After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug. Their jobs usually involve: Although programming has been presented in the media as a somewhat mathematical subject, some research shows that good programmers have strong skills in natural human languages, and that learning to code is similar to learning a foreign language. It is very difficult to determine what are the most popular modern programming languages. Readability is important because programmers spend the majority of their time reading, trying to understand, reusing and modifying existing source code, rather than writing new source code. Expert programmers are familiar with a variety of well-established algorithms and their respective complexities and use this knowledge to choose algorithms that are best suited to the circumstances. Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation. Popular modeling techniques include Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (OOAD) and Model-Driven Architecture (MDA). The choice of language used is subject to many considerations, such as company policy, suitability to task, availability of third-party packages, or individual preference. By the late 1960s, data storage devices and computer terminals became inexpensive enough that programs could be created by typing directly into the computers. After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug. Provided the functions in a library follow the appropriate run-time conventions (e.g., method of passing arguments), then these functions may be written in any other language. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem. Some of these factors include: The presentation aspects of this (such as indents, line breaks, color highlighting, and so on) are often handled by the source code editor, but the content aspects reflect the programmer's talent and skills. Later a control panel (plug board) added to his 1906 Type I Tabulator allowed it to be programmed for different jobs, and by the late 1940s, unit record equipment such as the IBM 602 and IBM 604, were programmed by control panels in a similar way, as were the first electronic computers. It involves designing and implementing algorithms, step-by-step specifications of procedures, by writing code in one or more programming languages. It involves designing and implementing algorithms, step-by-step specifications of procedures, by writing code in one or more programming languages. The first computer program is generally dated to 1843, when mathematician Ada Lovelace published an algorithm to calculate a sequence of Bernoulli numbers. intended to be carried out by Charles Babbage's Analytical Engine. Readability is important because programmers spend the majority of their time reading, trying to understand, reusing and modifying existing source code, rather than writing new source code. Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process. There are many approaches to the Software development process. It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users. It is usually easier to code in "high-level" languages than in "low-level" ones. Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability. Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem.