In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages. Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications. They are the building blocks for all software, from the simplest applications to the most sophisticated ones. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem. There exist a lot of different approaches for each of those tasks. The first compiler related tool, the A-0 System, was developed in 1952 by Grace Hopper, who also coined the term 'compiler'. Programs were mostly entered using punched cards or paper tape. New languages are generally designed around the syntax of a prior language with new functionality added, (for example C++ adds object-orientation to C, and Java adds memory management and bytecode to C++, but as a result, loses efficiency and the ability for low-level manipulation). It involves designing and implementing algorithms, step-by-step specifications of procedures, by writing code in one or more programming languages. A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling). Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem. After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug. It is very difficult to determine what are the most popular modern programming languages. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms). Trade-offs from this ideal involve finding enough programmers who know the language to build a team, the availability of compilers for that language, and the efficiency with which programs written in a given language execute. As early as the 9th century, a programmable music sequencer was invented by the Persian Banu Musa brothers, who described an automated mechanical flute player in the Book of Ingenious Devices. There are many approaches to the Software development process. Computer programmers are those who write computer software. It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. However, readability is more than just programming style. Programming languages are essential for software development. For example, when a bug in a compiler can make it crash when parsing some large source file, a simplification of the test case that results in only few lines from the original source file can be sufficient to reproduce the same crash. Computer programming or coding is the composition of sequences of instructions, called programs, that computers can follow to perform tasks.