Various visual programming languages have also been developed with the intent to resolve readability concerns by adopting non-traditional approaches to code structure and display. By the late 1960s, data storage devices and computer terminals became inexpensive enough that programs could be created by typing directly into the computers. However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory. However, because an assembly language is little more than a different notation for a machine language, two machines with different instruction sets also have different assembly languages. Assembly languages were soon developed that let the programmer specify instruction in a text format (e.g., ADD X, TOTAL), with abbreviations for each operation code and meaningful names for specifying addresses. Programmable devices have existed for centuries. The first compiler related tool, the A-0 System, was developed in 1952 by Grace Hopper, who also coined the term 'compiler'. Programming languages are essential for software development. Unreadable code often leads to bugs, inefficiencies, and duplicated code. Popular modeling techniques include Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (OOAD) and Model-Driven Architecture (MDA). Sometimes software development is known as software engineering, especially when it employs formal methods or follows an engineering design process. Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem. When debugging the problem in a GUI, the programmer can try to skip some user interaction from the original problem description and check if remaining actions are sufficient for bugs to appear. In the 1880s, Herman Hollerith invented the concept of storing data in machine-readable form. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. Many factors, having little or nothing to do with the ability of the computer to efficiently compile and execute the code, contribute to readability. A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling). The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA. Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users. These compiled languages allow the programmer to write programs in terms that are syntactically richer, and more capable of abstracting the code, making it easy to target varying machine instruction sets via compilation declarations and heuristics. High-level languages made the process of developing a program simpler and more understandable, and less bound to the underlying hardware. It is very difficult to determine what are the most popular modern programming languages. While these are sometimes considered programming, often the term software development is used for this larger overall process – with the terms programming, implementation, and coding reserved for the writing and editing of code per se. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms).