However, Charles Babbage had already written his first program for the Analytical Engine in 1837. Computer programmers are those who write computer software. A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it. A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it. Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards. Provided the functions in a library follow the appropriate run-time conventions (e.g., method of passing arguments), then these functions may be written in any other language. Programmers typically use high-level programming languages that are more easily intelligible to humans than machine code, which is directly executed by the central processing unit. Programmers typically use high-level programming languages that are more easily intelligible to humans than machine code, which is directly executed by the central processing unit. After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. Proficient programming usually requires expertise in several different subjects, including knowledge of the application domain, details of programming languages and generic code libraries, specialized algorithms, and formal logic. Sometimes software development is known as software engineering, especially when it employs formal methods or follows an engineering design process. Whatever the approach to development may be, the final program must satisfy some fundamental properties. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem. However, readability is more than just programming style. Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards. Expert programmers are familiar with a variety of well-established algorithms and their respective complexities and use this knowledge to choose algorithms that are best suited to the circumstances. Integrated development environments (IDEs) aim to integrate all such help. Programs were mostly entered using punched cards or paper tape. Their jobs usually involve: Although programming has been presented in the media as a somewhat mathematical subject, some research shows that good programmers have strong skills in natural human languages, and that learning to code is similar to learning a foreign language. The first step in most formal software development processes is requirements analysis, followed by testing to determine value modeling, implementation, and failure elimination (debugging). However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory. Programmers typically use high-level programming languages that are more easily intelligible to humans than machine code, which is directly executed by the central processing unit. Debugging is often done with IDEs. Standalone debuggers like GDB are also used, and these often provide less of a visual environment, usually using a command line. Provided the functions in a library follow the appropriate run-time conventions (e.g., method of passing arguments), then these functions may be written in any other language.