

Algorithmic ecosystem.

For a complete series of tutorials, see:

<http://monome.org/docs/modular/teletype/studies-1>

Nomenclature

SCRIPT: multiple *commands*

COMMAND: a series (one line) of *words*

WORD: a text string separated by a space: *value, operator, variable, pre*

VALUE: a number

OPERATOR: a function, may need value(s) as argument(s), may return value

VARIABLE: named memory storage

PRE: condition/rule that applies to rest of the *command*: del, prob, if, s

Parameters

Parameters are like variables, but tied to functionality of the software or hardware. CV & TR are arrays and require an index argument.

IN and PARAM provide CV and physical input into a script. Their state can be read with the listed parameters.

Reading and writing is similar to variables-- assignment happens when the parameter is leftmost in the command (and requires an additional argument: the value to take).

TR A-D	set TR value (0-1)
TR.TIME A-D	time for TR.PULSE
TR.POL A-D	set polarity for TR.PULSE

CV 1-4	CV target value
CV.SLEW 1-4	CV slew time in ms (how long to reach the target)
CV.SET 1-4	set CV value directly, ignoring slew time
CV.OFF 1-4	CV offset (added to CV value at final stage)

IN	get value of IN jack (0-16383)
PARAM	get value of PARAM knob (0-16383)
STATE 1-8	get input state of trigger inputs 1-8

M	metro time (ms). M script executes at this interval
M.ACT	[0/1] enable/disable metro
M.RESET	hard reset metro count without triggering

TIME	timer value. counts up in ms.
TIME.ACT	[0/1] enable/disable timer counting

SCENE	read/recall scene
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SCRIPT 1-8	execute script via command
MUTE 1-8	mute incoming trigger signals
UNMUTE 1-8	unmute incoming trigger signals

KILL	clears stack and delays, cancels pulses and slews
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Variables

X, Y, Z	general purpose
T	typically used for time values, but also general
A-D	assigned 1-4 by default (for TR labeling), reassignable

Special variables:

I	overwritten by the L (loop) PRE, but can be general.
O	auto-increments on each read.
	O.MIN, O.MAX, O.WRAP, O.DIR parameters affect operation.
DRUNK	changes by -1, 0, or 1 upon each read, saving state.
	DRUNK.MIN, DRUNK.MAX, DRUNK.WRAP parameters affect operation.
Q	implements a queue or shift register.
Q.N	sets the read position.
Q.AVG	will return the average of the entire queue
FLIP	changes state on each read (0/1)

NB: Set Q.AVG to set the entire queue to the specified value.

Data and Tables

Working range is signed 16 bit: -32768 to 32767

Built-in constant tables for easy note and voltage conversion:

N 0-127	equal temp semi (negatives accepted as well)
V 0-10	volt lookup (0V to 10V)
VV 0-1000	volt lookup with decimal precision (0.00V to 10.00V)
EXP 0-16383	exponential lookup (good for 0V to 10V)

Operators

Operators take a variable number of parameters (including none) and typically return one value.

RAND a	generate random number 0-(a)
RRAND a b	generate random number from (a) to (b)
TOSS	return random: 0 or 1
AVG a b	return average of two arguments (a) and (b)
MIN/MAX a b	choose lesser/greater of two inputs (a) and (b)
ABS a	return absolute value of (a)
ADD/SUB/MUL a b	arithmetic
DIV/MOD a b	arithmetic
EQ/NE/GT/LT a b	logic: equals, not equals, greater than, less than
EZ/NZ a	logic: equals zero, not zero
AND/OR/XOR a b	logic: and, or, xor
RSH/LSH a b	shift (a) by (b), like MUL/DIV by powers of two
LIM a b c	clamp to a defined range: (a) input (b) min (c) max
WRAP a b c	wrapped range defining: (a) input (b) min (c) max
QT a b	round (a) to closest multiple of (b): quantize
SCALE a b x y i	scale value (i) from range (a)-(b) to range (x)-(y)
JI x y	just intonation helper, ratio normalized to 1 V

Special case operators:

These act only the hardware and don't return a value.

