Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages. In 1206, the Arab engineer Al-Jazari invented a programmable drum machine where a musical mechanical automaton could be made to play different rhythms and drum patterns, via pegs and cams. Computer programming or coding is the composition of sequences of instructions, called programs, that computers can follow to perform tasks. Programmable devices have existed for centuries. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms). Computer programmers are those who write computer software. There are many approaches to the Software development process. Ideally, the programming language best suited for the task at hand will be selected. The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA. It involves designing and implementing algorithms, step-by-step specifications of procedures, by writing code in one or more programming languages. There are many approaches to the Software development process. However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory. By the late 1960s, data storage devices and computer terminals became inexpensive enough that programs could be created by typing directly into the computers. One approach popular for requirements analysis is Use Case analysis. Some of these factors include: The presentation aspects of this (such as indents, line breaks, color highlighting, and so on) are often handled by the source code editor, but the content aspects reflect the programmer's talent and skills. Whatever the approach to development may be, the final program must satisfy some fundamental properties. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms). Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications. Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages. Computer programming or coding is the composition of sequences of instructions, called programs, that computers can follow to perform tasks. Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications. For this purpose, algorithms are classified into orders using so-called Big O notation, which expresses resource use, such as execution time or memory consumption, in terms of the size of an input. Assembly languages were soon developed that let the programmer specify instruction in a text format (e.g., ADD X, TOTAL), with abbreviations for each operation code and meaningful names for specifying addresses. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms). In 1206, the Arab engineer Al-Jazari invented a programmable drum machine where a musical mechanical automaton could be made to play different rhythms and drum patterns, via pegs and cams.