After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug. Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards. Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation. The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA. Popular modeling techniques include Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (OOAD) and Model-Driven Architecture (MDA). Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users. Expert programmers are familiar with a variety of well-established algorithms and their respective complexities and use this knowledge to choose algorithms that are best suited to the circumstances. Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem. Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem. Proficient programming usually requires expertise in several different subjects, including knowledge of the application domain, details of programming languages and generic code libraries, specialized algorithms, and formal logic. However, because an assembly language is little more than a different notation for a machine language, two machines with different instruction sets also have different assembly languages. In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages. Many factors, having little or nothing to do with the ability of the computer to efficiently compile and execute the code, contribute to readability. Many factors, having little or nothing to do with the ability of the computer to efficiently compile and execute the code, contribute to readability. For example, when a bug in a compiler can make it crash when parsing some large source file, a simplification of the test case that results in only few lines from the original source file can be sufficient to reproduce the same crash. In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages. Programming languages are essential for software development. The choice of language used is subject to many considerations, such as company policy, suitability to task, availability of third-party packages, or individual preference. Compilers harnessed the power of computers to make programming easier by allowing programmers to specify calculations by entering a formula using infix notation. Ideally, the programming language best suited for the task at hand will be selected. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. By the late 1960s, data storage devices and computer terminals became inexpensive enough that programs could be created by typing directly into the computers. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. Programs were mostly entered using punched cards or paper tape. These compiled languages allow the programmer to write programs in terms that are syntactically richer, and more capable of abstracting the code, making it easy to target varying machine instruction sets via compilation declarations and heuristics.