However, because an assembly language is little more than a different notation for a machine language, two machines with different instruction sets also have different assembly languages..  
It is usually easier to code in "high-level" languages than in "low-level" ones.  
For example, COBOL is still strong in corporate data centers often on large mainframe computers, Fortran in engineering applications, scripting languages in Web development, and C in embedded software.  
 After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug.  
The following properties are among the most important:  
  
 In computer programming, readability refers to the ease with which a human reader can comprehend the purpose, control flow, and operation of source code.  
Assembly languages were soon developed that let the programmer specify instruction in a text format (e.g., ADD X, TOTAL), with abbreviations for each operation code and meaningful names for specifying addresses.  
For this purpose, algorithms are classified into orders using so-called Big O notation, which expresses resource use, such as execution time or memory consumption, in terms of the size of an input.  
Their jobs usually involve:  
 Although programming has been presented in the media as a somewhat mathematical subject, some research shows that good programmers have strong skills in natural human languages, and that learning to code is similar to learning a foreign language.  
 Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation.  
Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages.  
  
The first compiler related tool, the A-0 System, was developed in 1952 by Grace Hopper, who also coined the term 'compiler'.  
One approach popular for requirements analysis is Use Case analysis.  
Integrated development environments (IDEs) aim to integrate all such help.  
They are the building blocks for all software, from the simplest applications to the most sophisticated ones.  
 Following a consistent programming style often helps readability.