<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>Java</u> / <u>Classes and Objects, Packages</u> / <u>Test your understanding - Packages</u>

```
Started on Monday, 3 February 2020, 1:34 AM

State Finished

Completed on Monday, 3 February 2020, 1:35 AM

Time taken 59 secs

Marks 4.00/5.00

Grade 80.00 out of 100.00
```

Feedback Congratulations!!! You have passed by securing more than 80%

Question **1**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out

of 1.00

```
Given the below code:

import static java.lang.Math.PI;

public class AreaCalculator {

   public double calculateArea(double radius) {

        double area = PI * radius * radius; //Instead of Math.PI

        return area;

   }
}

Drag and drop the correct statement to use the static variable PI.

import java.lang.Math.PI;
```

import static java.lang.Math;

```
Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Given the below code:

[import static java.lang.Math.PI;]

public class AreaCalculator {

   public double calculateArea(double radius) {

        double area = PI * radius * radius; //Instead of Math.PI
        return area;

   }

}

Drag and drop the correct statement to use the static variable PI.
```

Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out
of 1.00

```
package p1;
public class Calculator {
             static void calculate(){
     //some code here
  }
}
package p2;
import p1.Calculator;
public class CalculatorService {
  public void display(){
     Calculator.calculate();
  }
}
What can be the valid access specifier for the calculate method in Calculator class so that it can be accessed
from CalculatorService class?
Select one:
a. default X
b. protected
 c. private

    d. Any access specifier except private

 e. public
```

If a method defined within a class in one package has to be invoked from outside, then that method has to be declared public.

The correct answer is: public

Question **3**

Correct

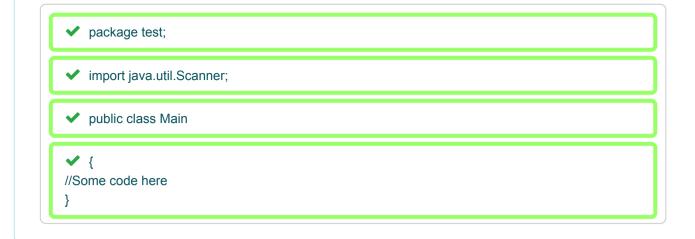
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
Given the class Book and Library in two different packages:
1. package model;
2. public class Book {
3. private static void countBook() { }
4.}
1. package util;
2. public class Library {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
4.
        // insert code here
5.}
6.}
What is required at line 4 in class Library to use the countBook method of Book class?
Select one:
a. model.Book.countBook();
b. util.Library.countBook();
 c. Book.countBook();
 d. countBook();
 e. Library class cannot use the countBook method in Book class.
```

countBook() cannot be invoked since the method is declared private.

The correct answer is: Library class cannot use the countBook method in Book class.

Correct
Mark 1.00 out
of 1.00



Your answer is correct.

Question **5**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given the class Book in packages p1 and class Main in package p2. In main to create an object of Book, which of the following are valid.

Select one:

- a. p1.Book bookObj=new Book();
- b. p1.Book bookObj=new p1.Book();
- c. Book bookObj=new Book();

Since the Book class is present within p1 package, it has to be accessed as "p1.Book", everytime, from package p2.

The correct answer is: p1.Book bookObj=new p1.Book();