

# M03-HW-KEY

August 19, 2023

## 1 Metadata

Course: DS 5100  
Term: Fall 2023  
Module: M03 Homework KEY  
Author: R.C. Alvarado  
Date: 19 August 2023 (revised)

## 2 Student Info

- Name:
- Net ID:
- URL of this file in GitHub:

## 3 Instructions

In your **private course repo on Rivanna**, write a Jupyter notebook running Python that performs the numbered tasks below.

For each task, create a code cell to perform the task.

Save your notebook in the M03 directory as `hw03.ipynb`.

Add and commit these files to your repo.

Then push your commits to your repo on GitHub.

Be sure to fill out the **Student Info** block above.

To submit your homework, save the notebook as a PDF and upload it to GradeScope, following the instructions.

**12 points**

## 4 Task 1

(6 points)

Using the **for** loop and **if** statement control structures, write a script that generates the integers from 1 to 100 and does the following things:

- If 3 is a factor of the number, print **Wahoo**.
- If 5 is a factor of the number, print **wah!**.
- If the number meets none of the above conditions, print nothing, not even a line break.
- If the number meets both of the conditions, print the above strings on the same line with no space between them.
- Make sure that the line printed for each iteration in which a condition is met ends with a line break.
- When the loop is finished, print the number of times either condition was met, i.e. the number of lines that were printed.

Hint: You may not need to use **elif** and **else** to accomplish these tasks.

```
[45]: n = 0
for i in range(1, 101):
    a = i % 3 == 0
    b = i % 5 == 0
    if a:
        print("Wahoo", end='')
    if b:
        print("wah!", end='')
    if a or b:
        n += 1
        print()
print(n)
```

```
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
```

Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
47

#### 4.1 An alternate solution

```
[74]: %%timeit
X = range(1, 101)
A = [(x % 3 == 0) * 'Wahoo' for x in X]
B = [(x % 5 == 0) * 'wah!' for x in X]
C = [a + b for a, b in zip(A, B) if a + b]
```

21.5  $\mu$ s  $\pm$  183 ns per loop (mean  $\pm$  std. dev. of 7 runs, 10,000 loops each)

```
[56]: print('\n'.join(C))
print(len(C))
```

Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo

wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
47

```
[75]: %%timeit
X1 = range(1, 101)
A1 = [x % 3 == 0 for x in X1]
B1 = [x % 5 == 0 for x in X1]
C1 = [a * 'Wahoo' + b * 'wah!' for a, b in zip(A1, B1) if a or b]
```

18.5  $\mu$ s  $\pm$  85.1 ns per loop (mean  $\pm$  std. dev. of 7 runs, 100,000 loops each)

```
[76]: print('\n'.join(C1))
print(len(C1))
```

Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoowah!  
Wahoo  
wah!  
Wahoo  
Wahoo  
wah!  
47

```
[1]: # kfunc = lambda x, f, s: (x % f == 0) * s

def kfunc(x, f, s):
    return (x % f == 0) * s

X2 = range(1, 101)
A2 = [kfunc(x, 3, 'Wahoo') for x in X2]
B2 = [kfunc(x, 5, 'wah!') for x in X2]
C2 = [a + b for a, b in zip(A2, B2) if a + b]
```

```
[2]: print('\n'.join(C2))
      print(len(C2))
```

```
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
```

```
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoowah!
Wahoo
wah!
Wahoo
Wahoo
wah!
47
```

## 5 Task 2

(3 points)

Rewrite the `for` loop as a `while` loop.

This time, only print lines where both conditions are met.

Include a final line which prints the number of times both conditions are met.

```
[92]: i = n = 0
      while i < 100:
          i += 1
          a = i % 3 == 0
          b = i % 5 == 0
          if a and b:
              print("Wahoowah!")
              n += 1
      print(n)
```

```
Wahoowah!
Wahoowah!
Wahoowah!
Wahoowah!
Wahoowah!
Wahoowah!
6
```

## 6 Task 3

(3 points)

Write a list comprehension that iterates through the integers from 1 to 100 and returns a list containing the sum of the boolean values of the two conditions described in Task 1.

```
x = [(i % 3 == 0) + (i % 5 == 0) for i in range(1, 101)]
```



0,  
2,  
0,  
0,  
1,  
0,  
1,  
1,  
0,  
0,  
1,  
1,  
0,  
1,  
0,  
1,  
0,  
0,  
2,  
0,  
0,  
1,  
0,  
1,  
1,  
0,  
0,  
1,  
1,  
1,  
0,  
1,  
0,  
0,  
2,  
0,  
0,  
1,  
0,  
1,  
1,  
0,  
0,  
1,  
1,  
0,  
1,  
0,  
0,  
2,

```
0,  
0,  
1,  
0,  
1,  
1,  
0,  
0,  
1,  
1]
```

```
[ ]:
```