a operation, it has two choices for selecting a process either admitting a newly created process or bring	g in a previously
	+
Answers	
1. Swapping-in	
2. Swapping-out	
3. Blocked-in	

4. Blocked-out

39. There are the following statements that are given below, which of them are correct about Regular expressions in the Linux operating system? A. The regular expressions are strings that are used for pattern matching in some Linux commands. B. The regular expressions are also known as a regex. C. The regular expressions use some characters that each has a different meaning. D. Regular expressions can only be used in the Linux commands. Answers

2. C and D

1. A and B

- 3. A, B, and C
- 4. A, B, C, and D

```
40. Which of the following command is used to display only directories that exist in the current directory?
Answers
1. ls -l | grep "^d"
2. ls | grep "^d"
3. ls -l | grep "#d"
4. ls -l | grep "*d"
```