

# M02-HW-KEY

August 19, 2023

## 1 Metadata

Course: DS 5100  
Term: Fall 2023  
Module: M02 Homework  
Author: R.C. Alvarado  
Date: 19 August 2023 (revised)

## 2 Student Info

- Name:
- Net ID:
- URL of this file in GitHub:

## 3 Instructions

In your **private course repo on Rivanna**, write a Jupyter notebook running Python that performs the numbered tasks below. For each task, create a code block to perform the task.

Save your notebook in the M02 directory as `hw02.ipynb`.

Add and commit these files to your repo.

Then push your commits to your repo on GitHub.

Be sure to fill out the **Student Info** block above.

To submit your homework, save the notebook as a PDF and upload it to GradeScope, following the instructions.

## 10 Points

## 4 Data

Table 1: GRADES

name	grade
Jon	95
Mike	84
Jaime	99

Table 2: TOUCHDOWNS

name	touchdowns
Alex	2
Patrick	4
Tom	1
Joe	3
Alex	1

## 5 Tasks

### 5.1 Task 1

Using the data in Table 1, create a dictionary called `gradebook` where the keys contain the names and the values are the associated grades. Print the dictionary. (1 PT)

```
[1]: # Put code here
```

```
[3]: gradebook = {  
    'Jon': 95,  
    'Mike': 84,  
    'Jaime': 99  
}
```

```
[5]: print(gradebook)
```

```
{'Jon': 95, 'Mike': 84, 'Jaime': 99}
```

### 5.2 Task 2

Index into the `gradebook` to print Mike's grade. Do NOT use the `get()` method for this. (1 PT)

```
[6]: # Put code here
```

```
[8]: print(gradebook['Mike'])
```

```
84
```

### 5.3 Task 3

Attempt to index into `gradebook` to print Jeff's grade. Show the result. Do NOT use the `get()` method for this. (1 PT)

```
[9]: # Put code here
```

```
[10]: print(gradebook['Jeff'])
```

```
-----  
KeyError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[10], line 1  
----> 1 print(gradebook['Jeff'])  
  
KeyError: 'Jeff'
```

#### 5.4 Task 4

Using Table 2, build a list from the names called `names` and print it. (1 PT)

```
[11]: # Put code here  
[12]: names = ['Alex', 'Patrick', 'Tom', 'Joe', 'Alex']  
[13]: print(names)  
['Alex', 'Patrick', 'Tom', 'Joe', 'Alex']
```

#### 5.5 Task 5

Sort the list in ascending order and print it. (1 PT)

```
[14]: # Put code here  
[15]: print(sorted(names))  
['Alex', 'Alex', 'Joe', 'Patrick', 'Tom']
```

#### 5.6 Task 6

Build a set from the names in Table 2 and print it. (1 PT)

```
[13]: # Put code here  
[14]: print(set(names))  
{'Patrick', 'Joe', 'Tom', 'Alex'}
```

#### 5.7 Task 7

Build a dictionary from the touchdowns data, calling it `td`, and print it. Use lists to store the values. Remember that dictionary keys must be unique. (1 PT)

```
[16]: # Put code here  
[17]: td = {  
        'Alex': [2, 1],  
        'Patrick': [4],
```

```
'Tom': [1],  
'Joe': [3]  
}
```

```
[18]: print(td)
```

```
{'Alex': [2, 1], 'Patrick': [4], 'Tom': [1], 'Joe': [3]}
```

## 5.8 Task 8

Compute the sum of Alex's touchdowns using the appropriate built-in function.

```
[19]: # Put code here
```

```
[20]: sum(td['Alex'])
```

```
[20]: 3
```

## 5.9 Task 9

Get the keys from `td` and save them as a sorted list `list1`. Then get a set from `names` and save them as a sorted list called `list2`. Compare them with a boolean operator to see if they are equal. (2 PTS)

```
[21]: # Put code here
```

```
[22]: list1 = sorted(list(td.keys()))  
list2 = sorted(list(set(names)))
```

```
[23]: list1 == list2
```

```
[23]: True
```

```
[24]: list1
```

```
[24]: ['Alex', 'Joe', 'Patrick', 'Tom']
```

```
[25]: list2 = set(names)
```

```
[26]: list2
```

```
[26]: {'Alex', 'Joe', 'Patrick', 'Tom'}
```

```
[27]: type(list2)
```

```
[27]: set
```

```
[28]: list1 == list2
```

[28]: False

```
[29]: list1 == sorted(list2)
```

[29]: True

```
[30]: type(sorted(list2))
```

[30]: list