The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA. Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards. Ideally, the programming language best suited for the task at hand will be selected. Sometimes software development is known as software engineering, especially when it employs formal methods or follows an engineering design process. They are the building blocks for all software, from the simplest applications to the most sophisticated ones. Computer programmers are those who write computer software. They are the building blocks for all software, from the simplest applications to the most sophisticated ones. Computer programming or coding is the composition of sequences of instructions, called programs, that computers can follow to perform tasks. It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. However, Charles Babbage had already written his first program for the Analytical Engine in 1837. Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation. For this purpose, algorithms are classified into orders using so-called Big O notation, which expresses resource use, such as execution time or memory consumption, in terms of the size of an input. Use of a static code analysis tool can help detect some possible problems. Proficient programming usually requires expertise in several different subjects, including knowledge of the application domain, details of programming languages and generic code libraries, specialized algorithms, and formal logic. Some of these factors include: The presentation aspects of this (such as indents, line breaks, color highlighting, and so on) are often handled by the source code editor, but the content aspects reflect the programmer's talent and skills. Expert programmers are familiar with a variety of well-established algorithms and their respective complexities and use this knowledge to choose algorithms that are best suited to the circumstances. Methods of measuring programming language popularity include: counting the number of job advertisements that mention the language, the number of books sold and courses teaching the language (this overestimates the importance of newer languages), and estimates of the number of existing lines of code written in the language (this underestimates the number of users of business languages such as COBOL). Some of these factors include: The presentation aspects of this (such as indents, line breaks, color highlighting, and so on) are often handled by the source code editor, but the content aspects reflect the programmer's talent and skills. Code-breaking algorithms have also existed for centuries. Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users. Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use. A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it. Various visual programming languages have also been developed with the intent to resolve readability concerns by adopting non-traditional approaches to code structure and display. It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. Auxiliary tasks accompanying and related to programming include analyzing requirements, testing, debugging (investigating and fixing problems), implementation of build systems, and management of derived artifacts, such as programs' machine code.