Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem. Many programmers use forms of Agile software development where the various stages of formal software development are more integrated together into short cycles that take a few weeks rather than years. Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. Many programmers use forms of Agile software development where the various stages of formal software development are more integrated together into short cycles that take a few weeks rather than years. Sometimes software development is known as software engineering, especially when it employs formal methods or follows an engineering design process. The first step in most formal software development processes is requirements analysis, followed by testing to determine value modeling, implementation, and failure elimination (debugging). Many programmers use forms of Agile software development where the various stages of formal software development are more integrated together into short cycles that take a few weeks rather than years. Methods of measuring programming language popularity include: counting the number of job advertisements that mention the language, the number of books sold and courses teaching the language (this overestimates the importance of newer languages), and estimates of the number of existing lines of code written in the language (this underestimates the number of users of business languages such as COBOL). When debugging the problem in a GUI, the programmer can try to skip some user interaction from the original problem description and check if remaining actions are sufficient for bugs to appear. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications. For example, when a bug in a compiler can make it crash when parsing some large source file, a simplification of the test case that results in only few lines from the original source file can be sufficient to reproduce the same crash. In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages. One approach popular for requirements analysis is Use Case analysis. In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages. Computer programming or coding is the composition of sequences of instructions, called programs, that computers can follow to perform tasks. Integrated development environments (IDEs) aim to integrate all such help. Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation. It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it. Popular modeling techniques include Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (OOAD) and Model-Driven Architecture (MDA). It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. These compiled languages allow the programmer to write programs in terms that are syntactically richer, and more capable of abstracting the code, making it easy to target varying machine instruction sets via compilation declarations and heuristics.