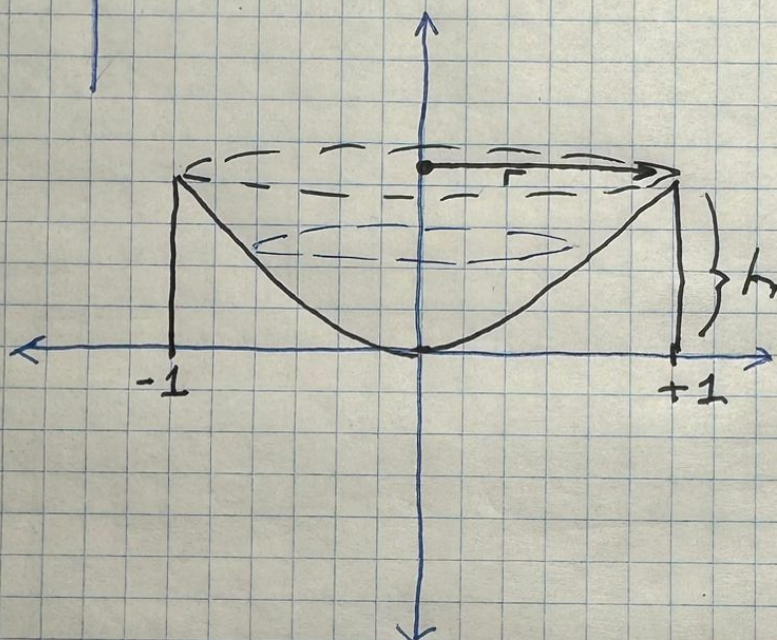
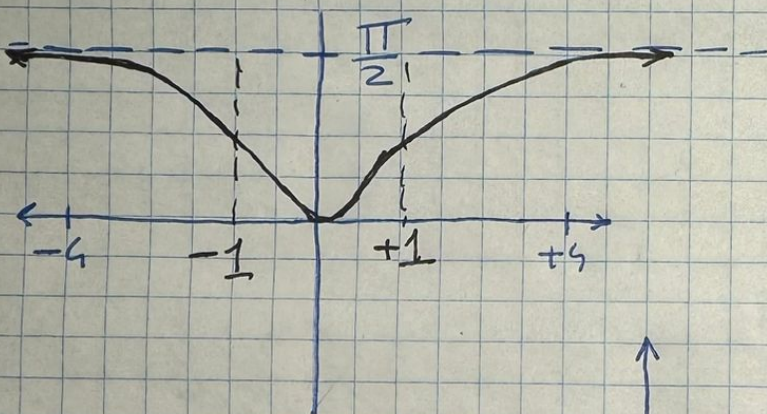


$y = \arctan(x^2)$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$
revolve about y-axis



$$r = 1$$

$$h = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\tan(\arctan(x^2)) = \tan(y)$$

$$x^2 = \tan(y)$$

$$|x| = \sqrt{\tan(y)}$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$x=0 \quad y=0$$

$$x=1 \quad y=\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sqrt{\tan y} \, dy$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi \left(-\ln(\cos y) \right) \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi \left(-\ln\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - (-\ln(\cos 0)) \right)$$

$$\pi \left(-\ln\cos\frac{\pi}{4} + \overbrace{\ln(1)}^0 \right)$$

$$* \cos\frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$-\ln\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \ln\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{-1}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\ln\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$\pi \cdot -\ln\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \underline{\underline{\pi(\ln\sqrt{2})}}$$