Programming languages are essential for software development. Whatever the approach to development may be, the final program must satisfy some fundamental properties. He gave the first description of cryptanalysis by frequency analysis, the earliest code-breaking algorithm. Programmers typically use high-level programming languages that are more easily intelligible to humans than machine code, which is directly executed by the central processing unit. Whatever the approach to development may be, the final program must satisfy some fundamental properties. However, readability is more than just programming style. However, readability is more than just programming style. However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory. A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling). As early as the 9th century, a programmable music sequencer was invented by the Persian Banu Musa brothers, who described an automated mechanical flute player in the Book of Ingenious Devices. Popular modeling techniques include Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (OOAD) and Model-Driven Architecture (MDA). Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use. Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages. However, because an assembly language is little more than a different notation for a machine language, two machines with different instruction sets also have different assembly languages. The first computer program is generally dated to 1843, when mathematician Ada Lovelace published an algorithm to calculate a sequence of Bernoulli numbers, intended to be carried out by Charles Babbage's Analytical Engine. Unreadable code often leads to bugs, inefficiencies, and duplicated code. Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications. Readability is important because programmers spend the majority of their time reading, trying to understand, reusing and modifying existing source code, rather than writing new source code. Later a control panel (plug board) added to his 1906 Type I Tabulator allowed it to be programmed for different jobs, and by the late 1940s, unit record equipment such as the IBM 602 and IBM 604, were programmed by control panels in a similar way, as were the first electronic computers. Readability is important because programmers spend the majority of their time reading, trying to understand, reusing and modifying existing source code, rather than writing new source code. Whatever the approach to development may be, the final program must satisfy some fundamental properties. Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use. However, because an assembly language is little more than a different notation for a machine language, two machines with different instruction sets also have different assembly languages.