Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem..  
 The first computer program is generally dated to 1843, when mathematician Ada Lovelace published an algorithm to calculate a sequence of Bernoulli numbers, intended to be carried out by Charles Babbage's Analytical Engine.  
  
The first compiler related tool, the A-0 System, was developed in 1952 by Grace Hopper, who also coined the term 'compiler'.  
Also, specific user environment and usage history can make it difficult to reproduce the problem.  
The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA.  
 Popular modeling techniques include Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (OOAD) and Model-Driven Architecture (MDA).  
A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it.  
Sometimes software development is known as software engineering, especially when it employs formal methods or follows an engineering design process.  
Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process.  
 New languages are generally designed around the syntax of a prior language with new functionality added, (for example C++ adds object-orientation to C, and Java adds memory management and bytecode to C++, but as a result, loses efficiency and the ability for low-level manipulation).  
However, readability is more than just programming style.  
 Programs were mostly entered using punched cards or paper tape.  
They are the building blocks for all software, from the simplest applications to the most sophisticated ones.  
 Various visual programming languages have also been developed with the intent to resolve readability concerns by adopting non-traditional approaches to code structure and display.  
Many factors, having little or nothing to do with the ability of the computer to efficiently compile and execute the code, contribute to readability.