Integrated development environments (IDEs) aim to integrate all such help. Use of a static code analysis tool can help detect some possible problems. There are many approaches to the Software development process. Trial-and-error/divide-and-conquer is needed: the programmer will try to remove some parts of the original test case and check if the problem still exists. As early as the 9th century, a programmable music sequencer was invented by the Persian Banu Musa brothers, who described an automated mechanical flute player in the Book of Ingenious Devices. It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. In the 1880s, Herman Hollerith invented the concept of storing data in machine-readable form. It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability. There are many approaches to the Software development process. Their jobs usually involve: Although programming has been presented in the media as a somewhat mathematical subject, some research shows that good programmers have strong skills in natural human languages, and that learning to code is similar to learning a foreign language. A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling). In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages. As early as the 9th century, a programmable music sequencer was invented by the Persian Banu Musa brothers, who described an automated mechanical flute player in the Book of Ingenious Devices. Various visual programming languages have also been developed with the intent to resolve readability concerns by adopting non-traditional approaches to code structure and display. Allen Downey, in his book How To Think Like A Computer Scientist, writes: Many computer languages provide a mechanism to call functions provided by shared libraries. Compilers harnessed the power of computers to make programming easier by allowing programmers to specify calculations by entering a formula using infix notation. New languages are generally designed around the syntax of a prior language with new functionality added, (for example C++ adds object-orientation to C, and Java adds memory management and bytecode to C++, but as a result, loses efficiency and the ability for low-level manipulation). The choice of language used is subject to many considerations, such as company policy, suitability to task, availability of third-party packages, or individual preference. There are many approaches to the Software development process. Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users. Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages. Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages. There exist a lot of different approaches for each of those tasks. It is usually easier to code in "high-level" languages than in "low-level" ones. Some of these factors include: The presentation aspects of this (such as indents, line breaks, color highlighting, and so on) are often handled by the source code editor, but the content aspects reflect the programmer's talent and skills.