TR.TOG a	toggle TR (a)
TR.PULSE a	pulse TR (a) using TR.TIME as an interval

Modified commands: PRE

A *PRE* is a short command that modifies the remainder of a command. A *PRE* needs a separator (colon) to indicate the command it will act upon.

```
PROB a : ..    potential to execute with (a) probability [0-100]

DEL a : ..     delay (postpone) command by (a) ms
  DEL.CLR      kill all delays

S : ..         put command on the stack
  S.CLR        clear the stack
  S.ALL        execute every command on the stack
  S.POP        execute most recent command (pop)
  S.L          length of queue (read only)

IF a : ..      if (a) is not zero, execute command
ELIF a : ..    execute on failed IF/ELIF, and (a) is not zero
ELSE ..       execute on failed IF/ELIF

L a b : ...    LOOP. execute command with I values (a) to (b)
```

Patterns

```
P a           get value at index (a)
P a b         set value at index (a) to (b)
P.N a         select bank (a)
PN a b        get pattern (a) index (b)
PN a b c      set pattern (a) index (b) to (c)
```

Note: For `P` and `PN`, negative index values index from the end (backwards) rather than beginning.

Pattern manipulation:

These commands change pattern length:

```
P.INS a b     insert value (b) at index (a), shift later values down
P.RM a        delete value at (a), shift later values up
P.PUSH a      add value (a) to end of pattern (like a stack)
P.POP         remove and return value from end of pattern (stack)
```

pattern attributes: get current values by omitting a value

```
P.L a         get/set length, nondestructive to data
P.WRAP a      enable/disable (or get) wrapping [0/1]
  NB: P.WRAP changes behavior of P.PREV / P.NEXT
P.START a     get/set start location
P.END a       get/set end location
```

patterns have a "read head" pointer that can be manipulated

```
P.I a         get/set index position
P.HERE        read value at index
P.NEXT        increment index then read
P.PREV        decrement index then read
```

Note: an argument to P.HERE, P.NEXT or P.PREV will move the "read head" pointer and then set the new index to the input value.

Remote

If a monome trilogy module (WW/MP/ES) is attached via the internal ribbon cable, you can remotely control many parameters using the II command.

Eg: II WW.POS 5

All of these commands require one parameter. SYNC, RESET, and CLOCK commands need a non-zero parameter to execute.

White Whale

```
WW.PRESET     recall preset
WW.POS        cut to position
WW.SYNC       cut to position, hard sync clock (if clocked internally)
WW.START      set loop start
WW.END        set loop end
WW.PMODE      set play mode (0: normal, 1: reverse, 2: drunk, 3: rand)
WW.PATTERN    change pattern
WW.QPATTERN   change pattern (queued) after current pattern ends
WW.MUTE1      mute trigger 1 (0 = on, 1 = mute)
WW.MUTE2      mute trigger 2 (0 = on, 1 = mute)
WW.MUTE3      mute trigger 3 (0 = on, 1 = mute)
WW.MUTE4      mute trigger 4 (0 = on, 1 = mute)
WW.MUTEA      mute cv A (0 = on, 1 = mute)
WW.MUTEB      mute cv B (0 = on, 1 = mute)
```

Meadowphysics

```
MP.PRESET     recall preset
MP.RESET      reset positions
MP.SYNC       reset positions & hard sync (if clocked internally)
MP.MUTE       mutes the output of a channel (1 - 8)
MP.UNMUTE     unmutes (enables) the output (1 - 8)
MP.FREEZE     freezes the advancement of a channel (1 - 8)
MP.UNFREEZE   unfreezes (enables) advancement of the channel (1 - 8)
MP.STOP       (MP v2) stop channel, 0 for all
```

Earthsea

```
ES.PRESET     recall preset
ES.MODE       set pattern clock mode (0 = normal, 1 = II clock)
ES.CLOCK      (if II clocked) next pattern event
ES.RESET      reset pattern to start (and start playing)
ES.PATTERN    set playing pattern
ES.TRANS      set transposition
ES.STOP       stop pattern playback
ES.TRIPLE     recall triple shape (1-4)
ES.MAGIC      magic shape (1: halfspeed, 2: doublespeed, 3: linearize)
```

One of each module (WW/MP/ES) can be connected on the same cable to one Teletype unit at the same time.

For further documentation & examples see:

<http://monome.org/docs/modular>