Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem. Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation. Computer programmers are those who write computer software. There are many approaches to the Software development process. Computer programming or coding is the composition of sequences of instructions, called programs, that computers can follow to perform tasks. Following a consistent programming style often helps readability. Programming languages are essential for software development. Readability is important because programmers spend the majority of their time reading, trying to understand, reusing and modifying existing source code, rather than writing new source code. Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem. Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability. Popular modeling techniques include Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (OOAD) and Model-Driven Architecture (MDA). This can be a non-trivial task, for example as with parallel processes or some unusual software bugs. Many factors, having little or nothing to do with the ability of the computer to efficiently compile and execute the code, contribute to readability. Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use. Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem. The first compiler related tool, the A-0 System, was developed in 1952 by Grace Hopper, who also coined the term 'compiler'. The first compiler related tool, the A-0 System, was developed in 1952 by Grace Hopper, who also coined the term 'compiler'. The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA. Trial-and-error/divide-and-conquer is needed: the programmer will try to remove some parts of the original test case and check if the problem still exists. However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory. Compilers harnessed the power of computers to make programming easier by allowing programmers to specify calculations by entering a formula using infix notation. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms). Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem.