# ShachiPy Streamlit Workshop

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# Session 1: Introduction to Streamlit

# 1.1 Overview of Streamlit

#### What is Streamlit?

- Streamlit is an open-source Python library for creating web apps for data science and machine learning projects.
- It enables rapid prototyping and deployment of interactive data applications.

#### **Key Features and Benefits:**

- Write apps with simple Python scripts.
- No need for front-end experience.
- Interactive widgets for live data and plots.
- Easy deployment of apps.

# Example Applications:

- Image background remover.
- Chat application
- Molecule optimizer.

#### 1.2 Installation and Setup

# Installing Streamlit:

pip install streamlit

### Setting up a basic Streamlit app:

Create a file named app.py and add the following code:

```
import streamlit as st

st.write('Hello, Streamlit!')

Run your app with:
streamlit run app.py
```

# 1.3 Creating Your First Streamlit App

# Structure of a Streamlit Script:

A Streamlit script is a Python script with Streamlit commands.

**Basic Components:** 

 $\mathbf{Title}:$ 

```
1 st.title('My First Streamlit App')
    Button:
1 if st.button('Say hello'):
2    st.write('Hello, World!')
    Text and Data Display:
1 st.write('This is a simple text display.')
```

# Data Display:

```
import pandas as pd

data = pd.DataFrame({'Column A': [1, 2, 3], 'Column B': [4, 5, 6]})
st.write(data)
```

#### 1.4 Interactive Widgets

#### Introduction to Widgets:

Widgets allow users to interact with the application dynamically.

#### Sliders:

```
age = st.slider('How old are you?', 0, 130, 25)
st.write("You're ", age, 'years old')
```

#### **Buttons:**

```
if st.button('Click me'):
    st.write('Button clicked!')
```

# Session 2: Advanced Streamlit Concepts and Applications

# Customizing the Layout

Using Columns:

```
col1, col2 = st.columns(2)

with col1:
    st.header('Column 1')
    st.write('Hello, Column 1!')

with col2:
    st.header('Column 2')
    st.write('Hello, Column 2!')
```

# Real-world Application Examples

#### Creating a Calculator Application with Streamlit:

```
st.title('Simple Calculator')
3 # Inputs
num1 = st.number_input('Enter first number', format='%f')
5 num2 = st.number_input('Enter second number', format='%f')
7 # Operations
8 operation = st.selectbox('Choose an operation:', ['Add', 'Subtract'
      , 'Multiply', 'Divide'])
10 # Calculate
if st.button('Calculate'):
      if operation == 'Add':
          result = num1 + num2
13
     elif operation == 'Subtract':
14
     result = num1 - num2
elif operation == 'Multiply':
15
16
         result = num1 * num2
17
     elif operation == 'Divide':
18
         if num2 != 0:
19
              result = num1 / num2
20
21
              result = "Error: Division by zero"
22
      st.success(f'Result: {result}')
```

# Tips for Advanced Applications & Exploring the Streamlit App Gallery

- Explore the Streamlit documentation for advanced features like caching, file uploads, and creating custom components.
- Visit the Streamlit App Gallery to see real-world applications and get inspired.

# **Additional Example Applications**

# **Data Visualization App**

```
2 import streamlit as st
3 import pandas as pd
4 import numpy as np
5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
7 # Set the title of the app
8 st.title('Data Science App with Streamlit')
10 # Generate sample data
11 Ost.cache # Use caching to generate the data only once
def generate_data(n_rows, n_cols):
       """Generates a DataFrame with random data"""
13
      dates = pd.date_range(start="2021-01-01", periods=n_rows, freq=
14
      "D")
      data = np.random.randn(n_rows, n_cols)
15
      columns = [f"Column_{i}" for i in range(1, n_cols + 1)]
16
      return pd.DataFrame(data, index=dates, columns=columns)
17
18
19 # User input for the size of the dataset
20 n_rows = st.sidebar.slider("Number of rows", min_value=10,
      max_value=1000, value=100, step=10)
21 n_cols = st.sidebar.slider("Number of columns", min_value=1,
      max_value=20, value=5, step=1)
# Generate and display the dataframe
df = generate_data(n_rows, n_cols)
st.write("### Generated Data", df)
27 # Show column statistics
if st.sidebar.checkbox('Show Column Statistics'):
      st.write("### Column Statistics", df.describe())
30
31 # Visualization
32 if st.sidebar.checkbox('Show Histogram'):
      column_to_plot = st.sidebar.selectbox('Select Column to
33
      Visualize', df.columns)
      fig, ax = plt.subplots()
34
      df[column_to_plot].hist(bins=20, ax=ax)
35
      ax.set_title(f'Histogram of {column_to_plot}')
36
      st.pyplot(fig)
37
38
39 st.write("This app demonstrates Streamlit's capability for data
   science tasks using generated data.")
```

# Text Analysis App

```
import streamlit as st

st.title('Text Analysis App')

4
```

#### User Feedback Form

```
import streamlit as st

st.title('User Feedback Form')

# User input fields
name = st.text_input('Name')
rating = st.select_slider('Rating', options=['Poor', 'Fair', 'Good', 'Excellent'])
comments = st.text_area('Comments')

# Submit button
if st.button('Submit'):
    st.success(f'Thank you {name}, for your feedback!')

st.write("This app collects user feedback.")
```

# Image Flipper

```
import streamlit as st
from PIL import Image, ImageOps
4 st.title('Image Flipper')
6 # File uploader
v uploaded_file = st.file_uploader("Choose an image...", type=['jpg',
       'jpeg', 'png'])
8 if uploaded_file is not None:
9
      image = Image.open(uploaded_file)
10
      # Display original image
11
      st.image(image, caption='Uploaded Image', use_column_width=True
12
13
      # Options for flipping
14
      flip_type = st.radio("Flip Type", ('Normal', 'Horizontal', '
15
      Vertical'))
16
  if flip_type == 'Horizontal':
17
```

```
flipped_image = ImageOps.mirror(image)
elif flip_type == 'Vertical':
18
19
           flipped_image = ImageOps.flip(image)
20
21
           flipped_image = image
22
23
       # Display flipped image
24
       st.image(flipped_image, caption='Flipped Image', use_column_width=True)
25
26
27 st.write("This app flips the uploaded image based on the selected
   option.")
```