However, because an assembly language is little more than a different notation for a machine language, two machines with different instruction sets also have different assembly languages..  
There are many approaches to the Software development process.  
For example, when a bug in a compiler can make it crash when parsing some large source file, a simplification of the test case that results in only few lines from the original source file can be sufficient to reproduce the same crash.  
 It is very difficult to determine what are the most popular modern programming languages.  
 A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling).  
  
FORTRAN, the first widely used high-level language to have a functional implementation, came out in 1957, and many other languages were soon developed—in particular, COBOL aimed at commercial data processing, and Lisp for computer research.  
Their jobs usually involve:  
 Although programming has been presented in the media as a somewhat mathematical subject, some research shows that good programmers have strong skills in natural human languages, and that learning to code is similar to learning a foreign language.  
Use of a static code analysis tool can help detect some possible problems.  
Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability.  
 These compiled languages allow the programmer to write programs in terms that are syntactically richer, and more capable of abstracting the code, making it easy to target varying machine instruction sets via compilation declarations and heuristics.  
Programming languages are essential for software development.  
Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem.  
 After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug.  
Compilers harnessed the power of computers to make programming easier by allowing programmers to specify calculations by entering a formula using infix notation.