As early as the 9th century, a programmable music sequencer was invented by the Persian Banu Musa brothers, who described an automated mechanical flute player in the Book of Ingenious Devices. As early as the 9th century, a programmable music sequencer was invented by the Persian Banu Musa brothers, who described an automated mechanical flute player in the Book of Ingenious Devices. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem. Use of a static code analysis tool can help detect some possible problems. It is usually easier to code in "high-level" languages than in "low-level" ones. It involves designing and implementing algorithms, step-by-step specifications of procedures, by writing code in one or more programming languages. Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages. A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling). By the late 1960s, data storage devices and computer terminals became inexpensive enough that programs could be created by typing directly into the computers. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem. Provided the functions in a library follow the appropriate run-time conventions (e.g., method of passing arguments), then these functions may be written in any other language. Implementation techniques include imperative languages (object-oriented or procedural), functional languages, and logic languages. Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation. It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. It is usually easier to code in "high-level" languages than in "low-level" ones. Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability. It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. However, because an assembly language is little more than a different notation for a machine language, two machines with different instruction sets also have different assembly languages. Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use. This can be a non-trivial task, for example as with parallel processes or some unusual software bugs. The academic field and the engineering practice of computer programming are both largely concerned with discovering and implementing the most efficient algorithms for a given class of problems. High-level languages made the process of developing a program simpler and more understandable, and less bound to the underlying hardware. In 1801, the Jacquard loom could produce entirely different weaves by changing the "program" – a series of pasteboard cards with holes punched in them. After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem.