There are many approaches to the Software development process. Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications. In the 1880s, Herman Hollerith invented the concept of storing data in machine-readable form. However, readability is more than just programming style. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages. A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it. As early as the 9th century, a programmable music sequencer was invented by the Persian Banu Musa brothers, who described an automated mechanical flute player in the Book of Ingenious Devices. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. Trade-offs from this ideal involve finding enough programmers who know the language to build a team, the availability of compilers for that language, and the efficiency with which programs written in a given language execute. Ideally, the programming language best suited for the task at hand will be selected. They are the building blocks for all software, from the simplest applications to the most sophisticated ones. Expert programmers are familiar with a variety of well-established algorithms and their respective complexities and use this knowledge to choose algorithms that are best suited to the circumstances. Allen Downey, in his book How To Think Like A Computer Scientist, writes: Many computer languages provide a mechanism to call functions provided by shared libraries. Programming languages are essential for software development. This can be a non-trivial task, for example as with parallel processes or some unusual software bugs. It involves designing and implementing algorithms, step-by-step specifications of procedures, by writing code in one or more programming languages. Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users. Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use. Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use. In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages. By the late 1960s, data storage devices and computer terminals became inexpensive enough that programs could be created by typing directly into the computers. Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users. Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use. Code-breaking algorithms have also existed for centuries.