

Many programmers use forms of Agile software development where the various stages of formal software development are more integrated together into short cycles that take a few weeks rather than years. The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA. However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory. High-level languages made the process of developing a program simpler and more understandable, and less bound to the underlying hardware. As early as the 9th century, a programmable music sequencer was invented by the Persian Banu Musa brothers, who described an automated mechanical flute player in the Book of Ingenious Devices. However, readability is more than just programming style. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem. The first compiler related tool, the A-0 System, was developed in 1952 by Grace Hopper, who also coined the term 'compiler'. Computer programming or coding is the composition of sequences of instructions, called programs, that computers can follow to perform tasks. Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability. Ideally, the programming language best suited for the task at hand will be selected. In 1206, the Arab engineer Al-Jazari invented a programmable drum machine where a musical mechanical automaton could be made to play different rhythms and drum patterns, via pegs and cams. Some text editors such as Emacs allow GDB to be invoked through them, to provide a visual environment. Proficient programming usually requires expertise in several different subjects, including knowledge of the application domain, details of programming languages and generic code libraries, specialized algorithms, and formal logic. These compiled languages allow the programmer to write programs in terms that are syntactically richer, and more capable of abstracting the code, making it easy to target varying machine instruction sets via compilation declarations and heuristics. Trial-and-error/divide-and-conquer is needed: the programmer will try to remove some parts of the original test case and check if the problem still exists. The choice of language used is subject to many considerations, such as company policy, suitability to task, availability of third-party packages, or individual preference. Various visual programming languages have also been developed with the intent to resolve readability concerns by adopting non-traditional approaches to code structure and display. Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation. The following properties are among the most important: In computer programming, readability refers to the ease with which a human reader can comprehend the purpose, control flow, and operation of source code. It is very difficult to determine what are the most popular modern programming languages. Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms). It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. There are many approaches to the Software development process. Sometimes software development is known as software engineering, especially when it employs formal methods or follows an engineering design process.