Integrated development environments (IDEs) aim to integrate all such help..  
 Computer programmers are those who write computer software.  
 Programmable devices have existed for centuries.  
For example, when a bug in a compiler can make it crash when parsing some large source file, a simplification of the test case that results in only few lines from the original source file can be sufficient to reproduce the same crash.  
The following properties are among the most important:  
  
 In computer programming, readability refers to the ease with which a human reader can comprehend the purpose, control flow, and operation of source code.  
Ideally, the programming language best suited for the task at hand will be selected.  
Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability.  
For example, COBOL is still strong in corporate data centers often on large mainframe computers, Fortran in engineering applications, scripting languages in Web development, and C in embedded software.  
Sometimes software development is known as software engineering, especially when it employs formal methods or follows an engineering design process.  
However, because an assembly language is little more than a different notation for a machine language, two machines with different instruction sets also have different assembly languages.  
 Whatever the approach to development may be, the final program must satisfy some fundamental properties.  
A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it.  
 Allen Downey, in his book How To Think Like A Computer Scientist, writes:  
 Many computer languages provide a mechanism to call functions provided by shared libraries.  
Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use.  
 Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users.