

Some of these factors include: The presentation aspects of this (such as indents, line breaks, color highlighting, and so on) are often handled by the source code editor, but the content aspects reflect the programmer's talent and skills. Expert programmers are familiar with a variety of well-established algorithms and their respective complexities and use this knowledge to choose algorithms that are best suited to the circumstances. Sometimes software development is known as software engineering, especially when it employs formal methods or follows an engineering design process. Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability. Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem. The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA. Allen Downey, in his book *How To Think Like A Computer Scientist*, writes: Many computer languages provide a mechanism to call functions provided by shared libraries. While these are sometimes considered programming, often the term software development is used for this larger overall process – with the terms programming, implementation, and coding reserved for the writing and editing of code per se. It is usually easier to code in "high-level" languages than in "low-level" ones. Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability. The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem. Compilers harnessed the power of computers to make programming easier by allowing programmers to specify calculations by entering a formula using infix notation. Some of these factors include: The presentation aspects of this (such as indents, line breaks, color highlighting, and so on) are often handled by the source code editor, but the content aspects reflect the programmer's talent and skills. Their jobs usually involve: Although programming has been presented in the media as a somewhat mathematical subject, some research shows that good programmers have strong skills in natural human languages, and that learning to code is similar to learning a foreign language. There are many approaches to the Software development process. Whatever the approach to development may be, the final program must satisfy some fundamental properties. However, Charles Babbage had already written his first program for the Analytical Engine in 1837. Assembly languages were soon developed that let the programmer specify instruction in a text format (e.g., ADD X, TOTAL), with abbreviations for each operation code and meaningful names for specifying addresses. It involves designing and implementing algorithms, step-by-step specifications of procedures, by writing code in one or more programming languages. In the 1880s, Herman Hollerith invented the concept of storing data in machine-readable form. For example, when a bug in a compiler can make it crash when parsing some large source file, a simplification of the test case that results in only few lines from the original source file can be sufficient to reproduce the same crash. The academic field and the engineering practice of computer programming are both largely concerned with discovering and implementing the most efficient algorithms for a given class of problems. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms).