Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation..  
Integrated development environments (IDEs) aim to integrate all such help.  
 Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms).  
 In the 1880s, Herman Hollerith invented the concept of storing data in machine-readable form.  
 These compiled languages allow the programmer to write programs in terms that are syntactically richer, and more capable of abstracting the code, making it easy to target varying machine instruction sets via compilation declarations and heuristics.  
It involves designing and implementing algorithms, step-by-step specifications of procedures, by writing code in one or more programming languages.  
Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process.  
However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory.  
Languages form an approximate spectrum from "low-level" to "high-level"; "low-level" languages are typically more machine-oriented and faster to execute, whereas "high-level" languages are more abstract and easier to use but execute less quickly.  
He gave the first description of cryptanalysis by frequency analysis, the earliest code-breaking algorithm.  
 Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users.  
Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards.  
 Programs were mostly entered using punched cards or paper tape.  
When debugging the problem in a GUI, the programmer can try to skip some user interaction from the original problem description and check if remaining actions are sufficient for bugs to appear.  
 Implementation techniques include imperative languages (object-oriented or procedural), functional languages, and logic languages.