Computer programmers are those who write computer software. Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem. The following properties are among the most important: In computer programming, readability refers to the ease with which a human reader can comprehend the purpose, control flow, and operation of source code. Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages. New languages are generally designed around the syntax of a prior language with new functionality added, (for example C++ adds object-orientation to C, and Java adds memory management and bytecode to C++, but as a result, loses efficiency and the ability for low-level manipulation). High-level languages made the process of developing a program simpler and more understandable, and less bound to the underlying hardware. Programming languages are essential for software development. It is very difficult to determine what are the most popular modern programming languages. Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications. Readability is important because programmers spend the majority of their time reading, trying to understand, reusing and modifying existing source code, rather than writing new source code. The following properties are among the most important: In computer programming, readability refers to the ease with which a human reader can comprehend the purpose, control flow, and operation of source code. However, readability is more than just programming style. A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it. Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications. One approach popular for requirements analysis is Use Case analysis. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms). Expert programmers are familiar with a variety of well-established algorithms and their respective complexities and use this knowledge to choose algorithms that are best suited to the circumstances. Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability. He gave the first description of cryptanalysis by frequency analysis, the earliest code-breaking algorithm. Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation. There are many approaches to the Software development process. It is very difficult to determine what are the most popular modern programming languages. These compiled languages allow the programmer to write programs in terms that are syntactically richer, and more capable of abstracting the code, making it easy to target varying machine instruction sets via compilation declarations and heuristics. When debugging the problem in a GUI, the programmer can try to skip some user interaction from the original problem description and check if remaining actions are sufficient for bugs to appear. Programs were mostly entered using punched cards or paper tape.