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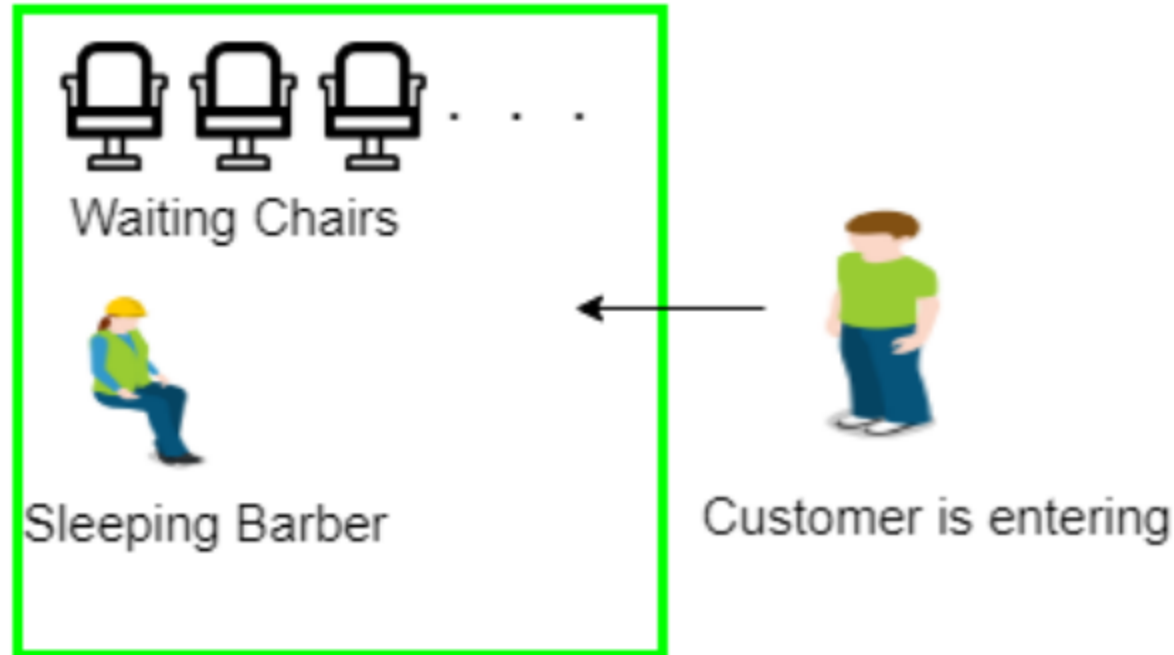
# CLASSICAL PROBLEMS OF SYNCHRONIZATION

**(Sleeping Barber Problem)**

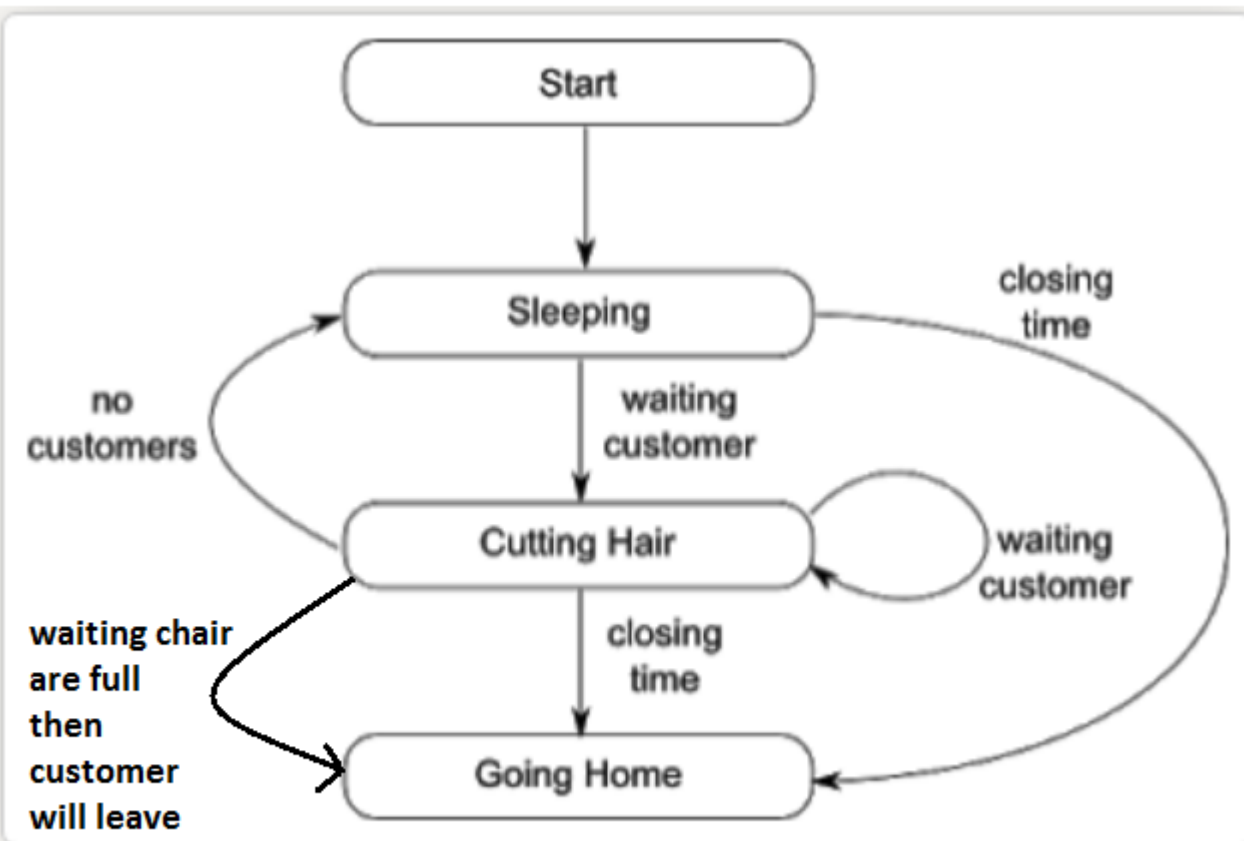
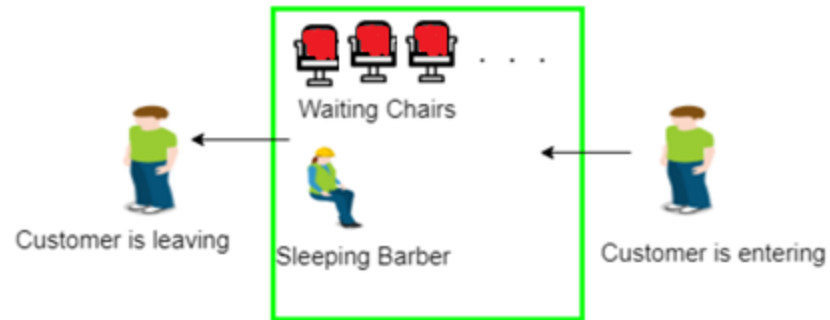
# Sleeping Barber Problem<sup>1/3</sup>

- Consider one *barber*, one barber chair, and  $n$  chairs for waiting for customers, if there are any, to sit on the chair.
- **Rules:**
  - If there is no customer, then the barber *sleeps* in his own chair.
  - When a customer arrives, he has to *wake* up the barber.
  - If there are many customers and the barber is cutting a customer's hair, then the remaining customers either wait if there are empty chairs in the waiting room or they *leave* if no chairs are empty.

# Sleeping Barber Problem<sub>2/3</sub>



# Sleeping Barber Problem<sup>3/3</sup>



Flow chart for Sleeping barber problem

# Solution<sub>1/3</sub>

- Three semaphores:
  - *Semaphore Customers:* It counts the number of customers present in the waiting room (customer in the barber chair is not included because he is not waiting).
  - *Semaphore Barber:* The barber 0 or 1 is used to tell whether the barber is idle or is working.
  - *Semaphore Mutex:* Mutex is used to provide the mutual exclusion which is required for the process to execute.

# Solution<sub>2/3</sub>

```
semaphore customers = 0; /* # of customers waiting for service */
semaphore barber = 0; /* # of barbers waiting for customers */
semaphore mutex = 1; /* for mutual exclusion */
int FreeSeats = N;
#define N 3

barber()
{
    while (true)
    {
        wait(customers); /* go to sleep if # of customers is 0 */
        wait(mutex); /* acquire access to 'waiting' */
        FreeSeats++; /* a chair gets free */
        signal(barber); /* barber is now ready to cut hair */
        signal(mutex); /* release 'waiting' */
        cut_hair(); /* cut hair (outside critical region) */
    }
}
```

# Solution<sub>3/3</sub>

```
customer()  
{  
    wait(mutex); /* enter critical region */  
    if (FreeSeats>0)  
    {  
        /* if there are no free chairs, leave */  
        FreeSeats--; /* Sitting down */  
        signal(customers); /* wake up barber if necessary */  
        signal(mutex); /* release access to 'waiting' */  
        wait(barber); /* go to sleep if # of free barbers is 0 */  
        get_haircut(); /* be seated and be served */  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        signal(mutex); /* shop is full; do not wait */  
    }  
}
```



# References

1. Modern Operating Systems 2nd Ed by Tanenbaum.
2. Silberschatz, Galvin and Gagne, “Operating Systems Concepts”, Wiley.
3. William Stallings, “Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles”, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education.
4. D M Dhamdhere, “Operating Systems: A Concept based Approach”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH.
5. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/sleeping-barber-problem-in-process-synchronization/>

**Thank You.**

