For this purpose, algorithms are classified into orders using so-called Big O notation, which expresses resource use, such as execution time or memory consumption, in terms of the size of an input. Programming languages are essential for software development. However, Charles Babbage had already written his first program for the Analytical Engine in 1837. High-level languages made the process of developing a program simpler and more understandable, and less bound to the underlying hardware. Proficient programming usually requires expertise in several different subjects, including knowledge of the application domain, details of programming languages and generic code libraries, specialized algorithms, and formal logic. Many programmers use forms of Agile software development where the various stages of formal software development are more integrated together into short cycles that take a few weeks rather than years. In 1206, the Arab engineer Al-Jazari invented a programmable drum machine where a musical mechanical automaton could be made to play different rhythms and drum patterns, via pegs and cams. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. There are many approaches to the Software development process. Programmers typically use high-level programming languages that are more easily intelligible to humans than machine code, which is directly executed by the central processing unit. For this purpose, algorithms are classified into orders using so-called Big O notation, which expresses resource use, such as execution time or memory consumption, in terms of the size of an input. Computer programming or coding is the composition of sequences of instructions, called programs, that computers can follow to perform tasks. There exist a lot of different approaches for each of those tasks. Methods of measuring programming language popularity include: counting the number of job advertisements that mention the language, the number of books sold and courses teaching the language (this overestimates the importance of newer languages), and estimates of the number of existing lines of code written in the language (this underestimates the number of users of business languages such as COBOL). Compilers harnessed the power of computers to make programming easier by allowing programmers to specify calculations by entering a formula using infix notation. High-level languages made the process of developing a program simpler and more understandable, and less bound to the underlying hardware. In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages. Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use. Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability. High-level languages made the process of developing a program simpler and more understandable, and less bound to the underlying hardware. Ideally, the programming language best suited for the task at hand will be selected. A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling). Unreadable code often leads to bugs, inefficiencies, and duplicated code. Implementation techniques include imperative languages (object-oriented or procedural), functional languages, and logic languages. A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it.