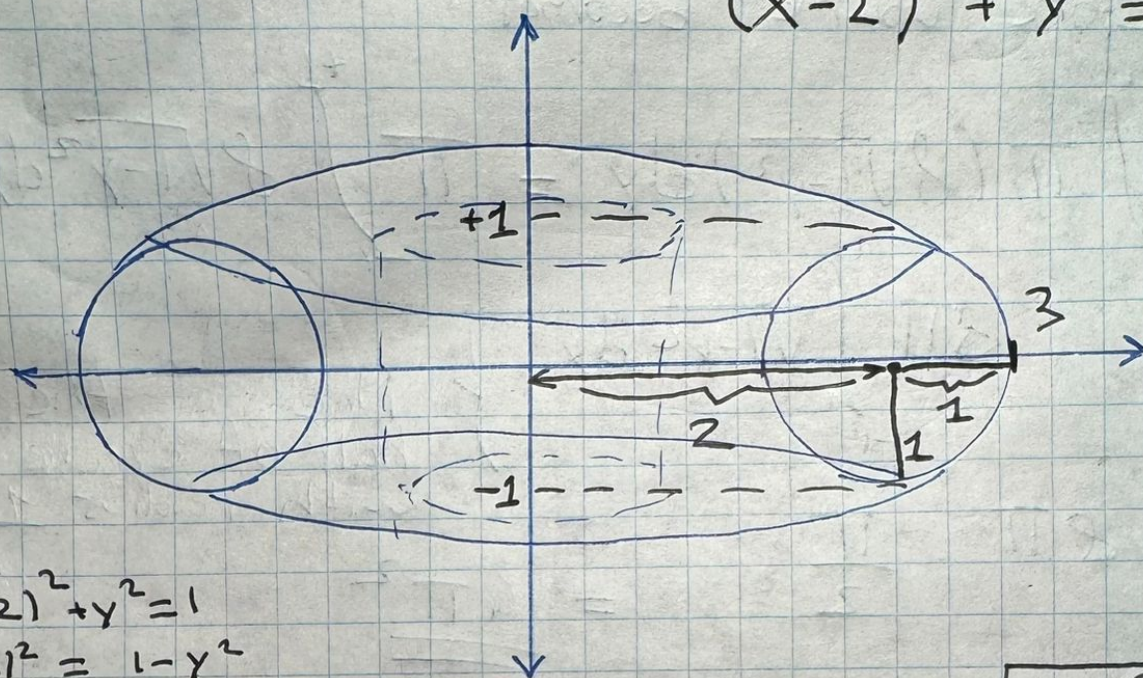


Washer Method:

$$(x-2)^2 + y^2 = 1$$



$$\sqrt{(x-2)^2 + y^2} = 1$$

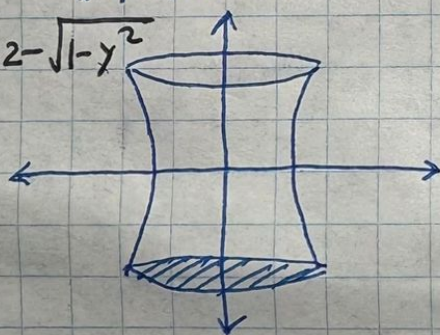
$$(x-2)^2 = 1 - y^2$$

$$x-2 = \sqrt{1-y^2}$$

$$x = 2 \pm \sqrt{1-y^2}$$

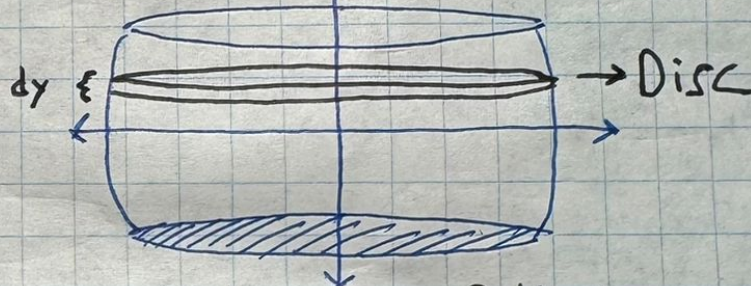
* Inner

$$* x = 2 - \sqrt{1-y^2}$$



$$* x = 2 + \sqrt{1-y^2}$$

* Outer



$$V_{\text{disc}} = \pi r^2 \cdot \text{thickness}$$

$$* V_{\text{disc}} = \pi (2 + \sqrt{1-y^2})^2 dy$$

$$+ \int_{-1}^{+1} \pi (2 + \sqrt{1-y^2})^2 dy$$

Outer

$$- \int_{-1}^{+1} \pi (2 - \sqrt{1-y^2})^2 dy$$

Inner

$$* (2 + \sqrt{1-y^2})^2 = 4 + 4\sqrt{1-y^2} + (1-y^2) \quad * (2 - \sqrt{1-y^2})^2 = 4 - 4\sqrt{1-y^2} + (1-y^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 + 4\sqrt{1-y^2} - y^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 - 4\sqrt{1-y^2} - y^2$$

$$(5 + 4\sqrt{1-y^2} - y^2) - (5 - 4\sqrt{1-y^2} - y^2)$$

$$= 8\sqrt{1-y^2}$$

therefore volume becomes

$$\int_{-1}^1 \pi (8\sqrt{1-y^2}) dy = \pi \int_{-1}^1 8\sqrt{1-y^2} dy$$

$$\Rightarrow 8\pi \int_{-1}^1 \sqrt{1-y^2} dy$$

} Area of the
half of circle
with radius 1

$$8\pi \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \underline{\underline{4\pi^2}}$$