Implementation techniques include imperative languages (object-oriented or procedural), functional languages, and logic languages. The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA. However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory. After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug. Computer programming or coding is the composition of sequences of instructions, called programs, that computers can follow to perform tasks. However, readability is more than just programming style. However, because an assembly language is little more than a different notation for a machine language, two machines with different instruction sets also have different assembly languages. Their jobs usually involve: Although programming has been presented in the media as a somewhat mathematical subject, some research shows that good programmers have strong skills in natural human languages, and that learning to code is similar to learning a foreign language. Following a consistent programming style often helps readability. The choice of language used is subject to many considerations, such as company policy, suitability to task, availability of third-party packages, or individual preference. One approach popular for requirements analysis is Use Case analysis. For example, COBOL is still strong in corporate data centers often on large mainframe computers, Fortran in engineering applications, scripting languages in Web development, and C in embedded software. While these are sometimes considered programming, often the term software development is used for this larger overall process – with the terms programming, implementation, and coding reserved for the writing and editing of code per se. Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem. Readability is important because programmers spend the majority of their time reading, trying to understand, reusing and modifying existing source code, rather than writing new source code. In the 1880s, Herman Hollerith invented the concept of storing data in machine-readable form. For example, COBOL is still strong in corporate data centers often on large mainframe computers, Fortran in engineering applications, scripting languages in Web development, and C in embedded software. Many programmers use forms of Agile software development where the various stages of formal software development are more integrated together into short cycles that take a few weeks rather than years. After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug. However, readability is more than just programming style. For example, COBOL is still strong in corporate data centers often on large mainframe computers, Fortran in engineering applications, scripting languages in Web development, and C in embedded software. Programmable devices have existed for centuries. He gave the first description of cryptanalysis by frequency analysis, the earliest code-breaking algorithm. Ideally, the programming language best suited for the task at hand will be selected. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms).